### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF	)
INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, INC.;	)
DR. MARSHALL LEVINE, M.D.;	)
SHAUNA SIDHOM, N.P.,	
Plaintiffs,	)
v.	) No. 1:16-cv-763
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, in his	)
official capacity;	)
PROSECUTORS OF MARION, LAKE,	)
MONROE, and TIPPECANOE COUNTIES,	)
INDIANA, in their official capacities;	)
THE INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF	)
THE MEDICAL LICENSING BOARD	)
OF INDIANA, in their official capacities,	)
	)
Defendants.	)

## Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief / Notice of Challenge to Constitutionality of Indiana Statute

#### Introduction

1. Recently enacted Indiana House Enrolled Act No. 1337 ("Enrolled Act"), signed into law by the Governor of the State of Indiana on March 24, 2016, and effective on July 1, 2016, imposes unprecedented restrictions on abortion. Among other things, it prohibits abortions, even in the first trimester, if the sole reason for the abortion is the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis of a statutorily-defined "disability" or "potential diagnosis" of a "disability." The new law requires that women must be informed of this prohibition as part of Indiana's state-mandated so-called "informed consent" process. The Enrolled Act further provides that an abortion clinic or health care facility must not dispose of fetal tissue after the

abortion in the same manner as other medical material.

- 2. The Enrolled Act therefore imposes an undue burden on a woman's right to choose an abortion because it bars that choice under certain circumstances, even if the pregnancy is in its early stages and the fetus is not viable. Compelling employees of abortion clinics to inform women as part of the informed consent process of something that is clearly unconstitutional is, in turn, unconstitutionally compelled speech that violates the rights of both the clinic and its employees and patients.
- 3. The Enrolled Act imposes burial or cremation requirements on fetal tissue when an abortion takes place in a clinic such as Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky ("PPINK") but not when the woman assumes control of tissue from an abortion that is less than 20 weeks post fertilization. It mandates that the fetal tissue after a first-trimester abortion be treated differently than other medical material. These distinctions violate both due process and equal protection.
- 4. Appropriate injunctive and declaratory relief must issue against the unconstitutional portions of the Enrolled Act.

#### Jurisdiction, venue, cause of action

- 5. This Court has jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343.
- 6. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.
- 7. Declaratory relief is authorized by 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202 and by Rule 57 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 8. This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured by the Constitution of the United States.

#### **Parties**

- 9. Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky is a not-for-profit corporation with its principle place of business in Indiana. It brings this action on its own behalf and on behalf of its employees and patients.
- 10. Dr. Marshall Levine is a physician contracted by Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky who performs abortions for its patients.
- 11. Shauna Sidhom is a nurse practitioner employed by Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky.
- 12. The Commissioner of the Indiana State Department of Health is the duly appointed official in charge of that agency, which is responsible for licensing abortion clinics pursuant to Indiana law. He is sued in his official capacity and is designated by his official title pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 17(d).
- 13. The Prosecutors of Marion, Lake, Monroe, and Tippecanoe Counties, Indiana, are the duly elected prosecutors of the counties in which Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky health centers that provide abortion services are located and the prosecutors are responsible for prosecuting crimes occurring in their respective counties. They are sued in their official capacities and are designated by their official title pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 17(d).
- 14. The Individual Members of the Medical Licensing Board of Indiana comprise the body that licenses and disciplines physicians in Indiana. They are sued in their official capacities and are designated by their official title pursuant to Fed R. Civ. P. 17(d).

#### Legal background

15. The Enrolled Act amends Indiana law to specifically provide that a person may not intentionally perform or attempt to perform an abortion at any time, including before the earlier of viability or 20 weeks of postfertilization age, if the person knows that the pregnant woman is

seeking the abortion solely because:

- of the sex of the fetus
- the fetus has been diagnosed with Down syndrome or has a potential diagnosis of Down syndrome
- the fetus has been diagnosed with any other disability or has a potential diagnosis of any other disability
- of the race, color, national origin, or ancestry of the fetus.

Ind. Code § 16-34-4-1, et seq. (eff. July 1, 2016). See also Ind. Code § 16-34-2-1 (as amended eff. July 1, 2016).

- 16. The Enrolled Act defines "potential diagnosis" as "refer[ing] to the presence of some risk factors that a health problem may occur." Ind. Code § 16-34-4-3 (eff. July 1, 2016).
- 17. The Enrolled Act defines "any other disability" as:

any disease, defect, or disorder that is genetically inherited. The term includes the following:

- (1) A physical disability.
- (2) A mental or intellectual disability.
- (3) A physical disfigurement.
- (4) Scoliosis.
- (5) Dwarfism.
- (6) Down syndrome.
- (7) Albinism.
- (8) Amelia.
- (9) A physical or mental disease.

Ind. Code § 16-34-4-1(a) (eff. July 1, 2016).

- 18. Indiana Code § 16-34-2-1.1 mandates various things that the State of Indiana requires that a pregnant woman be told before she may give "informed consent" to obtaining an abortion.
- 19. Effective July 1, 2016, the Enrolled Act has amended the statute to provide that the woman must be told, in private, that, among other things, "Indiana does not allow a fetus to be aborted solely because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnoses of the fetus having Down syndrome or any other disability." Ind. Code § 16-

- 34-2-1.1(a)(1)(K) (eff. July 1, 2016).
- 20. A physician who knowingly or intentionally performs one of these prohibited abortions may be subjected to disciplinary sanctions by the Medical Licensing Board as well as civil liability for wrongful death. Ind. Code § 16-34-4-9 (eff. July 1, 2016).
- 21. Indiana law also provides that performing an abortion not allowed by Indiana law is a felony. Ind. Code § 16-34-2-7(a).
- 22. Additionally, performing an abortion without the "informed consent" required by Indiana Code 16-34-2-1.1 is a Class A infraction. Ind. Code § 16-34-2-7(c).
- 23. The performing of an illegal abortion may lead to the denial of the licenses issued to abortion clinics by the Indiana State Board of Health that are required under Indiana law for the clinics to remain in operation. Ind. Code § 16-21-2-2.5; 410 IAC 26-2-5.
- 24. Every health care provider performing an abortion must complete and sign a terminated pregnancy report created by the Indiana State Department of Health that, as of July 1, 2016, will require that the provider note the gender of the fetus, if it is detectable, and "[w]hether the fetus has been diagnosed with or has a potential diagnosis of having Down syndrome or any other disability." Ind. Code § 16-34-2-5(a)(6)(C), (D) (eff. July 1, 2016).
- 25. Failure to complete the terminated pregnancy report is a crime, Ind. Code § 16-34-2-5(d), and can also lead to sanctions against the health care provider by the Medical Licensing Board.
- 26. The Enrolled Act further provides that "[a]n abortion clinic or health care facility having possession of an aborted fetus shall provide for the final disposition of the aborted fetus. The burial transit permit requirements of IC 16-37-3 apply to the final disposition of an aborted fetus, which must be interred or cremated." Ind. Code § 16-34-3-4(a) (eff. July 1, 2016). This has the effect of requiring the abortion clinic or health care facility to arrange, and pay for, disposition of

fetal tissue after the abortion, regardless of gestational age, in a manner substantially similar to the burial or cremation of human bodies.

- 27. Indiana law allows the woman to assume control of the fetal tissue after the abortion and does not impose any of the above requirements if the woman chooses to assume this control. Ind. Code § 16-34-3-2 (as amended July 1, 2016); Ind. Code § 16-34-3-3 (as amended July 1, 2016).
- 28. At the current time the term "pathological waste," which can be disposed of without burial or cremation, is defined to include:
  - (1) tissues;
  - (2) organs;
  - (3) body parts; and
  - (4) blood or body fluids in liquid or semiliquid form;

that are removed during surgery, biopsy, or autopsy.

Ind. Code § 16-41-16-5.

29. The Enrolled Act amends the above statute to provide that the term "pathological waste" "does not include an aborted fetus or a miscarried fetus." Ind. Code § 16-41-16-5 (eff. July 1, 2016).

#### **Factual allegations**

- 30. Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky, Inc. ("PPINK"), operates 25 health centers in Indiana and Kentucky where thousands of women, men, and teens receive reproductive health care services and comprehensive sexuality education.
- 31. At the current time PPINK operates three health care centers or clinics in Indiana, located in Bloomington, Merrillville, and Indianapolis, that offer surgical abortion services.
- 32. Additionally, PPINK operates a health center in Lafayette, Indiana, that provides abortions using medications alone (*i.e.*, "medication" or "non-surgical" abortions).

- 33. At PPINK, surgical abortions are available through the first trimester of pregnancy, 13 weeks and 6 days after the first day of a woman's last menstrual period, as determined by ultrasound. The fetus cannot be viable at this point.
- 34. Medication abortions are currently available through 63 days (9 weeks) after the first day of a woman's last menstrual period.
- 35. PPINK employs and contracts with physicians who perform the abortions in Indiana.
- 36. Because women have a right to choose a first trimester abortion for any reason, PPINK does not inquire of its patients why they are obtaining abortions. However, PPINK is aware that some of its patients seek abortions for a reason banned by the Enrolled Act. PPINK has performed abortions for patients who have been referred to PPINK solely because genetic anomalies or potential genetic anomalies had been detected in the fetus and PPINK anticipates performing such abortions in the future.
- 37. As noted, the Enrolled Act, Ind. Code § 16-34-2-5(a)(6)(D) (eff. July 1, 2016), requires that the health care provider performing the abortion certify on the terminated pregnancy report whether the fetus was diagnosed with, or has a potential diagnosis of, a "disability" as defined by the Enrolled Act,
- 38. PPINK staff members gather much of the information that is reported on the terminated pregnancy report prior to the abortion.
- 39. Therefore, PPINK staff will learn prior to the abortion if the fetus is diagnosed with, or has a potential diagnosis of, a disability as defined by the Enrolled Act. This will place PPINK and its staff, including Dr. Levine, at risk of prosecution, civil liability, and loss of licensure for performing an abortion in violation of the prohibitions in the Enrolled Act.
- 40. Dr. Levine feels very strongly that a woman has an absolute right to obtain an abortion

from PPINK without the restrictions imposed by the Enrolled Act and wishes to be able to continue to perform these abortions.

- 41. On behalf of its patients, PPINK objects to the Enrolled Act insofar as it restricts the ability of the patients to have a first trimester abortion.
- 42. At the current time, consistent with Indiana law, the "informed consent" information is provided to PPINK's patients by physicians and nurse practitioners, including Nurse Practitioner Shauna Sidhom.
- 43. PPINK, on its own behalf and on behalf of its employees, and Nurse Practitioner Sidhom strongly object to having to participate in informing women that Indiana law prohibits an abortion solely because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having a disability as they believe that they are being forced to inform patients of something that is clearly unconstitutional.
- 44. Inasmuch as the requirement is clearly unconstitutional the burden imposed on Nurse Practitioner Sidhom and the other PPINK employees who provide the informed consent information is not a reasonable licensing regulation by the State of Indiana.
- 45. On behalf of their patients PPINK and Nurse Practitioner Sidhom object to the patients having to hear this unconstitutional information.
- 46. At the current time, when a surgical abortion is performed PPINK will dispose of the fetal tissue by having a contractor remove and dispose of it the same as other medical material.
- 47. This is the same method that other medical facilities generally use to dispose of medical waste.
- 48. At the current time the woman has the right to determine the final disposition of the fetal tissue, Ind. Code § 16-34-3-2, and may elect to have PPINK be responsible for the costs of the

final disposition of the fetal tissue after a surgical abortion unless the woman chooses a different method, in which case she is responsible for the costs. Ind. Code § 16-34-3-3.

- 49. In PPINK's experience virtually all women who have surgical abortions choose to have PPINK dispose of the fetal tissue.
- 50. Under the Enrolled Act PPINK will have to engage in significantly greater efforts to dispose of the fetal tissue. It will have to obtain a burial transit permit for the fetal tissue, Ind. Code § 16-34-3-4(a) (eff. July 1, 2016), which is not required for the disposal of other medical material. It will then have to make arrangements with a mortuary to receive and handle the fetal tissue.
- 51. In all probability PPINK will choose to have the fetal tissue cremated. However, unlike the disposal of other medical material, once the fetal tissue is cremated PPINK will have to assume responsibility of the cremated products and arrange for their permanent interment or committal.
- 52. This will require PPINK to incur additional costs and expend additional resources that do not have to be incurred and expended in the disposal of other forms of medical material.
- 53. The Enrolled Act has not altered the fact that if the woman chooses to assume control of the fetal tissue in an abortion that is less than 20 weeks after fertilization the woman does not need to bury or cremate the fetal tissue and may dispose of it as she sees fit.
- 54. The actions and threatened actions of the defendants are causing, and will continue to cause, plaintiffs, including the staff and patients of PPINK, irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law.
- 55. At all times defendants have acted under color of state law.

#### Legal claims

- 56. The Enrolled Act's prohibition on abortions solely because of one of the reasons set out in Indiana Code § 16-34-4 (eff. July 1, 2016) creates an undue burden on the right to obtain an abortion in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.
- 57. The requirement that women seeking abortion services from PPINK are compelled to hear, effective July 1, 2016, that an abortion is prohibited if the abortion is solely because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having a disability, violates the patients' rights under the First Amendment and compelling PPINK's employees, including Nurse Practitioner Sidhom, to provide that information also violates their First Amendment rights. The government cannot compel persons to provide patently unconstitutional information.
- 58. Treating the fetal tissue after a first trimester surgical abortion differently, for purposes of disposal, than other medical material is irrational and violates the Fourteenth Amendment's guarantee of equal protection and due process. It is similarly irrational to impose burial and cremation requirements on fetal tissue after a first trimester abortion if the abortion occurs within an abortion clinic or health care facility and the clinic or facility is requested to keep the fetal tissue by the woman having the abortion, but not if the woman elects to retain the fetal tissue herself.

#### **Requested relief**

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs request that this Court:

- 1. Accept jurisdiction of this case and set it for hearing at the earliest opportunity.
- 2. Declare House Enrolled Act 1337 is unconstitutional to the extent it:
  - a. Denies the ability of a woman to obtain an abortion during the first trimester of her pregnancy for the reasons noted in Indiana Code § 16-34-

4-5 (eff. July 1, 2016) through Indiana Code § 16-34-4-8 (eff. July 1, 2016).

- b. Requires as part of the "informed consent" process that women seeking abortions be informed that they are unable to obtain an abortion if their sole reason for doing so is because of the fetus's race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, or diagnosis or potential diagnosis of the fetus having a disability. Ind. Code § 16-34-2-1.1(a)(1)(K) (eff. July 1, 2016).
- c. Requires fetal tissue after a first trimester abortion to be treated by the abortion provider differently than other medical material. Ind. Code § 16-34-3-4 (eff. July 1, 2016); Ind. Code § 16-41-16-1(a)(16) (eff. July 1, 2016); Ind. Code § 16-41-16-7.6 (eff. July 1, 2016).
- 3. Enter a preliminary injunction, later to be made permanent, against defendants from enforcing Indiana Code § 16-34-2-1.1(a)(1)(K)(eff. July 1, 2016), Indiana Code §§ 16-34-4-6 (eff. July 1, 2016), Ind. Code § 16-34-4-7 (eff. July 1, 2016), and all portions of House Enrolled Act 1337 that require that fetal tissue after a first trimester abortion be treated differently than other surgical byproducts.
- 4. Award plaintiffs their costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988.
- 5. Award all other proper relief.

s/ Kenneth J. Falk

Kenneth J. Falk No. 6777-49

<u>s/Gavin M. Rose</u>

Gavin M. Rose No. 26565-53

## <u>s/Jan P. Mensz</u>

Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St Indianapolis, IN 46202 317/635-4059 fax: 317/635-4105

fax: 317/635-4105 kfalk@aclu-in.org

grose@aclu-in.org jmensz@aclu-in.org

Jennifer Dalven
Motion to Appear *Pro Hac Vice* to be filed
American Civil Liberties Union Foundation
125 Broad Street, 18<sup>th</sup> Floor
New York, NY 10004
(212) 549-2641
jdalven@aclu.org

Helene T. Krasnoff Motion to Appear *Pro Hac Vice* to be filed Planned Parenthood Federation of America 1110 Vermont Avenue, NW, Suite 300 Washington, DC 20005 (202) 973-4800 helene.krasnoff@ppfa.org

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

JS 44 (Rev 09/10)

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

#### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

This automated JS-44 conforms generally to the manual JS-44 approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974. The data is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. The information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law.

**Plaintiff(s):** 

First Listed Plaintiff:

Planned Parenthood of Indiana and Kentucky, Inc.;

County of Residence: Marion County

Additional Plaintiff(s):

Dr. Marshall Levine;

Shauna Sidhom;

**Defendant(s):** 

First Listed Defendant:

Commissioner, Indiana Department of Health;

County of Residence: Marion County

Additional Defendants(s):

Marion County Prosecutor; Lake County Prosecutor; Monroe County Prosecutor; Tippecanoe County Prosecutor;

The Individual Members of the Medical Licensing Board of

Indiana;

County Where Claim For Relief Arose: Marion County

**Plaintiff's Attorney(s):** 

Kenneth J Falk (Planned Parenthood of Indiana and

Kentucky, Inc.) ACLU of Indiana 1031 E Washington St Indianapolis, Indiana 46202

**Phone:** 3176354059 **Fax:** 3176354059

Email: kfalk@aclu-in.org

Gavin M Rose ACLU of Indiana 1031 E Washington St

Indianapolis, Indiana 46202

**Phone:** 3176354059 **Fax:** 3176354059

Email: grose@aclu-in.org

Jan P Mensz
ACLU of Indiana
1031 E Washington St
Indianapolis, Indiana 46202

Phone: 3176354059 Fax: 3176354059

Email: jmensz@aclu-in.org

**Defendant's Attorney(s):** 

Office of the Attorney General (Commissioner, Indiana

Department of Health)

IGCS-5th Floor 302 W. Washington St.

Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Phone: 317/232-6201 Fax: 317/232-7979

Email:

**Basis of Jurisdiction:** 3. Federal Question (U.S. not a party)

Citizenship of Principal Parties (Diversity Cases Only)

Plaintiff: N/A

Defendant: N/A

Origin: 1. Original Proceeding

Nature of Suit: 440 All Other Civil Rights

Cause of Action: 42 U.S.C. 1983 - This case challenges the constitutionality of portions of Indiana

House Enrolled Act No. 1337 that restricts and regulates abortions.

**Requested in Complaint** 

Class Action: Not filed as a Class Action

Monetary Demand (in Thousands):

Jury Demand: No

Related Cases: Is NOT a refiling of a previously dismissed action

Signature: s/ Kenneth J. Falk

**Date:** April 7, 2016

If any of this information is incorrect, please close this window and go back to the Civil Cover Sheet Input form to make the correction and generate the updated JS44. Once corrected, print this form, sign and date it, and submit it with your new civil action.

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)
Plaintiffs,	)
vs.	) Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, et al.	) ) )
Defendants.	)

#### **SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION**

TO: The Commissioner
Indiana State Department of Health
2 North Meridian Street
Indianapolis, IN 46204

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

CLERK OF COURT

Date:	
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

## **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(this section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

This summons for (name of individ	lual and title, if any)
was received by me on (date)	
☐ I personally served the summons or	n the individual at (place)
	on (date); or
☐ I left the summons at the individual	l's residence or usual place of abode with (name)
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides ther
on (date), a	and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or
☐ I served the summons on (name of	individual), who
designated by law to accept service	e of process on behalf of (name of organization)
☐ I returned the summons unexecuted	d because;
Other (specify):	
My fees are \$for travel and	d \$for services, for a total of \$
I declare under penalty of perjury that this i	information is true.
Date:	Server's Signature
	Printed name and title
	Server's address

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND	)	
KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)	
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
	)	
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, in his	)	
official capacity, et al.	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

#### **SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION**

TO: The Marion County Prosecutor 251 E. Ohio St. Suite, 160 Indianapolis, IN 46204

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

CLERK OF COURT

	CEERIN OF COURT	
Date:		
Date:		
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	
	Digitality Of Clerk Of Deputy Clerk	

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

## **PROOF OF SERVICE**

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This summons for (name of individual a	and title, if any)
was received by me on (date)	·
☐ I personally served the summons on the	individual at (place)
	on (date); or
☐ I left the summons at the individual's re	sidence or usual place of abode with (name)
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there
on (date), and m	ailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or
☐ I served the summons on (name of indiv	idual), who is
designated by law to accept service of p	rocess on behalf of (name of organization)
☐ I returned the summons unexecuted because	ause; or
Other (specify):	
My fees are \$for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$
I declare under penalty of perjury that this inform	mation is true.
Date:	
	Server's Signature
	Printed name and title
	Server's address

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
VS.	)	Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, et al.	)	
Defendants.	)	

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

TO: The Monroe County Prosecutor 301 N. College Ave., Room 211 Bloomington, IN 47404

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

	CLERK OF COURT	
Date:		
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

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This summons for (name of individ	ual and title, if any)
was received by me on (date)	
☐ I personally served the summons or	the individual at (place)
	on ( <i>date</i> ); or
☐ I left the summons at the individual	's residence or usual place of abode with (name)
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there
	nd mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or
	individual), who is
	of process on behalf of (name of organization)
_	l because; or
Other (specify):	, or
Guier (speetyy).	
My fees are \$for travel and	1 \$for services, for a total of \$
I declare under penalty of perjury that this i	nformation is true.
Date:	
	Server's Signature
	Printed name and title
	Server's address

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
VS.	)	Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, et al.	)	
Defendants.	)	

#### **SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION**

TO: The Tippecanoe County Prosecutor 301 Main Street, 4th Floor Lafayette, IN 47901

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

	CLERK OF COURT		
Date:			
Date.	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

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(this section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

This summons for (name of individual	and title, if any)
was received by me on (date)	
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☐ I left the summons at the individual's re	esidence or usual place of abode with (name)
<del></del>	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on (date), and r	nailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or
☐ I served the summons on (name of indi	vidual), who is
designated by law to accept service of J	process on behalf of (name of organization)
	; or
☐ I returned the summons unexecuted bed	cause; or
Other (specify):	
My fees are \$for travel and \$_	for services, for a total of \$
I declare under penalty of perjury that this infor	rmation is true.
Date:	
	Server's Signature
	Printed name and title
	Server's address

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
VS.	)	Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, et al.	)	
Defendants.	)	

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

TO: The Individual Members of the Medical Licensing Board of Indiana Indiana Professional Licensing Agency 402 W. Washington Street, W072 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

	CLERK OF COURT
Doto	
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

## PROOF OF SERVICE

(this section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

This summons for (name of indi-	vidual and title, if any)	
was received by me on (date)	·	
☐ I personally served the summons	s on the individual at (place)	
	on (date)	; or
☐ I left the summons at the individ	ual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)	
	, a person of suitable age and discretion wh	no resides there
on ( <i>date</i> )	, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known addre	ss; or
☐ I served the summons on (name	of individual)	, who is
designated by law to accept serv	ice of process on behalf of (name of organization)	
☐ I returned the summons unexecu	ted because	; or
Other (specify):		
My fees are \$for travel :	and \$for services, for a total of \$	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the	is information is true.	
Date:	Server's Signature	
	Server & Signature	
	Printed name and title	
	Server's address	

for the Southern District of Indiana

PLANNED PARENTHOOD OF INDIANA AND	)	
KENTUCKY, INC., et al.	)	
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	Cause No: 1:16-cv-763
	)	
COMMISSIONER, INDIANA STATE	)	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, in his	)	
official capacity, et al.	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

#### **SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION**

TO: The Lake County Prosecutor 2293 N. Main Street Crown Point, IN 46307

A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kenneth J. Falk/Gavin M. Rose/Jan P. Mensz ACLU of Indiana 1031 E. Washington St. Indianapolis, IN 46202

CLERK OF COURT

	CEETIT OF COURT
Date:	
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action Number: 1:16-cv-763

## PROOF OF SERVICE

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was received by me on (date)	·	
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	on (date)	; or
☐ I left the summons at the individ	ual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)	
	, a person of suitable age and discretion wh	no resides there
on ( <i>date</i> )	, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known addre	ss; or
☐ I served the summons on (name	of individual)	, who is
designated by law to accept serv	ice of process on behalf of (name of organization)	
☐ I returned the summons unexecu	ted because	; or
Other (specify):		
My fees are \$for travel :	and \$for services, for a total of \$	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the	is information is true.	
Date:	Server's Signature	
	Server & Signature	
	Printed name and title	
	Server's address	