1	□ EXPEDITE □ No Hearing is set					
2	☐ Hearing is set: ☐ Date:					
3	Time: Judge/Calendar:					
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7	SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR THURSTON COUNTY					
8	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, )					
9	Petitioner, No					
10	v. ) PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW ) AND DECLARATORY AND					
11	WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH ) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF					
12	AND WILDLIFE and JOE STOHR, in his official capacity as Acting Director,					
13	Respondents.					
14						
15	Petitioner Center for Biological Diversity files this Petition challenging as unlawful the					
16	actions of Respondents Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife ("WDFW") and WDFW					
17	Acting Director Joe Stohr (collectively, "Respondents") in improperly issuing permits,					
18	developing policy, and promulgating rules to kill black bears on commercial timberlands.					
19	Specifically, Respondents operate a program that illegally issues permits for the hunting of					
20	black bears using bait, dogs, and traps (the "Permits"), in violation of both the spirit and the					
21	letter of initiatives passed by Washington voters banning such cruel and inhumane hunting					
22	practices.					
23	I. <u>NATURE OF THE ACTION</u>					
24	1. This is a petition for declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to the Washington					
25	Administrative Procedure Act ("APA"), RCW Ch. 34.05.					
26	2. This action challenges the following actions by Respondents: (1) unlawfully					
27	issuing nine permits between May 1, 2018, and May 9, 2018, authorizing the use of bait and					
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traps to kill four bears and authorizing the use of hounds to assist in killing 14 bears (hereinafter "the 2018 Permits"), based on arbitrary and capricious agency guidance and policies;<sup>1</sup> (2) adopting rules allowing the use of bait, hounds, and traps to kill bears that are arbitrary and capricious and exceed WDFW's statutory authority; and (3) failing to comply with statutory rulemaking procedures in formulating policies to regulate the use of bait, hounds, and traps to kill bears.

- 3. Petitioner brings this action based on review of publicly available information, including the applicable statutes and rules and news reports, as well as internal agency documents obtained through public information requests.
- 4. In 1996 and 2000, Washington voters passed Initiatives 655 and 713, respectively, which banned the use of bait, hounds, and body-gripping traps to kill bears (collectively, "the Initiatives"). Through Initiative 655, voters approved a proposition to which by its short title made it a "gross misdemeanor to take, hunt, or attract black bears with bait, or to hunt bears, cougars, bobcat or lynx with dogs[.]" With Initiative 713, voters approved a proposal to make it a "gross misdemeanor to capture an animal with certain body-gripping traps[.]" Baiting, hound hunting, and trapping are widely accepted as cruel and inhumane hunting methods. The use of hounds to hunt has been banned in 32 states; the use of bait to hunt bears has been banned in 37 states; and only Maine allows hunters to use traps to kill bears.
- 5. Baiting involves intensive feeding of black bears by setting out piles of high calorie foods such as donuts, candy, fruits, grease, rotting garbage, fish, meat, or animal carcasses (especially beaver carcasses). Bears that find them become accustomed to feeding at a particular location, sometimes for weeks, thereby overcoming their natural wariness. Baiting is often used in conjunction with traps, or hunters wait in tree stands or on platforms that allow them to shoot animals at close range while they are feeding. Bears that consume bait may be

26 <sup>1</sup> The challenged 2018 Permits are attached hereto as Exhibits A-I, and are numbered BH-201805-16095-0, BH-201805-16096-0, BS-201805-16097-0, BH-201805-16202-0, BH-201805-16203-0, BH-201805-16204-0, BH-27

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201805-16206-0, BH-201805-16120-0 and BS-201805-16123-0.

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habituated to people and their food, making them more likely to cause conflicts such as raids on campsites or garbage cans.

- 6. The trapping banned by Initiative 713 involves the use of cruel and dangerous steel-jawed leghold traps and other body-gripping animal traps. These traps frequently cause severe injury and suffering, causing lacerations, broken bones, and joint dislocations. Bears and other animals caught in traps may languish without food or water, and with no protection from the elements or predators, panicked animals will sometimes even chew off their own feet to escape. As a result, these traps have been declared inhumane by organizations such as the American Veterinary Medical Association, the World Veterinary Association, and the American Animal Hospital Association. These traps are indiscriminate, and pose a danger to all that encounter them, such as eagles, cats, dogs, and even children. As the Voters' Pamphlet for Initiative 713 stated: "They are like land mines. For every 'target' animal killed by a trapper, studies indicate there are up to ten 'non-target' victims."
- 7. Hound hunting uses dogs to pick up the scent of a bear, and then pursue the terrified and traumatized animal, often over long distances. Hounds equipped with high-tech GPS collars are set loose to chase a bear until it takes refuge up a tree, is cornered, or stops running due to exhaustion. Hunters generally follow the dogs in a vehicle and locate the target bear based on GPS from the dogs' collars. The chase can last anywhere from half an hour to days. In some instances, the dogs will catch the bears on the ground and maul them until the hunters arrive. The chase causes the pursued bears significant and prolonged fear, pain and distress, and—especially when the hunt takes place in the spring—often results in cubs being separated from their mothers and dying from starvation. Once a hunter locates the bear, the hunter will shoot the treed, cornered, or exhausted animal. Death is not always instantaneous. Animals shot from trees may suffer broken bones from the fall, and they may be mauled by dogs until they are killed. The dogs themselves may suffer, as they frequently become lost during the chase, and some bears, too exhausted to run any longer or cornered by the pack, will turn and attack the hounds. As one proponent of legislation to ban hound hunting told the PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND LANE POWELL PC

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Washington legislature: "shooting a feeding bear or a cougar driven up a tree by dogs is the moral and sporting equivalent of shooting an animal in a cage at Woodland Park Zoo."

- 8. The Initiatives allowed narrow exceptions to its bans on these cruel and dangerous hunting methods, which included provisions allowing WDFW to issue permits for government employees or agents to use bait or dogs to hunt bears as necessary to protect public safety, domestic animals, and private property. The Initiatives also allowed landowners or their lessees to use dogs to kill bears for these purposes, under permits issued and conditioned by WDFW. In addition, they permitted WDFW to issue permits to people to use traps to kill bears as necessary to protect property, if the agency made a finding that the problem could not be abated using non-lethal methods.
- 9. WDFW purports to authorize the killing of bears under the private property exceptions in the Initiatives by means of its "Bear Timber Depredation Program" ("Program"). Through the Program, WDFW provides hunters identified by commercial timberland owners with Permits to use bait, dogs, and traps to kill bears. The purported purpose of the Program is to prevent bears from damaging trees through "peeling" and reducing their commercial value. Black bears emerge from hibernation in spring looking to replenish body fat lost during hibernation. Tree sap is a calorie-dense source of food, which some bears access by peeling bark from trees. Commercial timberland owners claim that peeled trees may have reduced or no commercial value as timber.
- 10. Between 2010 and 2015, WDFW issued 794 Permits authorizing the killing of black bears using bait, dogs, and traps on commercial timberland. The Permits resulted in the killing of 797 bears using these banned hunting methods. In 2016 and 2017, around 100 bears were killed each year using bait, dogs, or traps authorized through the Program.
- 11. WDFW's management of the Program has ignored the spirit and the letter of the Initiatives, which allow the use of bait, dogs, and traps only under limited circumstances, and only to address an "animal problem" after non-lethal means have been exhausted, or for the purpose of "protecting . . . private property." Rather than manage the Program so that it targets PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND LANE POWELL PC DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 4

specific bears causing property damage, WDFW has authorized hunters to use methods that kill bears indiscriminately in areas distant from damaged trees, and even lure non-offending bears into the hunting area. Rather than design the Program so that it actually reduces damage to commercial timberland, WDFW has enacted policies that its staff believes may actually increase such property damage. Rather than limit the use of banned hunting methods to the narrow class of people designated by the Initiatives, WDFW allows a group of private hunters to take advantage of the Program to continue using cruel hunting methods that Washington voters have criminalized. The season for the Permits runs from mid-April through the end of June, and afterwards on a case-by-case basis.

- 12. In the process, Respondents have ignored frequent and explicit concerns voiced by WDFW staff that the Program is not managed in accordance with legal requirements, or in a reasonable manner designed to achieve the agency's purported goals.
- 13. WDFW has shrouded the Program in secrecy. Although WDFW adopted vague and general public rules to govern the program in 2016, most of its regulation has come through internal guidelines that have not been available to the public for review or comment. In contrast with similar hunting and permitting programs, WDFW does not make information about the Program publicly available, include data from the Program in state hunting or trapping kill numbers, or post any information about the number of Permits issued or bears killed under the Program. In fact, it directs hunters not to include information on WDFW's Washington Interactive Licensing Database platform, which is used for other hunting licenses.
- 14. WDFW has kept the Program out of public view because it knows that it would be deeply unpopular. Not only does the Program use hunting methods that Washington voters have voted to criminalize, but a poll commissioned by WDFW in 2014 indicates that Washington citizens overwhelmingly oppose the killing of black bears *by any means* to prevent damage to timber on commercial timberlands, with 70% of voters opposing such killing, and only 17% in favor.

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15. Petitioner seeks a declaration that Respondents' issuance of the 2018 Permits under the Program, and the agency rules, policies, and procedures that serve as the basis for the Program violate Washington law. Petitioner also seeks injunctive relief to prevent Respondents from continuing to issue Permits under the Program authorizing the killing of black bears using bait, dogs and traps, unless and until these legal violations are remedied.

## II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 16. Jurisdiction is proper in this Court pursuant to RCW 34.05.570 (APA), RCW Ch. 7.24 (declaratory relief) and RCW Ch. 7.40 (injunctive relief).
- 17. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to RCW 4.92.010, and RCW 34.05.514(1).

## III. PARTIES

#### A. Petitioner

- 18. Petitioner Center for Biological Diversity ("the Center") is a national, non-profit conservation organization with more than 63,000 active members and with offices in Seattle, Washington; the District of Columbia; Tucson, Arizona; Oakland, California; and elsewhere across the country. The Center and its members are concerned with the conservation and humane treatment of wildlife including black bears in Washington.
- 19. The interests of Petitioner's members, supporters and staff have been, and will continue to be, injured by Respondents' continued authorization of the lethal removal of black bears using traps, dogs, and bait in Washington, including through the Program, and any similar authorizations that may follow or currently be in place. Petitioner's members include individuals who campaigned for the Initiatives. Petitioner's members enjoy observing bears in the wild and are committed to ensuring that Washington's black bears are treated humanely and that the cruel hunting methods banned by the Initiatives are not used illegally. Petitioner's members are injured by Respondents' authorization of the use of cruel hunting methods that they worked to ban over thirty years ago and which reduce the number of bears available for them to observe. The interests of Petitioner's members, supporters, and staff have been, and PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND

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will continue to be, injured by Respondents' failure to comply with the APA in authorizing the killing of black bears using bait, dogs, and traps in Washington.

- 20. The relief requested by Petitioner in this petition would redress or lessen the injuries of Petitioner's members, supporters, and staff. The relief requested by Petitioner, if granted, would prevent Respondents from engaging in killing black bears using banned hunting methods until, and unless, they comply with state law. The relief requested by Petitioner, if granted, would reduce the number of black bears killed in Washington.
- 21. The mailing address for the headquarters of the Center is P.O. Box 710, Tucson, AZ 85702-0710. Petitioner is represented by Claire Loebs Davis of Lane Powell PC, located at 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 4200, Seattle, WA 98101-2375, whose mailing address is P.O. Box 91302, Seattle, WA 98111-9402, and by Collette Adkins of the Center, at P.O. Box 595, Circle Pines, MN 55014-0595.

#### B. Respondents

- 22. Respondent WDFW is an agency of the State of Washington, under the auspices of the Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission ("Commission"). WDFW is located in the Natural Resources Building at 1111 Washington Street S.E., Olympia, WA 98501, and its mailing address is P.O. Box 43200, Olympia, WA 98504-3200. The mission of WDFW is to "preserve, protect, and perpetuate" wildlife. RCW 77.04.012. Its statutory purpose includes a command to "conserve the [state's] wildlife . . . resources in a manner that does not impair the resource." *Id.* Under RCW 77.12.240, WDFW has the discretion to "authorize the removal or killing of wildlife that is destroying or injuring property." In authorizing the removal or killing of wildlife, WDFW must act within the bounds of its other responsibilities under state law.
- 23. Respondent Joe Stohr is sued in his official capacity as the Acting Director of WDFW, appointed by the Commission in accordance with RCW 77.04.055(7). The Director is required to "supervise the administration and operation of the department and perform the duties prescribed by law and delegated by the commission." RCW 77.04.080. Among other

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duties, the Director oversees authorizations for trapping or killing wildlife found to be threatening human safety or damaging property. RCW 77.15.194(4); RCW 77.36.030(1).

## IV. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

## A. WDFW Authorizes Killing of Black Bears to Protect Commercial Timberland.

- 24. Black bears live primarily in forested areas in western, northern, and southeastern Washington. They have a primarily plant-based diet, but are opportunistic omnivores with a keen sense of smell. Black bears hibernate in dens during winter months and emerge in spring needing to replenish their depleted fat stores. Black bears' spring diet is primarily comprised of herbaceous plants. Plant-based food sources for black bears are naturally often scarce in the spring. The lack of food can be particularly acute on commercial timberlands due to intensive management for commercial timber, often involving the removal of competing plants through the use of pesticides. As a result, a significant increase in tree peeling activity occurred between the 1940s and 1950s, coinciding with the use of "forest management designed to produce higher yields of timber." In 2016, WDFW estimated there were eight million acres of commercial timberland in Washington. WDFW's 1996 Environmental Impact Statement for Black Bear Management ("EIS") found that 43% of bear habitat in Washington is on private forestland. Most damage from tree peeling occurs in western Washington, with limited damage in the northwest and the Cascades.
- 25. To compensate for scarce food sources or deficiencies in their diet, some black bears strip the bark of coniferous trees with their claws and teeth to feed on sapwood. Typically, the bears target immature trees between 15 to 30 years old. Peeling is more likely to occur in intensively managed timberland due to the use of herbicides that removes other food sources for bears, and the fact that bears are attracted to even-age stands of 15-30 year-old trees that provide them with the most carbohydrates. This practice is called "tree peeling" and black bears typically cease tree peeling by July when other sources of food become available.
- 26. According to the EIS, not all black bears engage in tree peeling: "in many areas black bears reside without appreciably damaging timber," and "the presence of black bears does PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND

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not automatically result in timber damage." The EIS explains that tree peeling is a "natural and instinctual behavior," but that "the technique of peeling bark to obtain sugars is learned behavior." It also notes that tree peeling can reduce the commercial value of trees.

- 27. Beginning in 1951, WDFW began authorizing the killing of black bears in a purported attempt to limit tree-peeling damage on commercial timberland. At that time, the Fish and Wildlife Commission classified bears as a predator species, which allowed year-round hunting with no harvest limits. WDFW began issuing permits for the killing of black bears, including with bait, hounds, and traps, in the early 1970s. Some form of permit program for commercial timberland owners to kill black bears using bait, dogs, and traps has continued since that time.
- 28. Currently, black bears are classified as a game animal under Washington law, and Washington State permits the hunting of black bears using a firearm, archery or muzzleloader. WAC 220-400-020; WAC 220-415-080 (spring hunt); WAC 220-415-090 (fall hunt). Depending on location, the fall hunting season begins in August or September and ends on November 15. WAC 220-415-090. In addition, WDFW manages a spring hunt on commercial timberlands that ranges, depending on the location, from April 1 to June 15. WAC 220-415-080.

## B. Initiatives Outlaw the Use of Bait, Dogs, and Traps to Hunt Black Bears, with Narrow Exceptions.

- 29. In 1996, the voters of Washington passed Initiative 655, now codified as RCW 77.15.245. Initiative 655 makes it "unlawful to take, hunt, or attract black bear with the aid of bait." RCW 77.15.245(1). Initiative 655 also makes it "unlawful to hunt or pursue black bear, cougar, bobcat, or lynx with the aid of a dog or dogs." RCW 77.15.245(2). Statements of support appearing in the voter's pamphlet describe Initiative 655 baiting and hound hunting as unfair, unsporting, and cruel.
- 30. Initiative 655 provides for a narrow exception to the ban, permitting baiting and hound hunting "for the purpose of protecting livestock, domestic animals, private property, or

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the public safety." RCW 77.15.245(1)(a) & (2)(a). Initiative 655 authorizes WDFW to permit "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" to use bait to hunt black bears to protect private property. RCW 77.15.245(1). Initiative 655 also authorizes WDFW to permit "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" to use dogs to hunt black bears to protect property or "the owner or tenant of real property" to use dogs to hunt black bears as conditioned by WDFW. RCW 77.15.245(2).

- 31. In 2000, the voters of Washington passed Initiative 713, now codified as RCW 77.15.194. Under Initiative 713, it is unlawful to use body-gripping traps, including steel-jawed leghold traps and neck snares, to capture "any mammal," which includes black bears. RCW 77.15.194(1). Statements of support appearing in the voter's pamphlet describe Initiative 713 as intended to stop the cruel and inhumane practice of trapping, noting that: "[s]teel-jawed leghold traps and other body-gripping animal traps cause severe injury and suffering to wildlife and pets, causing lacerations, broken bones, and joint dislocations[,]. . . . [a]nimal victims languish in traps without food or water and with no protection from the elements or predators[,] . . . . [s]ome animals chew off their feet to escape," and "[t]rappers kill animals by stomping, bludgeoning, and strangulation."
- 32. As with Initiative 655, Initiative 713 created a narrow exception to address conflicts with wildlife. Under the Initiative, a person applying for an exception must establish that there "exists on a property an animal problem that has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by the use of nonlethal control tools" or that "such nonlethal means cannot be reasonably applied." RCW 77.15.194(4)(b). WDFW may then issue special permits for the use of traps only after "making a finding in writing that the animal problem has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by nonlethal control tools or if the tools cannot be reasonably applied." *Id.*

## C. WDFW Improperly Exploited Narrow Exceptions in Initiatives to Allow an Unlawful Private Bear Hunt Using Banned Methods.

33. Despite the bans on the use of bait, hounds, and traps passed by the voters in 1996 and 2000, WDFW has continued to allow these methods to be used by a select group of

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hunters to kill bears on private timberland, purportedly under the terms of the narrow exceptions in the Initiatives. In reality, the Program has ignored both the spirit and the letter of the Initiatives, establishing an exclusive hunting season that secretly allows hunters to kill black bears using the cruel, inhumane, and unsporting methods criminalized by Washington voters.

- In 2013, the Program was transferred from WDFW's Enforcement Section to its 34. Wildlife Program.
- 35. The Program was transferred due to concerns about the Program's "effectiveness of reducing timber damage due to the manner in which black bears were being removed; the cumbersome process and requirements placed on commercial timberland owners through the program; WDFW's inability to give the program adequate attention through the Enforcement Program with the increasing demands on officers to enforce laws; and potential abuses of the program by some dog handlers." Yet following this move, WDFW still failed to make any changes to address the systemic problems with the Program. WDFW formed the Bear Timber Advisory Group and Subcommittee to provide input on the Program. ("Advisory Group"). The Advisory Group consists of WDFW staff and representatives from the Wildlife Services Division of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service ("Wildlife Services").
- 36. WDFW proposed three rules to govern the Program in 2015, and adopted them in 2016. WAC 220-440-210, "Black bear timber damage depredation permits;" WAC 220-440-070, "Use of body-gripping traps and exceptions;" and WAC 220-417-040, "Use of bodygripping traps—Special trapping permit required" (collectively, the "2016 Rules").
- 37. WDFW purports to implement the exceptions in Initiative 655 through WAC 220-440-210, which provides "black bear removal criteria" that specify the requirements for issuance of "Black Bear Depredation Permits" authorizing the use of dogs and baiting as hunting methods. Under the rule, WDFW may issue a Permit to remove two black bears upon the submission of "a request for removal" by a "landowner or the landowner's designee." The Permit can then be used by the select hunters authorized by the department." Id. at (3)(a). A PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND LANE POWELL PC

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Permit area must have "bear caused timber damage" that has been verified by WDFW. The rule defines "[d]amage to timberlands" as "evidence that bears have damaged private commercial timber."

- 38. WDFW purports to implement the exceptions in Initiative 713 through WAC 220-440-070 and WAC 220-417-040, which govern the issuance of Permits authorizing the use of traps. WAC 220-440-070 provides that in order to abate private property damage, WDFW may issue a permit upon the application in writing by "any person" who states the "threat or damage, the nonlethal control methods attempted or why they cannot be applied." The use of traps is limited to a 30-day period.
- 39. WAC 220-417-040 specifically regulates the use of "body-gripping traps," which it defines as traps that "grips an animal's body or body part," including steel-jawed leghold traps, padded-jaw leghold and padded foot-hold traps, Conibear traps (certain traps that hold an animal's body across its main axis), neck snares, and nonstrangling foot snares. WAC 220-417-040(1)(a). The rule allows WDFW to issue a Permit to use these traps to "abate an animal problem." WAC 220-417-040(1)(e). The rule authorizes WDFW to deny a permit where "[o]ther appropriate nonlethal methods to abate damage have not been utilized" or "the alleged animal problem either does not exist or the extent is insufficient to justify lethal removal." WAC 220-417-040(13)(a) & (b).
- 40. The rules adopted by the agency in 2016 are purposefully vague, and leave large gaps for the agency to address later, including through "procedures established by the department" and "criteria developed by the department." WAC 220-440-210(2)(a) & (b). For instance, WAC 220-440-210 does not define what damage is or how it is to be verified. The rule also does not address who may hunt under a Permit, except to state the hunter must be authorized under "criteria" of the Department. WAC 220-440-210(1)(a) & (2)(a). Similarly, WAC 220-417-040(1)(e) only states that authorization for trapping is to "abate a problem animal," but provides no criteria under which WDFW would make that determination. Neither WAC 220-440-070 nor WAC 220-440-210 require WDFW to make written findings that PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND

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nonlethal control methods have indeed been used or cannot be applied, as required by Initiative 713.

- 41. Although the 2016 Rules were available for public comment, in reality, the regulation of the Program has come through the use of non-public agency "guidance." Although this guidance meets all the criteria for an agency "rule," it did not go through the rulemaking process, but was implemented by the agency through an internal process that shielded it from public comment and criticism, and protected it from judicial review.
- 42. Almost immediately following the formal adoption of the 2016 Rules, WDFW thus adopted additional guidance through a variety of documents to govern the management of the Program ("2016 Guidance").
- 43. The 2016 Guidance addressed important details that were not covered by the 2016 Rules, including:
- a. Permit length: All Permits will be issued for 30 days and authorize the taking of two bears.
- b. Threshold tree-peeling damage before a Permit would be issued: Permits may be issued on prior year tree damage in "Douglas fir and hemlock stand of a vulnerable age class that have documented damage from the previous year (April through July) . . . regardless of previous years' removal);" fresh tree damage is defined as "any fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey or needle-less trees) within a stand" and fresh damage must be verified.
- c. Supplemental feeding regulations: Supplemental feeders must be removed prior to hunting, hunters may not kill a black bear off feeder barrels, and landowners must disclose the location of feeder barrels.
- d. Hunting methods authorized: One hunting method is authorized per Permit but subsequent Permits may authorize other methods.
- e. Carcass retention: Hunters are allowed to retain one carcass and others must be donated, all gall bladders must be turned in to WDFW; hound hunters may retain meat, but must turn in teeth, hides and skulls.

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- f. Traps and Bait: Bait is permitted for Master Hunters and trappers to attract bears to a "snare removal area" for selective and targeted removal; foot snares are permitted only by Wildlife Services or certified trappers, but other trappers were grandfathered in for a year.
- g. Licensing: Hunters are required to have a big game license; hunters are not to report to WILD ("Washington Interactive Licensing Database") and only to report to a Wildlife Conflict Specialist; hound hunters must report to WDFW 24 hours before hunting.
- h. Pursuit and kill zones: Hound hunters may pursue and kill bears within a three-mile radius of damage but must begin a pursuit within one mile of timber damage; trappers and baiting must be within one mile of damage.
- 44. In addition to the 2016 Guidance, WDFW has continually made substantive changes to the Program though more informal means, such as by adjusting the language of the Permits and application materials, or changing the rules for enforcement, often without notice to its own staff. In at least one circumstance, WDFW staff admitted that the agency left the language of the Permits deliberately ambiguous, so that it could have the freedom to change its mind later about what the policy meant.
- 45. The result has been a chaotic program over which WDFW staff has repeatedly raised serious concerns, including concerns regarding its legality and lack of meaningful standards. Continuing concerns noted by staff include: (1) failure of the Program to follow the standards set by the Initiatives; (2) use of supplemental feeding while permits were active in violation of the rules; (3) issuance of permits with overlapping hunting zones; (4) concern about permits being issued with no new damage; (5) hound hunters finding damage for landowners so that they could have an excuse to hunt using illegal means; (6) failure to regulate the content of supplemental feed; and (7) authorization of hunting areas near public land and residential areas.
- 46. In addition, WDFW staff members have expressed concern that the frequently changing Program policies, lax enforcement, and inconsistent guidance from management has

made it difficult for them to know what standards they are supposed to apply in the issuance and enforcement of the permits.

- 47. Despite the numerous, repeated, and serious concerns voiced by its staff, WDFW failed to make meaningful changes to the Program to address its legal and functional deficiencies, or to offer any explanation for its failure to make such changes. However, in the spring of 2017, many of these concerns were aired publicly as the result of a year-long investigation into the Program by King 5 news, which resulted in a series of segments and online articles discussing the Program's deficiencies, and revealing publicly for the first time the extent to which WDFW had been authorizing hunters to use hunting methods that Washington voters had banned.<sup>2</sup>
- 48. The King 5 investigation resulted in a public outcry and demands for reform from humane organizations. As a result, WDFW made modest adjustments to the Program in 2018, which nevertheless failed to cure its fundamental legal deficiencies. These changes were largely made through the "2018 SOP" ("2018 Guidance"), which included the following provisions:
- Permits will no longer be issued on prior-year damage, as had been allowed a. under vague provisions in prior years, and "damage" is defined as "any fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir [sic] or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age."
- b. Although the 2016 Guidance had provided that photos of damage should be submitted with Applications, the 2018 Guidance now specifies that WDFW will verify bearcaused timber damage by examining these photographs.

<sup>2</sup>Alison Morrow, Accused Bear Poacher Breaks Silence, Points Finger at WDFW, KING5 News, April 23, 2018,

available at https://tinyurl.com/yaq2ash6; Alison Morrow, Bear Feeding Program Criticized for Baiting, KING5 News, June 21, 2017, available at https://tinyurl.com/y7pva44z; Alison Morrow, Loophole Allows Illegal Bear

Hunt Involving Dogs Every Year, KING5 News, May 25, 2017, available at https://tinyurl.com/yadclwwb.

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- c. Although the 2016 Guidance allowed hunters to retain one carcass, and hound hunters to retain the meat of the bears they kill, the 2018 Guidance provides that no hunters will be permitted to retain any parts of the bears they kill.
- d. While the 2016 Guidance provided that supplemental feeding stations must be removed prior to the commencement of hunting, the 2018 Guidance now provides that the feeding stations must be removed prior to the Permit start date.
- 49. WDFW did not propose these changes through formal rulemaking procedures, and has not made the 2018 Guidance available to the public.

## D. The Program Violates the Limited Exceptions Allowed by the Initiatives.

("Application") for all Permits, whether authorizing hunting using bait, dogs, or traps. The Application allows the option of killing bears with hounds, by trapping, or by unspecified methods with the use of Master Hunters.<sup>3</sup> While the use of bait is not specifically provided as an option, bait is authorized to be used in conjunction with trapping.<sup>4</sup> The hunters identified on the Application ("Permittees") must sign and submit the Black Bear Timber Damage Permittee Affidavit ("Affidavit") to participate in the Program. The 2018 Guidance provides it is the "responsibility of the timber owner or their representative (applicant) to ensure this is completed by their participants," and states that the Affidavits and Applications are to be forwarded to WDFW. Pursuant to the Permit issued by WDFW, "Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative." Timber company members of the Washington Forest Protection Association ("WFPA") submit Applications to WFPA, and WFPA then submits the Applications to WDFW on their members' behalf for approval of the select Permittees. Small timber owners submit

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A "Master Hunter" is a hunter enrolled in WDFW's "Master Hunter Permit Program," which requires a hunter to show a demonstrated proficiency with a hunting implement, submit and pass a background check, pass a written exam, agree to comply with the Code of Ethics, attend Crime Observation and Reporting Training, and volunteer 20 hours on a project benefiting wildlife resources.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The 2018 Guidance provides that an additional Black Bear Timber Damage Bait Site Registration Form is required to register a bait site.

their Applications directly to WDFW. WDFW sometimes issues Permits in as little as 24 hours after receiving an Application.

- 51. The use of a single Application for all hunting methods ignores the different requirements for each method mandated by the narrow exceptions in the Initiatives, and means that these requirements are not enforced. In addition, the Application, Affidavit, and Permit contain internally contradictory provisions, and provisions that violate both the spirit and intent of the Initiatives and the stated polices and goals of WDFW.
- 52. The Application requires the submission of photos of the tree-peeling damage and the GPS location of the damage. Under the 2018 Guidance, WDFW need only verify damage through examination of a photo provided by the applicant. This is despite the fact that WDFW staff have called such verification a "rubber stamp" and urged that damage "cannot (and should not) be validated by anything short of a site visit." Similarly, the Advisory Group had recommended that WDFW verify and quantify all damage before issuing a Permit. Although the 2018 Guidance provides that black bear damage must be "within a stand of Douglas-fir [sic] or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age," WDFW does not require photo evidence that shows the stand of trees, so it has no way to verify that such requirements are being met. WDFW have also reported instances in which damage reports were falsified, or reported damage that was from species other than bears.
- 53. WDFW's 2016 Bear Removal Training Manual states that "non-lethal options are the priority for addressing tree damage from bear." WDFW's 2015-2021 Game Management Plan directs the agency to "improve and expand strategies beyond existing techniques, which will result in an overall 10% reduction in the number of permits requested to lethally remove black bears for timber damage while maintaining or decreasing the amount of bear caused timber damage over the period 2015-2021. Strategies are to include the development of "a black bear timber depredation program that includes proactive non-lethal prevention measures, methods to validate damage, options for lethal removal prevention (during and post damage seasons), collaboration with other entities for testing and evaluating PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND

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damage and prevention techniques, and methods to evaluate the efficacy of the program;" providing "information to landowners on damage prevention tools and promote the use of non-lethal measures; where feasible."

- 54. However, public records and public statements by WDFW officials indicate that WDFW has not studied different non-lethal methods that may be used, its staff does not have training regarding effective non-lethal methods, and it does not have resources available to provide to landowners regarding non-lethal methods.
- 55. The Application requires the identification of non-lethal methods utilized before applying for a Permit, and provides a series of boxes that may be checked, including electric fencing, other fencing, guard animal, hazing, supplemental feeding, heavy stocking, and avoided thinning. One of the boxes on the Application for "non-lethal methods" is "public hunting opportunity," which by its terms, is not a "non-lethal method," since "hunting" is by definition, "lethal."
- 56. Despite WDFW's indication that non-lethal options are a "priority," there is no standard for evaluating the sufficiency of non-lethal methods in the 2016 Guidance or the 2018 Guidance, or in the 2018 Affidavit, Application or Permit, or even a stated requirement that non-lethal methods be attempted prior to the Permit being issued. In contravention of Initiative 713, the Permit does not require WDFW to make any written findings regarding available non-lethal options or a Permit applicant's exhaustion of available non-lethal options before issuing a Permit to trap bears, and in practice, WDFW does not make any such written findings.
- 57. Through the Application, the landowner or landowner representative identifies the Permittee who will be authorized to hunt. The only limitations on who may be designated as a Permittee is that hounds may only be used by "designated hound handlers," while traps may be used by "Master Hunters and trappers." There is no definition of who may be a "designated hound handler" or a "trapper" in the 2018 Guidance, Affidavit, Application or Permit. The Application and Permit specify that the "Permittee" is an "independent contractor."

authorize "hound handlers" who are not landowners, the landowner's lessee, or government agents to hunt bears using hounds. In contravention of the clear language of Initiative 655 limiting use of bait to "agents" of the government, the Permits thus authorize "Master Hunters" and "trappers" who are not government employees or agents to use bait to attract bears into traps. These policies have continued despite the fact that WDFW staff have repeatedly expressed the opinion that WDFW is violating Initiative 655 by authorizing hunters who are not agents of the government to use banned hunting methods. In one internal email, a WDFW staff member indicated that "[b]y determination of the Attorney General's office, master hunters do not qualify as agents, therefore we cannot issue bait permits to them for hunting in this manner." Another WDFW employee similarly commented that such practices clearly violate the law, insisting that "just because [a past employee] broke the law doesn't mean we need to continue with the bad past practice," but that it was "clear that Wildlife management will do whatever is easiest for them."

- 59. Through the Application, the landowner or landowner's representative selects the hunting method to be authorized. Despite objections from its staff, WDFW has refused to allow its staff to exercise its discretion to mandate that particular hunting methods be used in order to ensure safety, legal compliance, and increase the likelihood that the Program would target bears actually causing property damage, as intended by the Initiatives. WDFW has also resisted calls from its staff to require the use of professional trappers, such as those employed by Wildlife Services, noting that resistance to using Wildlife Services indicates that the intent of the applicants is not really to reduce bear property damage.
- 60. The Permits and Applications allow for the killing of two bears within a one-mile radius of a damaged tree for trappers or hunters using bait. Hound hunters must begin their pursuit of a bear within one mile of the damaged tree, but may chase and kill bears within a three-mile radius of the damage. Although the Application provides that permits will not be authorized if the one-mile radius from the damage location overlaps another one-mile radius of

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an active Permit from the same property owner, there are no provisions preventing the overlap of the three-mile radiuses for chasing and killing bears with hounds. This allows for the creation of large overlapping areas in which hunters can run hounds, increasing the "recreational" benefits of the hunt, but reducing the likelihood that bears actually responsible for tree peeling will be killed. As one hunter conceded, the overlapping applications are strategically planned to "permit him to hunt the entire season" and "run bears with 14 dogs."

- 61. The Application requires the identification of the location of any supplemental feeders. Supplemental feeders provide food to black bears as an alternative to sapwood obtained by tree peeling, and are a recognized non-lethal technique that is specifically allowed by Initiative 655. RCW 77.15.245(1)(b). However, supplemental feeders can also draw more bears into an area. In a 2017 interview with KING 5, WDFW Game Division Manager Anis Aoude acknowledged that supplemental feeding stations directly conflict with the goal of limiting the number of bears in an area. Although intended by Initiative 655 to be a "non-lethal method" of controlling bear damage, evidence indicate that supplemental feeders may increase the bear population in a particular area with vulnerable trees, thus causing more tree damage, and more bears to be killed.
- 62. WDFW's failure to regulate supplemental feeding makes it far more likely that such feeding will result in more bears being killed, rather than fewer. WDFW requires the removal of supplemental feeders prior to the Permit start date and prohibits killing of a bear by hunters using dogs within a mile of an existing supplemental feeder. However, hound hunters can use their hounds to track a scent in areas where "feeding stations" were located just a day before, and what was a "supplemental feeding station" one day may become a bait station or the location of a trap just a day later. Despite the fact that WDFW staff have voiced concerns over landowners adding attractants to supplemental feed, including beaver carcasses, WDFW does not regulate the content of supplemental feed so that it is distinguished from the substances used as bait to lure bears.

- 63. By failing to require any principled distinction between supplemental feeders and bait stations, WDFW allows hunters to effectively use bait outside of what is permitted by Initiative 713, and what is purportedly permitted by its own internal regulations. Bears do not distinguish between what is a supplemental feeder one day or a bait station the next, and do not stop coming to an area to feed as soon as the feeder is removed. As a result, a bear may be lured to an area to eat at a "supplemental feeder" that was in place the day before as a "non-lethal method" of damage control, only to be caught in a trap set at that same location, or chased and treed by hounds within that area.
- 64. As detailed above, Respondents' management of the Program fails to target specific black bears that cause property damage, as intended by the Initiatives. WDFW recognizes that the purpose of the Program is to target bears peeling trees and to remove nuisance bears. WAC 220-440-210. In an internal training manual, WDFW describes the intent of the Program as "to aid landowners in reducing damage to commercial timber and to target those bears most likely to be causing the damage." Yet, as WDFW Game Division Manager Anis Aoude conceded in a 2017 KING 5 interview, the Program does not specifically target problem bears, but instead aims at reducing the population of bears in the area. WDFW staff members have long attempted to persuade the agency to take steps to address this issue. As one WDFW staff member noted in internal emails, "the presence of a bear in forested habitat does not directly equate to a bear causing timber damage." In 2014, a WDFW Bear Specialist noted that hunting tends to target male bears, when it is typically females that are responsible for tree peeling. The specialist also noted that only a quarter of the bears killed under the Program had bark in their stomachs indicating that they had been peeling trees.
- 65. WDFW staff has also expressed concern that the Program is not reducing property damage, but may instead be exacerbating the problem. As a WDFW Bear Specialist noted, the Program has the "potential to create more damage," because it consists of feeding bears, attracting them to the site, and then trying to kill them. A WDFW Bear Specialist noted that the program has been "revolving now for 25+ years" and, according to a timber industry PETITION FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW AND

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group member, "the problem now is worse than it's ever been." WDFW has not conducted any studies or compiled any statistics to demonstrate that the Program has any effect on reducing the property damage that bears cause to commercial timberlands.

- WDFW's internal rules and policies, and failed to revoke Permits after learning of such violations. This includes issuing Permits without the required photographic evidence of damage, issuing Permits despite information indicating that the claimed damage was not caused by bears, and issuing Permits despite the fact that supplemental feeding stations had not been removed from the Permit area. Documents obtained through public disclosure requests show that WDFW management has often been reluctant to revoke or deny Permits based on violations of the Program's internal regulations. In one case, a manager asked a staff member to think hard about denying a Permit, because doing so would cause a problem with timber companies who would then "press the point with the senior leadership here in Olympia." In another case, a manager directed staff to issue a Permit despite the fact that the damage might not be "within the prescribed parameters and from bears," in part because of WDFW's desire to "develop a good working relationship" with the landowner.
- 67. Many aspects of the Program thus indicate that its true purpose is not to limit property damage, but rather to provide a thinly disguised hunting season for the benefit of a select group of hunters, and satisfy the demands of influential commercial interests. In some cases, it is the hunters themselves, rather than landowners, who identify and report damaged trees. The landowners then obtain permits to hunt, which are used by the hunters—who often pay the landowners for the privilege of being Permittees under the Program. As a WDFW staff member commented, this practice is the equivalent of "the fox guarding the hen house." A WDFW biologist stated in a 2016 KING 5 report, "[i]t seems like the system in place is just being manipulated by those who want to be able to run their dogs and to some extent by timber owners/individual foresters who are facilitating it."

- 68. As of May 14, 2018, Respondents had issued nine permits authorizing the killing of a total of 18 black bears using hound hunting, bait and traps for 2018. The 2018 Permits were not publicly posted or announced at the time they were issued, but were only obtained after the fact through the use of public disclosure requests. Permits BH-201805-16095-0, BH-201805-16096-0, BH-201805-16202-0, BH-201805-16203-0, BH-201805-16204-0, BH-201805-16206-0, and BH-201805-16120-0 each authorize the use of dogs to hunt and kill two black bears. Permit BS-20185-16907-0 and BS-20185-16123-0 each authorize the use of bait and traps to hunt and kill two black bears. A bait site registration was included with the Application for Permit BS-201805-16123-0.
- 69. According to documents obtained as a result of a public disclosure request, the Application for Permit BH-201805-16095-0 did not include any photographic evidence of damaged trees. All other permits included a photo of at least one tree with bark removed. GPS locations were provided on all permits. Photos showing tree-peeling damage showed single trees and did not show whether the tree was "within a stand of Douglas-fir [sic] or hemlock less than or equal to 30 years of age."
- 70. The tree-peeling damage supporting Permit BS-201805-16123 was reported by the hunter who was thereafter authorized to trap under the Permit.
- 71. Permit applications for Permits BH-201805-16095-0, BH-201805-16204-0, and BH-201805-16206-0 identified "public hunting opportunity" as the only non-lethal control attempted.
- 72. Permit applications for Permits BH-201805-16202-0 and BH-201805-16203-0 identified supplemental feeding as a non-lethal control attempted. The 2018 Permits that authorize hound hunting and do not authorize the use of bait.
  - 73. Only one application was accompanied by a Permittee Affidavit.

#### V. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## Against All Respondents

# A. APA Violation: Issuance of the Permits Was Outside the Agency's Statutory Authority

- 74. Petitioner incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 75. "An agency has only the authority granted by statute." Wash. Indep. Tel. Ass'n v. Wash. Utils. & Transp. Comm'n, 148 Wn.2d 887, 901, 64 P.3d 606 (2003).
- 76. This Court has the authority to review agency action to determine if it is outside the statutory authority granted to the agency. RCW 34.05.570(4)(c)(ii).
- 77. The Permits and the Program under which they were authorized exceed Respondents' statutory authority by failing to follow the requirements of the narrow exceptions provided for in the Initiatives. These violations include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. Authorizing Master Hunters and trappers who are not government agents or employees to take, hunt, or attract black bears with the aid of bait in violation of Initiative 655 which prohibits use of bait to hunt black bears except for "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" protecting private property. RCW 77.15.245(1);
- b. Allowing feeding stations to be used as bait to attract bears to areas where they are then hunted and killed in violation of Initiative 655, which banned the use of bait except by "employees or agents of county, state or federal agencies." RCW 77.15.245(1);
- c. Authorizing hunters who are neither "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" or the "owner or tenant of real property" to hunt or pursue black bears with the aid of dogs in violation of Initiative 655, which prohibits use of dogs to hunt black bears except for "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" protecting private property and an "owner or tenant of real property" under permits issued by WDFW. RCW 77.15.245(2)(a);
- d. Issuing Permits to use traps without making written findings that the Permit applicant exhausted nonlethal alternatives in violation of Initiative 713 which authorizes

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WDFW to issue a "a special permit to use traps . . . to a person who applies for such permit in writing, and who establishes that there exists on a property an animal problem that has not been and cannot be reasonably abated through the use of nonlethal control tools . . . [,]" "[u]pon making a finding in writing that the animal problem has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by nonlethal control tools or if the tools cannot be reasonably applied." RCW 77.15.194(4)(b); and

- Issuing Permits without requiring that they be used to target bears who e. cause property damage, in violation of the narrow exceptions allowed by the Initiatives which authorize the use of bait, dogs, and traps to address property damage. Initiative 713 requires the applicant establish there "exists on a property an animal problem" prior to WDFW issuing a Permit to hunt bears using trap. RCW 77.15.194(4)(b). Initiative 655 allows the use of bait to hunt bears by government employees and agents "for the purpose of protecting . . . private property." RCW 77.15.245(1)(a). Initiative 655 authorizes the use of hounds to hunt bears by government employees and agents "for the purpose of protecting . . . private property" and by "the owner or tenant of real property consistent with a permit issued and conditioned by the director." RCW 77.15.245(1)(a)(2)(a).
- 78. This Court should declare the Permits unlawful and order WDFW to withdraw them because they are "[o]utside the statutory authority of the agency or the authority conferred by a provision of law." RCW 34.05.570(4)(c)(ii).
- 79. This Court should enjoin Respondents from issuing further Permits that include the same legal defects as the Permits and are therefore also "[o]utside the statutory authority of the agency or the authority conferred by a provision of law."
- 80. Petitioner is entitled to an award of costs, attorneys' fees, and other expenses associated with this litigation pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act, RCW 4.84.350.

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## VI. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## Against All Respondents

## A. APA Violation: Issuance of the Permits Was Arbitrary and Capricious

- 81. Petitioner incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 82. Action by an agency that is arbitrary and capricious is void under the APA. RCW 34.05.570(4)(c)(iii).
- 83. Agency action is arbitrary and capricious if it is "willful and unreasoning and taken without regard to the attending facts or circumstances." *Wash. Indep. Tel. Ass'n*, 148 Wn.2d at 905.
- 84. The issuance of the Permits, and the Program under which the Permits were issued, was arbitrary and capricious for the reasons alleged above, including, but not limited to Respondents' failure to:
- a. Comply with the rules and policies for the Program in issuing Permits, including, but not limited to, issuing Permits where the application did not include photographic evidence of damage, issuing Permits without verifying that damage meets the Program's definition of damage, failing to issue Permits only where black bear timber damage "cannot be reasonably abated by the use nonlethal controls," and issued Permits on applications without accompanying Permittee Affidavits as require in the 2018 Statement of Policies;
- b. Ensure that reasonably available nonlethal means of limiting timber damage by black bears are exhausted before authorizing the use of traps;
- c. Ensure that the Program targeted problem bears and had measurable success in limiting timber damage; and
- d. Revoke or refuse to issue additional Permits to people in violation of the Program's requirements.
- 85. This Court should declare the 2018 Permits unlawful and order WDFW to withdraw them because they are arbitrary and capricious agency action under RCW 34.05.570(4)(c)(iii).

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- 86. This Court should enjoin Respondents from issuing further Permits that include the same legal defects as the Permits and are therefore also arbitrary and capricious.
- 87. Petitioner is entitled to an award of costs, attorneys' fees, and other expenses associated with this litigation pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act, RCW 4.84.350.

### VII. THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### Against All Respondents

- A. APA Violation: WAC 220-417-040, WAC 220-440-210, and WAC 220-440-070 Exceed the Statutory Authority of the Agency and Are Arbitrary and Capricious
  - 88. Petitioner incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 89. A court shall declare a rule unlawful if it exceeds the statutory authority of the agency . . . or is arbitrary and capricious. RCW 34.05.570(2)(c).
- 90. WAC 220-417-040, WAC 220-440-210, and WAC 220-440-070 purport to implement the Initiatives, but fail to contain key limitations on the use of bait, hounds, and traps required by the Initiatives, thus allowing WDFW to conduct a Program that likewise fails to adhere to these limitations.
- 91. WAC 220-440-210 exceeds the statutory authority of the Respondents for the reasons alleged above, including because it fails to:
- a. Limit use of dogs for bear hunting to "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" or "by the owner or tenant of real property consistent with a permit issued and conditioned by the director," as required by Initiative 655. RCW 77.15.245(2)(a);
- b. Limit use of bait for bear hunting to "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies," as required by Initiative 655. RCW 77.15.245(1)(a);
- c. Regulate supplemental feeders to prevent feeders from being used as unpermitted baiting by landowners who are not agents or employees of the government when Initiative 655 prohibits the use of baiting by anyone except for agents or employees of the government. RCW 77.15.245(1)(a); and

- d. Ensure "employees or agents of county, state, or federal agencies" kill bears with use of bait or hounds only "for the purpose of protecting livestock, domestic animals, private property, or the public safety" as required by Initiative 655. RCW 77.15.245(1)(a) & (2)(a). Specifically, the "black bear removal criteria" included within the regulation are insufficient to ensure that only bears that peel trees are targeted, by, for example, limiting use of these methods to target bears caught in the act of damaging trees or found within a small area near peeled trees.
- 92. WAC 220-440-070 and WAC 220-417-040 exceed Respondents' statutory authority and are arbitrary and capricious for the reasons described above, including because they fail to:
- a. Require that Respondents make "a finding in writing that the animal problem has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by nonlethal control tools" before issuing special permits for trapping as required under Initiative 713. RCW 77.15.194(4)(b); and
- b. Limit issuance of Permits to people "who establish[] that there exists on a property an animal problem," as required by Initiative 713. RCW 77.15.194(4)(b). Specifically, the regulations fail to include criteria that reasonably target only those bears causing property damage.
- 93. This Court should declare WAC 220-417-040, WAC 220-440-070 and WAC 220-440-210 unlawful because the rules exceed the statutory authority of the agency and are arbitrary and capricious.
- 94. This Court should declare the 2018 Permits unlawful and order WDFW to withdraw them because they were issued pursuant to unlawful rules.
- 95. This Court should enjoin Respondents from issuing further Permits that authorize the killing of black bears until Respondents comply with Initiatives 655 and 713.
- 96. Petitioner should be awarded its costs, attorneys' fees, and other expenses associated with this litigation pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act, RCW 4.84.350.

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VIII. FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Against Respondent WDFW

## A. APA Violation: Respondent WDFW Has Engaged in Improper Rule-Making

- 97. Petitioner incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 98. A court shall declare a rule unlawful if it was adopted without compliance with statutory rule-making procedures. RCW 34.05.570(2)(c).
- 99. The non-public policies for the implementation of the Program are rules because they are agency orders, directives, or regulations of general applicability, which establish, alter, or revoke qualifications or requirements relating to the enjoyment of benefits or privileges conferred by law, namely, the benefit or privilege of hunting black bears with the use of bait or hounds or trapping black bears. RCW 34.05.010(16)(c).
- 100. The non-public policies for the implementation of the Program are unlawful because they meet the definition of "rules" and were adopted without compliance with statutory rule-making procedures.
- 101. This Court should declare the non-public policies for the implementation of the Program unlawful because they were adopted without compliance with statutory rule-making procedures.
- 102. This Court should enjoin Respondents from issuing further Permits authorizing the killing of black bears that are issued pursuant to unlawful rules.
- 103. Petitioner is entitled to an award of costs, attorneys' fees, and other expenses associated with this litigation pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act, RCW 4.84.350.

## IX. PETITIONER'S PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Petitioner respectfully requests that this Court:

- 1. Declare the 2018 Permits issued pursuant to the Program to be unlawful because their issuance exceeded WDFW's statutory authority;
- 2. Declare the 2018 Permits issued pursuant to the Program to be unlawful because their issuance and the Program under which they were issued was arbitrary and capricious;

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#### 1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 2 Pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085, the undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury under 3 the laws of the State of Washington, that on the 31st day of May 2018, the document attached 4 hereto was presented to the Clerk of the Court for filing and uploading to the CM/ECF system 5 and served upon the attorney and parties in the manner listed below: 6 by Thurston County ECF Bob Ferguson, Attorney General 7 by Electronic Mail Attn: Division of Fish, Wildlife and Parks by Facsimile Transmission 1125 Washington Street SE 8 by First Class Mail Olympia, WA 98501 $\square$ by Hand Delivery 9 by Overnight Delivery 10 Joe Stohr, Acting Director Dept. of Fish and by Thurston County ECF by Electronic Mail Wildlife 11 by Facsimile Transmission Natural Resources Building by First Class Mail 1111 Washington St. SE 12 $\square$ by Hand Delivery Olympia, WA 98501 by Overnight Delivery 13 Department of Fish and Wildlife by Thurston County ECF 14 by Electronic Mail Natural Resources Building by Facsimile Transmission 1111 Washington St. SE 15 by First Class Mail Olympia, WA 98501 $\square$ by Hand Delivery 16 by Overnight Delivery 17 Executed on the 31st day of May, 2018, at Seattle, Washington. 18 19 s/Patti Lane 20 Patti Lane, Legal Assistant 21 22 23 24 25 26



# Washington Department of FISH and WILDLIFE

## **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16095-0

## Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Weyerhaeuser	Kristi	Kristi Tausch			PO Box 889					
Company Name		Representative's Name			Street Address					
Rainier		WA	98576		(360) 44	(360) 446-3882		(360) 446-3882		
City		State	Zip Code		Office Ph	Office Phone			Cell Phone	
Is Authorized to Remo	ove 2 Bea	r using Hound	d only.							
Permit Area (Twp, R	g, Sec )	15N, 01E, 28			Local Na	me <u>2</u>	125T			
GPS Coordinates Decimal Degrees	Lat	46.76159	Long	-122.69155	County	Lewis		Acres 6	40	
Permit Valid from	5/4/2018			То	6/3/2018					
Describe Actual or Im	nmediate T	hreat to Proper	rty:							
20 Yr old stand wi	th fresh d	amage to DF	trees							
					-					

I, the undersigned, acknowledge that I have read the terms and conditions of this Permit, and I agree to be bound by all applicable RCWs, WACs, and Permit conditions. I understand that the State of Washington is issuing this Permit to allow me the benefits of the statutes and regulations listed herein, and that the State has not in any way directed, advised or otherwise indicated how the removal allowed by this Permit is to be carried out except as stated within this Permit. I also waive for myself, my heirs, administrators, and assignees, all claims against the state of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, for all injury or loss occurring in any manner whatsoever while exercising the privileges granted by this Permit. I further agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, from any and all claims arising from injury or loss to any other person or property directly or indirectly related to the use of any privileges granted by this Permit.

#### PERMIT MUST BE SIGNED BY PERMITTEE AND HUNTER(S) TO BE VALID

	Weyerhaeuser				
Land owner Signature	Printed Name	Date			
CHARLES BAILEY	CRYSTAL BAILEY	MICHAEL CASSIDY			
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name			
JEREMY HUNTLEY	JOSEPH SLONE	Clayton Steinback			
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name			
Danith		5/1/2018			
Issued by (Signature) Dan Brinson, Wildlife C	Conflicts Section Date				

Hide Tags: 4500, 4501 Tooth Envelopes: 37500, 37501

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.

  L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the
- animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report. M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

## HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16095-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within <u>24 hours</u> of taking game. <u>Within seven (7) days</u> of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

	]	Email: <u>be</u>	artimber@dfv	v.wa.gov					
I am requesting renew Landowner/representa					s that co	ntinue to c	ause damage.		
Name of Company/Landowner:	Weyerh	aeuser	Pe	ermit Dates	: 5/4/2	5/4/2018 - 6/3/2018			
Hunters/Agents Name:	-		W	ILD ID#	-				
WDFW Bear Hide Seal #4500		# 45	501 To	Tooth Envelope		# 37500	# 37501		
Species Killed:	Carcass	Receipt:	•	LAT:	al Degrees		·		
Sex:	Hide	Receipt:		LONG: Decimal D					
Comments: Must state why carcass was	unrecoverable, pr	rovide GPS lo	cation in Decimal Deg	grees ONLY.					
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renew	al				Date	e:			
For Official Use Only:					•	<u> </u>			
Failure to do so will constitute a vice  HIDE  IDENTIFICATIO	lation of the d	th, and paws with claws must be retrieved if the depredation permit.  BEAR GALL IDENTIFICATION			7 [	MEAT IDENTIFICATION			
TAG			TAG	NO: 16095-0		TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16095-0			
PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16095-	0		ERMIT NO 201805-160						
BEAR TAG NO:		BE	AR TAG N			BEAR TAG NO			
HOUND HANDLER/MASTEI	2	HOUND HANDLER/MASTER				HOUND HANDLER/MASTER			
HUNTER/TRAPPER NA	•		DLUMMAS	TLI		HAND	LER/MASTER		



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16096-0

### Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Weyerhaeuser	Kelly	Dougherty	500 Metcalf St Building F	F-5E
Company Name	Repres	sentative's Name	Street Address	
Sedro Wooley	WA	98284	(360) 424-2014	(360) 424-2014
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bea	ar using Hound	d only.		
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	31N, 07E, 16		Local Name Granite B	lock
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	48.13245	Long <u>-121.94933</u>	County Snohomish	Acres 4000
Permit Valid from 5/4/2018	}	То	6/3/2018	
Describe Actual or Immediate	Threat to Proper	rty:		
Several fresh peels observed	d			
		_		

I, the undersigned, acknowledge that I have read the terms and conditions of this Permit, and I agree to be bound by all applicable RCWs, WACs, and Permit conditions. I understand that the State of Washington is issuing this Permit to allow me the benefits of the statutes and regulations listed herein, and that the State has not in any way directed, advised or otherwise indicated how the removal allowed by this Permit is to be carried out except as stated within this Permit. I also waive for myself, my heirs, administrators, and assignees, all claims against the state of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, for all injury or loss occurring in any manner whatsoever while exercising the privileges granted by this Permit. I further agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, from any and all claims arising from injury or loss to any other person or property directly or indirectly related to the use of any privileges granted by this Permit.

#### PERMIT MUST BE SIGNED BY PERMITTEE AND HUNTER(S) TO BE VALID

Weyerhaeuser	
Printed Name	Date
CALEB ECKLUND	MONTE GRAY
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
Brock Schamp	CARY SCHAMP
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
5,	/1/2018
offlicts Section Date	
	Printed Name  CALEB ECKLUND  Permittee/Independent Contractor Name  Brock Schamp  Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

Hide Tags: 4502, 4503 Tooth Envelopes: 37502, 37503

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled,
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16096-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within <u>24 hours</u> of taking game. <u>Within seven (7) days</u> of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

Email: <u>beartimber@dfw.wa.gov</u>

<u>Landowner/representat</u>	<u>ive must sign</u> t	o request a p	ermit extensi	ion.			
Name of Company/Landowner:	Weyerhaeu	ıser	Permi	it Dates:	5/4/2	018 - 6/3/2	2018
Hunters/Agents Name:			WILI	D ID#			
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4502	# 4503	Tooth	Envelop	oe .	# 37502	# 37503
Species Killed:	Carcass Re	ceipt:	•	LAT: Decimal	Degrees		•
Sex:	Hide Re	ceipt:		LONG:	Degrees		
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renewa For Official Use Only:  All black bear gall bladders, gall bladirected on the permit. All galls, hea Failure to do so will constitute a viol	dder tags, hides, ds w/teeth, and p			st he turne	Date		
	ation of the depi						
HIDE IDENTIFICATIO TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16096-	N II	BEAR DENTIF	GALL FICATION AG MIT NO:	ON	ne bear ca	N DENT	
IDENTIFICATIO TAG PERMIT NO:	N II	BEAR DENTIF T PERN BH-2018	GALL FICATION AG MIT NO:	ON	ne bear ca	NDENT	TEAT IFICATION TAG RMIT NO:



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16120-0

## Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

ossession.				
Weyerhaeuser	Shar	ne Szczerba	PO Box 190	
Company Name	Repre	esentative's Name	Street Address	
Castle Rock	WA	98611	(360) 274-3048	(360) 274-3048
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bea	ar using Hour	nd only.		
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	08N, 01E, 03	3	Local Name 1624 Rd	
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	46.20902	Long -122.66953	County Cowlitz	Acres <u>640</u>
Permit Valid from 5/5/2018	3	To	5/4/2018	
Describe Actual or Immediate	Threat to Prope	erty:		
Black bears peeling conifer	s. HQ rd to 1	600 to 1624 rd, follow to	end	
RCWs, WACs, and Permit c he statutes and regulations I removal allowed by this Pern administrators, and assignees occurring in any manner what and hold harmless the State of	onditions. I use the case of t	and that the State of and that the State has not in arried out except as stated against the state of Washin e exercising the privileges an, its officers, agents, or e	ditions of this Permit, and I agree f Washington is issuing this Pern in any way directed, advised or o within this Permit. I also waive f agton, its officers, agents, or emp is granted by this Permit. I further employees, from any and all claim of any privileges granted by this	nit to allow me the benefits of therwise indicated how the for myself, my heirs, loyees, for all injury or loss agree to indemnify, defend, ans arising from injury or loss to

#### PERMIT MUST BE SIGNED BY PERMITTEE AND HUNTER(S) TO BE VALID

	Weyerhaeuser	
Land owner Signature	Printed Name	Date
CODY EVANS	BRANDON HENKER	JAMES HOFFMAN
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
JEREMY KANOOTH	ROBERT WHITE	
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
Danithu		5/3/2018
Issued by (Signature) Dan Brinson, Wildlife Co	onflicts Section Date	

Hide Tags: 4514, 4515 Tooth Envelopes: 37514, 37515

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report. M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16120-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within 24 hours of taking game. Within seven (7) days of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.410, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

Email: beartimber@dfw.wa.gov

I am requesting rene Landowner/represen			0 1		ars 1	that con	tinue to cau	ıse damag	ge.
Name of Company/Landowne	r: Weyerha	euser	Per	rmit Dat	es:	5/5/20	018 - 6/4/2	2018	
Hunters/Agents Name:	·		WI	LD ID#					
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4514	# 4515	То	oth Env	elop	e	# 37514	# 3'	7515
Species Killed:	Carcass F	Receipt:	•	LAT		Degrees		•	
Sex:	Hide F	Receipt:		LON		Degrees			
Comments: Must state why carcass v	vas unrecoverable, pro	vide GPS locatio	on in Decimal Degr	rees ONLY					
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Rene	wal					Date	:		
For Official Use Only:									
All black bear gall bladders, gall directed on the permit. All galls, l	neads w/teeth, and	d paws with c	laws must be						

Failure to do so will constitute a violation of the depredation permit.

HIDE IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16120-0	BEAR GALL IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16120-0	MEAT IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16120-0
BEAR TAG NO:	BEAR TAG NO:	BEAR TAG NO:
HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:	HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:	HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16202-0

### Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

possession.				
Ring Family	Gre	g Jones	21 McIntyre Rd.	
Company Name	Repr	esentative's Name	Street Address	
Elma	WA	98541	(360) 482-5167	(360) 482-5167
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bea	r using Hou	nd only.		
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	31N, 11W, 2	26	Local Name 3053 Rd	
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	48.15700	Long <u>-124.08813</u>	County Clallam	Acres <u>150</u>
Permit Valid from 5/13/2013	8	To	5/12/2018	
Describe Actual or Immediate T	hreat to Prop	erty:		
Black bears peeling trees. H	Iwy 112 to I	East 3000 Rd to 3053 Road	1	
RCWs, WACs, and Permit co the statutes and regulations li- removal allowed by this Perm administrators, and assignees occurring in any manner wha and hold harmless the State o	onditions. I usted herein, nit is to be can all claims a tsoever while f Washington	and that the State of and that the State has not in arried out except as stated against the state of Washin the exercising the privileges on, its officers, agents, or e	f Washington is issuing this Pe in any way directed, advised or within this Permit. I also waive agton, its officers, agents, or en a granted by this Permit. I furth	e for myself, my heirs, nployees, for all injury or loss er agree to indemnify, defend, tims arising from injury or loss to

#### PERMIT MUST BE SIGNED BY PERMITTEE AND HUNTER(S) TO BE VALID

	Ring Family	
Land owner Signature	Printed Name	Date
John Bichler Jr	Joseph Currie	BRUCE JONES
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
RUSSEL JONES	LANE MOORE	
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
Danistru	5/	/9/2018
Issued by (Signature) Dan Brinson, Wildlife Co	nflicts Section Date	

Hide Tags: 4518, 4519 Tooth Envelopes: 37518, 37519

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

#### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16202-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within 24 hours of taking game. Within seven (7) days of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.410, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

I am requesting renev Landowner/represent	val of permit	Email: beartiment to remove remains to request a period to remain to request a period to remain to request a period to request a period to remain to request a period	ning permitt	ed bears	that co	ntinue to ca	use damage.
Name of Company/Landowner		_ 1 1		t Dates:	5/13/	/2018 - 6/1	2/2018
Hunters/Agents Name:			WILD	D ID#			
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4518	# 4519	Tooth	Envelo	pe	# 37518	# 37519
Species Killed:	Carcass	Receipt:	•	LAT: Decimal	Degrees	•	
Sex:	Hide	Receipt:		LONG:			
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renev For Official Use Only:  All black bear gall bladders, gall b		les, and depredation	on permits mus	st be turn	Date		rdinated drop-off as
HIDE IDENTIFICATIO TAG	olation of the d	BEAR IDENTIF T.	GALL ICATION		] [	N DENT	MEAT IFICATION TAG
PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16202	-0	PERM BH-2018	IIT NO: 05-16202	2-0			RMIT NO: 1805-16202-0
BEAR TAG NO	:	BEAR	ΓAG NO	):		BEAI	R TAG NO:
HOUND HANDLER/MASTE		НО	LIND				_



Issued by (Signature)

Dan Brinson, Wildlife Conflicts Section

Hide Tags: 4520, 4521

# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16203-0

## Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Merrill and Ring	Greg	Jones	813 East 8th St	
Company Name	Repres	sentative's Name	Street Address	
Port Angeles V	VA	98362	(360) 640-9815	(360) 640-9815
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bear	using Hound	d only.		
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec ) 3	1N, 12W, 24	ŀ	Local Name 3400 R	d
GPS Coordinates Lat 4 Decimal Degrees	8.16320	Long <u>-124.19955</u>	County Clallam	Acres <u>150</u>
Permit Valid from 5/13/2018		То	6/12/2018	
Describe Actual or Immediate The Black bears peeling trees.			ditions of this Pormit and I	agree to be bound by all applicable
RCWs, WACs, and Permit con the statutes and regulations list removal allowed by this Permit administrators, and assignees, a	ditions. I ur ed herein, a t is to be can all claims ag oever while	nderstand that the State of nd that the State has not rried out except as stated gainst the state of Washing exercising the privileges	of Washington is issuing this in any way directed, advised within this Permit. I also wangton, its officers, agents, or	Permit to allow me the benefits of I or otherwise indicated how the aive for myself, my heirs, employees, for all injury or loss
and hold harmless the State of			employees, from any and all	claims arising from injury or loss to
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di	rectly or inc	directly related to the use	employees, from any and all	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di  PERMIT M	rectly or inc	directly related to the use SIGNED BY PERMIT Merrill and Ring	employees, from any and all e of any privileges granted by FTEE AND HUNTER(S	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di	rectly or inc	directly related to the use	employees, from any and all e of any privileges granted b	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di  PERMIT M	rectly or inc	directly related to the use SIGNED BY PERMIT Merrill and Ring	employees, from any and all e of any privileges granted by  ITEE AND HUNTER()  Date	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di  PERMIT M  Land owner Signature	rectly or inc	Merrill and Ring Printed Name	employees, from any and all e of any privileges granted by  ITEE AND HUNTER(S  Date	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.  S) TO BE VALID
and hold harmless the State of any other person or property di  PERMIT M  Land owner Signature  John Bichler Jr	rectly or inc	SIGNED BY PERMIT  Merrill and Ring  Printed Name  Joseph Currie	employees, from any and all e of any privileges granted by  ITEE AND HUNTER(S  Date	claims arising from injury or loss to y this Permit.  S) TO BE VALID  JCE JONES

5/9/2018

Tooth Envelopes: 37520, 37521

Date

5/9/2018 9:20:09 AM

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

#### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16203-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within 24 hours of taking game. Within seven (7) days of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.410, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

		nail: <u>beartiml</u>		Ü				
I am requesting renew Landowner/representa					nat coi	atinue to	cause	damage.
Name of Company/Landowner:	Merrill and	d Ring	Permi	t Dates:	5/13/	/2018 -	6/12/2	018
Hunters/Agents Name:			WILD	) ID#				
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4520	# 4521	Tooth	Envelope	;	# 3752	0	# 37521
Species Killed:	Carcass Re	eceipt:	,	LAT: Decimal De	egrees	-		
Sex:	Hide Re	eceipt:		LONG:				
Comments: Must state why carcass was			D : 1D	Decimal De	grees			
For Official Use Only:  All black bear gall bladders, gall bladirected on the permit. All galls, he Failure to do so will constitute a vice.	ads w/teeth, and j	paws with claws	s must be retri					
HIDE IDENTIFICATIO TAG PERMIT NO:	)N II	DENTIF	GALL				MF	
BH-201805-16203	.0		AG IIT NO:		1	P	T/e ERM	EAT TCATION AG IIT NO: 05-16203-0
		PERM BH-20180	AG IIT NO:	3-0		P BH-2	TA ERM 20180	TCATION AG IIT NO:



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16204-0

### Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Campbell Global	Gr	eg Jones	PO Box 1290					
Company Name	Representative's Name		Street Address					
Port Angeles	WA	98362	(360) 780-1061	(360) 780-1061				
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone				
Is Authorized to Remove 2	Bear using Ho	und only.						
Permit Area (Twp, Rg, Sec	) 32N, 13W,	. 17	Local Name 1100 Rd	I				
GPS Coordinates L Decimal Degrees	at 48.27326	Long <u>-124.40592</u>	County Clallam	Acres <u>200</u>				
Permit Valid from 5/13/	2018	То	6/12/2018					
Describe Actual or Immedia	te Threat to Pro	perty:						
Black bears peeling trees	s. Seiku Mainl	ine to Campbell Compoun	d, left on 1100 RD, rt on 1101					
	_			gree to be bound by all applicable				

I, the undersigned, acknowledge that I have read the terms and conditions of this Permit, and I agree to be bound by all applicable RCWs, WACs, and Permit conditions. I understand that the State of Washington is issuing this Permit to allow me the benefits of the statutes and regulations listed herein, and that the State has not in any way directed, advised or otherwise indicated how the removal allowed by this Permit is to be carried out except as stated within this Permit. I also waive for myself, my heirs, administrators, and assignees, all claims against the state of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, for all injury or loss occurring in any manner whatsoever while exercising the privileges granted by this Permit. I further agree to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the State of Washington, its officers, agents, or employees, from any and all claims arising from injury or loss to any other person or property directly or indirectly related to the use of any privileges granted by this Permit.

#### PERMIT MUST BE SIGNED BY PERMITTEE AND HUNTER(S) TO BE VALID

	Campbell Global	
Land owner Signature	Printed Name	Date
John Bichler Jr	Joseph Currie	BRUCE JONES
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
RUSSEL JONES	LANE MOORE	
Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name	Permittee/Independent Contractor Name
Davitu		5/9/2018
Issued by (Signature) Dan Brinson, Wildlife C	onflicts Section Date	

Hide Tags: 4522, 4533 Tooth Envelopes: 37522, 37523

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report. M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16204-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within <u>24 hours</u> of taking game. <u>Within seven (7) days</u> of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

Email: <u>beartimber@dfw.wa.gov</u>

Name of Company/Landowner:	Campbell	l Global	Perm	it Dates:	5/13/2	018 - 6/12/	2018
Hunters/Agents Name:	_		WILI	D ID#			-
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4522	# 4533	Tooth	n Envelop	e i	# 37522	# 37523
Species Killed:	Carcass R	Receipt:		LAT: Decimal D	egrees		
Sex:	Hide R	Receipt:		LONG: Decimal D	egrees		
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renew	al				Date:		
All black bear gall bladders, gall blaircted on the permit. All galls, he	ads w/teeth, and	d paws with claw	s must be reti				
All black bear gall bladders, gall blaircted on the permit. All galls, he	ads w/teeth, and plation of the de	d paws with claw epredation permit  BEAR  IDENTIF	s must be retr	rieved if the	e bear car	M DENTI	EAT
IDENTIFICATIO	ads w/teeth, and plation of the de	d paws with claw epredation permit  BEAR IDENTIF T	GALL TICATI AG IIT NO:	ON	i bear car	M DENTI T PERM	EAT FICATION
All black bear gall bladders, gall bladirected on the permit. All galls, he Failure to do so will constitute a vio	ads w/teeth, and plation of the de	BEAR DENTIF TA	GALL TICATI AG IIT NO: 05-16204	ON 4-0	i bear car	M DENTI  T PERM BH-2018	EAT FICATION 'AG MIT NO:



LONNY HATTON

**RUSSEL JONES** 

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BH-201805-16206-0

### Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Green Diamond	Gre	eg Jones	215 North Third St					
Company Name	Rep	Representative's Name Street Address						
Shelton	WA	98584 (360) 482-5167		(360) 482-5167				
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone	Cell Phone				
s Authorized to Remove 2 Be	ear using Hou	and only.						
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	21N, 06W,	30	Local Name Middle	Satsop 6800				
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	47.27346	Long <u>-123.49655</u>	County Mason	Acres 150				
Permit Valid from 5/11/20	18	То	6/10/2018					
Describe Actual or Immediate	Threat to Prop	perty:						
Black bears peeling trees								
ACWs, WACs, and Permit of the statutes and regulations a emoval allowed by this Per- administrators, and assignee occurring in any manner whould hold harmless the State	conditions. I listed herein, mit is to be c es, all claims latsoever whi of Washingto	understand that the State and that the State has no carried out except as state against the state of Wasl ile exercising the privileg on, its officers, agents, o	of Washington is issuing this of in any way directed, advised ed within this Permit. I also wanington, its officers, agents, or ges granted by this Permit. I fu	employees, for all injury or loss rther agree to indemnify, defend, claims arising from injury or loss to				
DEDIME	<b>MUST BE</b>	SIGNED BY PERM	ITTEE AND HUNTER(S	S) TO BE VALID				
PERMIT								
PERMII		Green Diamond						

Issued by (Signature) Dan Brinson, Wildlife Conflicts Section Date

Hide Tags: 4524, 4525

**BRUCE JONES** 

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

5/9/2018 1:05:48 PM

Danielle Jones

5/9/2018

Tooth Envelopes: 37524, 37525

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

Permittee/Independent Contractor Name

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.

  L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the
- animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled, conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

#### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BH-201805-16206-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within <u>24 hours</u> of taking game. <u>Within seven (7) days</u> of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

I am requesting renewal of permit to remove remaining permitted bears that continue to cause damage. Landowner/representative must sign to request a permit extension.

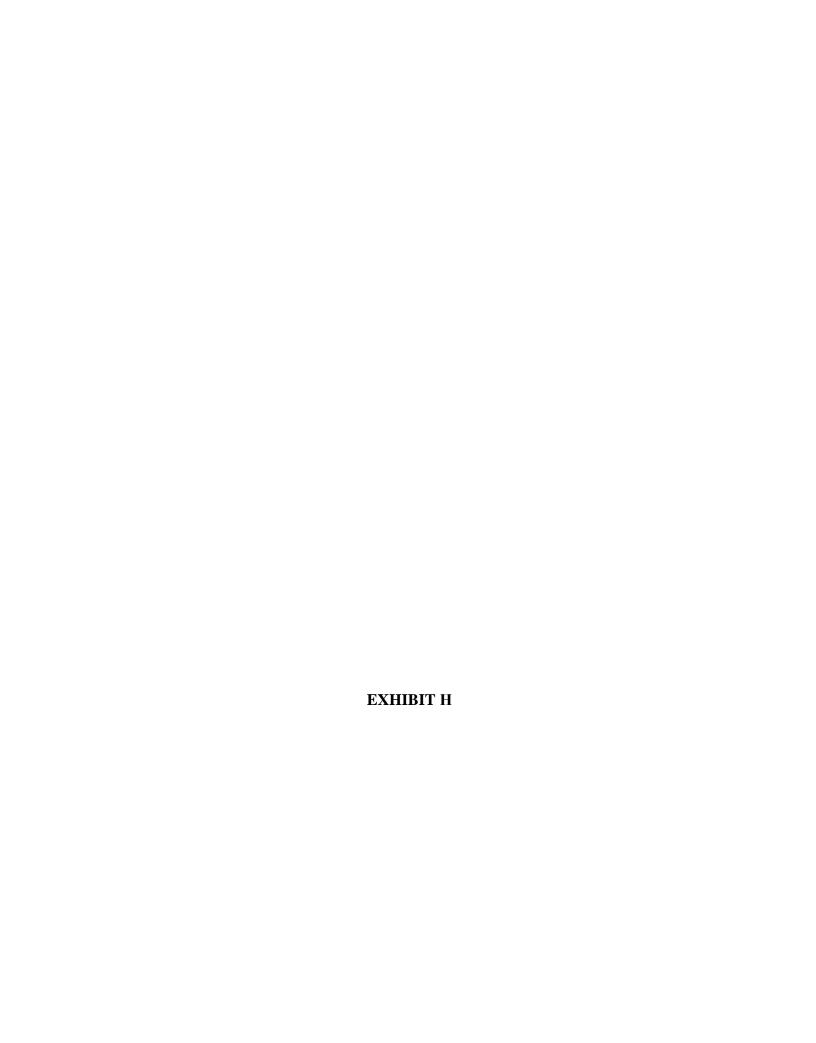
Email: beartimber@dfw.wa.gov

Name of Company/Landown	er: Green Di	Green Diamond		Permi	nit Dates: 5/11		5/11/2018 - 6/10/2018		
Traine of Company/Landown	ci. Gicchi Di	.amonu		1 CIIIII	Crimi Dates.		3/11/2018 - 0/10/2018		
Hunters/Agents Name:					WILD ID#				
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4524	# 4	1525	Tooth Envelope		ppe	# 3752	4	# 37525
Species Killed:	Carcass F	Carcass Receipt:			LAT: Decima	al Degrees			-
Sex:	Hide F	Receipt:			LONG Decima	: al Degrees			
Comments: Must state why carcass	was unrecoverable, pro	ovide GPS lo	ocation in Decimal	Degrees	ONLY.				
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Ren	ewal					Date			

#### For Official Use Only:

All black bear gall bladders, gall bladder tags, hides, and depredation permits must be turned into a WDFW coordinated drop-off as directed on the permit. All galls, heads w/teeth, and paws with claws must be retrieved if the bear cannot be salvaged in its entirety. Failure to do so will constitute a violation of the depredation permit.

HIDE IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16206-0	BEAR GALL IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16206-0	MEAT IDENTIFICATION TAG PERMIT NO: BH-201805-16206-0
BEAR TAG NO:	BEAR TAG NO:	BEAR TAG NO:
HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:	HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:	HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BS-201805-16097-0

### Removal of Bear

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Soule Land Corp.	Matt	Stevens	PO Box 90		
Company Name	Repre	esentative's Name	Street Address		
Centralia	WA	98531	(425) 954-6766	5	(425) 954-6766
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone		Cell Phone
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bea	r using Snar	e only.			
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	, ,		Local Name	Soule	
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	47.13381	Long <u>-124.15869</u>	County Lewis	8	Acres <u>240</u>
Permit Valid from 5/1/2018		To :	5/31/2018		
Describe Actual or Immediate T Significant damage to stand	Threat to Prope	erty:			
any other person or property	tsoever whil f Washingto directly or in	e exercising the privileges in, its officers, agents, or e	s granted by this Pe employees, from an of any privileges g	rmit. I further a y and all claims ranted by this F	gree to indemnify, defend, arising from injury or loss to Permit.
		Soule Land Corp.			
Land owner Signature		Printed Name		Date	
USDA APHIS					
Permittee/Independent Contractor N	ame	Permittee/Independent Con	itractor Name	Permittee/Ind	ependent Contractor Name
Permittee/Independent Contractor N	rame	Permittee/Independent Con			ependent Contractor Name
	tare tu		5	5/1/2018	
, ,	nson, Wildlife (	Conflicts Section 4504, 4505	Date Tooth Envelopes	: 37504, 3750	5

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled,
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

#### HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT # BS-201805-16097-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within 24 hours of taking game. Within seven (7) days of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.410, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

nail· heartimher@dfw wa gov

I am requesting renew Landowner/representa	<del> </del>		1						
Name of Company/Landowner:	Soule La	and Corp	). F	Permi	t Dates:	5/1/2018 - 5/31/2018			
Hunters/Agents Name:			V	WILD	ID#				
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4504	# 4	505	Tooth	Envelope	)	# 3750	)4	# 37505
Species Killed:	Carcass I	Receipt:			LAT: Decimal D	egrees			
Sex:	Hide I	Receipt:		LONG: Decimal Degree		egrees			
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renew	al	Π				Date	e:		
directed on the permit. All galls, he	ads w/teeth, an	d paws w	th claws must b						
directed on the permit. All galls, he Failure to do so will constitute a vio	ads w/teeth, an elation of the de	d paws we predation	th claws must be permit.  EAR GA TIFICA	LL	eved if the	bear o	cannot be	salvage MI TIF	EAT
directed on the permit. All galls, he Failure to do so will constitute a vio	ads w/teeth, an elation of the de	d paws we predation BI IDEN	th claws must be permit.	LL TIO	ON	bear o	DEN	MI TIF TA	ed in its entirety.
IDENTIFICATIO TAG PERMIT NO:	on the description of the descri	BI IDEN  BS-2	EAR GA TIFICA TAG PERMIT NO	LL TIO	ON	bear o	DEN P BS-2	MI TIF TAPERM	EAT FICATION AG IIT NO:



# **DEPREDATION PERMIT**

Permit #

BS-201805-16123-0

## **Removal of Bear**

This Bear Depredation Permit (Permit) constitutes a limited grant of authority to the persons or entities (Permittee) identified below to haze or remove black bear that are damaging timber. This Permit also authorizes the use of hunting dogs, trappers using foot snares, or Boot/Master Hunters as nuisance bear removal methods, as specified herein. This limited grant is issued solely under the provisions of the statutes and regulations listed below and does not constitute authority to bind the state to contracts or other obligations in any respect. Any Permittee listed below shall be deemed an independent contractor who shall be solely liable for any and all damage arising out of any activities connected with this Permit. Compensation for any contracts entered into in connection with this Permit shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner or other person hiring the Permittee to remove black bear. Authority for this Permit is granted under RCWs 77.15.010, 77.15.194, 77.12.240, 77.15.245, 77.36.030, and WACs 220-417-040 and 220-440-210.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) reserves the right to verify damage via a site visit at any time. Prior notification will be made to applicants. Permits are subject to revocation if damage is unverifiable.

The activity granted by this Permit applies only to the property owner, tenant of the property described on this Permit, and the Permittees listed. Any person exercising the privileges granted by this Permit must have this Permit in his/her immediate possession.

Hampton	Beth Fitch		42235 Old Hwy	7 30		
Company Name	Repres	entative's Name	Street Address			
Astoria	OR	97103	(503) 458-6111		(503) 458-6111 Cell Phone	
City	State	Zip Code	Office Phone			
Is Authorized to Remove 2 Bea	ar using Snare	only.				
Permit Area ( Twp, Rg, Sec )	11N, 09W, 35		Local Name	Crusher Creek		
GPS Coordinates Lat Decimal Degrees	46.39133	Long -123.75793	County Pacific	С	Acres <u>119</u>	
Permit Valid from 5/8/2018	}	To6	/7/2018		_	
Describe Actual or Immediate 7	Threat to Proper	ty:				
any other person or property	s, all claims ag atsoever while of Washington directly or ind	ainst the state of Washing exercising the privileges , its officers, agents, or en lirectly related to the use	gton, its officers, ag granted by this Per mployees, from any of any privileges gr	gents, or employ mit. I further ag and all claims canted by this P	yees, for all injury or loss gree to indemnify, defend, arising from injury or loss to termit.	
PERMIT.	MUST BE S	IGNED BY PERMIT  Hampton	TEE AND HUN	<u> </u>	<u>BE VALID</u>	
Land owner Signature		Printed Name		Date		
DEAN BARTZ						
Permittee/Independent Contractor N	Vame	Permittee/Independent Cont	ractor Name	Permittee/Inde	ependent Contractor Name	
Permittee/Independent Contractor N	Name	Permittee/Independent Cont	ractor Name	Permittee/Inde	ependent Contractor Name	
L	Carethu		5.	/7/2018		
Issued by (Signature) Dan Br	inson, Wildlife Co	onflicts Section	Date			
	Hide Tags: 4	516, 4517	Tooth Envelopes:	35717, 3751	5	

- \* Commercial Bear Timberland Damage: any confirmed, current year, fresh-peeled trees (no red, grey, or needle-less trees) within a stand of Douglas-fir or hemlock trees less than or equal to 30 years of age.
- \* A visual sighting of black bear does not constitute a threat of imminent damage.
- \* Landowners are encouraged to provide hunting access, as defined in WAC 220-440-190, to their affected land during the general bear season.
- A. Hound Handlers are required to contact WDFW Enforcement 24 hours prior to engaging in any hunting activities and provide permit number and directions to the area of activity. For weekend activity, hound handlers must notify WDFW on Friday before 4pm. Call in to 360-902-2936 or email WILDCOMM@dfw.wa.gov.
- B. Prior to exercising the authority granted under a depredation permit, a signed affidavit from each individual designated hound handler, trapper, or Boot/Master Hunter is required. Permits are valid only when an affidavit signed by the Permittee(s) is on file and when this Permit is signed by a designated WDFW representative. The landowner or their designee must sign each Permit issued. Renewal of unfilled Permits require landowner/designee signature only. Permittee(s) need only sign the Affidavit once per bear removal year.
- C. This depredation Permit authorizes either a maximum of four (4) individual hound handlers or two (2) trappers or two (2) Boot/Master Hunters, and two (2) vehicles. The landowner (or their designee) may accompany the designated individuals without counting themselves as part of the removal party. Any bears removed during this Permit period, including by the landowner, count as harvest on this Permit. These privileges entitle the use of dogs by designated hound handlers only and the use of hunting or non-strangling foot snare traps by Boot/Master Hunters and trappers, respectively, as directed on this Permit to pursue and remove black bear. All participants and/or alternates must have a valid Washington big game hunting license with bear as a species option and must meet eligibility requirements. While exercising privileges associated with this Permit, the Permittee(s) provide consent for WDFW personnel to search for wildlife and/or parts thereof in all vehicles involved with the hunting activity authorized by this Permit. The privileges granted in this Permit may not be transferred.
- D. Hounds may not strike on state on federal lands and must strike within one (1) mile of the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit, with pursuit and harvest occurring no further than three (3) miles from the original GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. This Permit does not authorize the presence of hound handlers or alternates with their hounds further than three (3) miles from the damage GPS coordinates unless hound handlers are only retrieving their hounds; firearms must be unloaded and stowed in their vehicle while handlers are retrieving hounds. Hound handlers may not use bait or lure at any time or under any circumstance to attract a bear and may not strike bears within one (1) mile of feed stations. This Permit does not authorize trespass.
- E. Trappers and Boot/Master Hunters may not hunt or trap on state or federal lands but may use bait to attract black bears to a snare location or hunting area within the damage location, per the attached baiting protocol. Boot/Master Hunters and trappers are prohibited from attempting to remove or removing a bear in excess of one (1) mile from the GPS coordinates listed on this Permit. Foot Snare(s) must be checked every 24 hours.
- F. Prior to permit start date, provide all feeder station GPS locations to WDFW and remove all feed stations and feed within removal area (1-mile radius for trappers and Boot/Master Hunters; 3-mile radius for hound handlers). Failure to do so will result in revocation of a Bear Depredation Permit.
- G. The designated Permittee(s) must make every effort to kill the animal quickly and to prevent the animal from escaping or suffering. Any black bear removed under conditions of this Permit must be immediately tagged by the designated Permittee(s) with the furnished depredation Hide Seal. Upon conclusion of this Permit, any unused Hide Seals, tooth envelopes, and the harvest report must be completed and delivered to the WDFW headquarters office within seven (7) days of this Permit expiration date. The Bear Gall Tags, Meat Identification Tags, and this Permit must accompany all parts of the bear while being transported.
- H. Permittee(s) are required to submit a complete harvest report and associated harvest documents in writing to WDFW within seven (7) days of harvest and notify the landowner of the date and sex of each bear removed within 24 hours of the time of harvest.
- I. Permittee(s) will harvest the gall bladder, complete a black bear Gall Tag, and freeze the gall bladder in such a manner that the Gall Tag remains legible and can be read without thawing. The gall bladder with Gall Tag and the hide with Hide Tag must be submitted by the Permittee(s) to the approved furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal; Permittee(s) must obtain receipts. These receipts and WDFW form 563 are required to be submitted to WDFW as designated on the harvest report form within seven (7) days of removing the animal.
- J. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders within seven (7) days of removing the animal. Designated Permittee(s) will transport items to a location designated by WDFW and obtain receipt(s).
- K. All black bear carcasses, hides, and gall bladders will remain the property of the state and will be transported by the designated hunter(s)/Agents to a location designated by WDFW. Black bears killed under this permit will be taken to a WDFW-approved donation site for distribution to approved charities and organizations. The designated hunter(s)/Agent(s) will obtain receipts from the donation site representative indicating the pounds of meat accepted using a Receipt of Donated Wildlife form WDFW 563. Designated hunters/Agents may not retain the carcass or any parts of bears for personal use.
- L. For any bear taken under the conditions of this depredation Permit that will be donated, Permittee(s) must do following: immediately field dress the animal and take every reasonable precaution to prevent spoilage of meat. For all bears, retention of one of the first teeth (premolar) behind the canine tooth is required. Place the premolar tooth in a bear-tooth envelope, complete all the required information, and return it to WDFW along with the harvest report.

  M. This Permit does not supersede or overrule any city, county, or state firearms regulations. Depredation Permits may be suspended, canceled,
- conditioned, or renewed at the discretion of WDFW. The Permittee(s) shall abide by all conditions set forth on this Permit. Failure to comply with these conditions may constitute a violation of RCW 77.15.410, RCW 77.15.750, and/or RCW 77.15.245. Violation of any Permit provision or direction from landowners may result in immediate Permit revocation and termination, in addition to possible criminal charges. A revocation may be appealed under standard WDFW procedures; however, during an appeal, a hunter or trapper is prohibited from activities associated with a Depredation Permit until the appeal is resolved.
- N. Permits may be issued for a period of up to 30 days and renewed within the same season if authorized bears remain unharvested.
- O. This Permit is valid only when signed by the designated WDFW representative and the landowner or their representative, along with signed affidavits for any designated hound handler(s), hunter(s) and trapper(s), and is received by WDFW Conflict Section. These signatures acknowledge that this Permit and all of its conditions have been read and understood, and that the Permittee(s) agree to be bound by the terms of this Permit. The landowner (representative) will sign this Permit and email, fax, or mail to the WDFW Wildlife Conflict Section prior to the start day of the first Permit. The landowner (representative) must sign each Permit issued; all other Permittee(s) need only sign an affidavit once per season.
- P. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all addresses and telephone numbers listed for designated hound handlers, trappers, Boot/Master Hunters, and alternates are correct. Incorrect addresses or telephone numbers will immediately invalidate this Permit and cause that hound handler, hunter, or trapper to be banned from any subsequent Permits that season.
- Q. Any damage location that cannot be verified by WDFW staff after making a reasonable attempt shall result in suspension of removal activity or revocation of a permit. Failure to address a suspension of activity within 24 hours will result in revocation of the permit.

#### **HARVEST REPORT FROM DEPREDATION PERMIT** # BS-201805-16123-0

Hound handlers, Boot/Master Hunters, and Trappers shall notify the landowner within 24 hours of taking game. Within seven (7) days of removing the animal:

- 1. The gall bladder and tag must be turned in to the authorized furrier and obtain a receipt.
- 2. Hound handlers must turn in ALL black bear hides, including heads, skulls, and paws, and all gall bladders to the authorized furrier within seven (7) days of removing the animal and obtain receipts.
- 3. ALL original hide and carcass receipts, tooth envelopes and harvest reports must be submitted by the hunter(s) to WDFW office listed below within 7 days of harvest. Failure to report is in violation of RCW 77.15.750, 77.15.280, 77.15.410, 77.15.420, WAC 232-36-320 and may result in a hunting infraction.

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Wildlife Conflict Program: Attn. Ralf Schreiner P.O. Box 43141 Olympia, WA. 98504-3200 Fax: (360) 902-2162

I am requesting renewal Landowner/representation	l of permit t		aining permitte	ed bears	that co	ntinue to ca	ause damage.		
Name of Company/Landowner:	Hampton		<u> </u>	t Dates:	5/8/2	2018 - 6/7/	/2018		
Hunters/Agents Name:			WILD	ID#					
WDFW Bear Hide Seal	#4516	# 4517	Tooth	Envelo	pe	# 35717	# 37516		
Species Killed:	Carcass 1	Receipt:	·	LAT:	I Degrees		•		
Sex:	Hide l	Receipt:		LONG	Degrees				
Signature of Hunter: Signature of Landowner for Renewal					Date	e:			
HIDE IDENTIFICATIO	ation of the d	BEAF	R GALL FICATION		] [		MEAT CIFICATION TAG		
TAG  PERMIT NO: BS-201805-16123-0		TAG PERMIT NO: BS-201805-16123-0				PERMIT NO: BS-201805-16123-0			
BEAR TAG NO:		BEAR	TAG NO	<b>:</b>		BEA	R TAG NO:		
HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:		HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAME:				HOUND HANDLER/MASTER HUNTER/TRAPPER NAM			