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12 13	Attorneys for Defendant LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT			
14 15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
16	CHANDA SMITH, et al.,	Case No. CV 93-7044-RSWL (GHKx)		
17	Plaintiffs,	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO JUDGE RONALD S. W. LEW		
18 19 20 21	v. LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, et al., Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiff	DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF COURT TO FILE THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT		
22 23	v. UNITED TEACHERS LOS ANGELES.	[RULE 14]		
242526	Third-Party Defendants.			
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A strike of teachers, nurses, counselors, and psychologists is imminent in the Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD or District). The strike is set to commence next Thursday, January 10, 2019, and as of today's date no exception has been made for the provision of services to students with disabilities who have a right under federal law and the within Modified Consent Decree (MCD) to receive special education and related services.

The District hereby applies ex parte for leave of court to file a third-party complaint under Rule 14 against Third-Party Defendant United Teachers Los Angeles (UTLA), the exclusive bargaining representative of LAUSD certificated classroom teachers, nurses, psychologists, counselors, and other LAUSD employees, who provide special education and related services to individuals with exceptional needs (i.e., special education students) enrolled in and attending schools within the LAUSD.

The Third-Party Complaint, a proposed-version of which is being lodged concurrently herewith, seeks declaratory and injunctive relief against UTLA, enjoining UTLA, its officers, and representatives from causing, encouraging, condoning, or participating in any strike, slowdown, or other work stoppage by any UTLA bargaining unit member who provides educational services to LAUSD special education students.

The relief that will be sought will be limited to services being provided to students with disabilities, and is predicated on the requirements under the IDEA and the MCD that students with disabilities not be deprived of legally-mandated services.

As set forth in the points and authorities filed concurrently herewith, the proposed complaint is timely under Rule 14 because the events set forth there occurred very recently and LAUSD has acted promptly in filing this action. The request is filed ex parte because the strike date is imminent, and LAUSD will need to seek immediate relief to protect the rights of students with disabilities.

Counsel for LAUSD spoke on the morning of January 1, 2019, with two of the three Plaintiff-side parties in the case (Seymour Amster, Esq., for the April Munoz

Intervenors, and Suzanne Snowden, Esq. for the Mina Lee Intervenors). Both Mr. 1 Amster and Ms. Snowden conveyed that their clients have no objection to the filing of 2 the Third-Party Complaint, and that they will not oppose this ex parte application. 3 (See Declaration of Barrett K. Green, filed concurrently herewith.) 4 5 Counsel for Plaintiffs' Class has stated that the Class will oppose the application. (See Declaration of Barrett K. Green, filed concurrently herewith.) 6 7 As more fully set forth in the points and authorities and accompanying papers, 8 it is respectfully submitted that good cause exists for granting the exparte application, and LAUSD respectfully requests that the Court grant leave for the filing of the 9 proposed Complaint. 10 11 Respectfully submitted, Dated: January 3, 2019 12 /s/ Barrett K. Green 13 BARRETT K. GREEN LITTLER MENDELSON PC 14 15 Attorneys for Defendant LAUSD 16 FIRMWIDE:161567043.4 040530.1058 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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14		S DISTRICT COURT		
15	CENTRAL DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	CHANDA SMITH, et al.,	Case No. CV 93-7044-RSWL (GHKx)		
17	Plaintiffs,	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO JUDGE RONALD S. W. LEW		
18	V.	DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES		
19	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL	UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND		
20	DISTRICT, et al.,	AUTORITIES IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR		
21	Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiff	LEAVE OF COURT TO FILE THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT		
22				
23	v. UNITED TEACHERS LOS	[RULE 14]		
24	ANGELES.			
25	Third-Party			
26	Defendants.			
27				
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LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C. 2049 Century Park East 5th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067.3107 310.553.0308 **INTRODUCTION**

Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD or District) submits this memorandum of points and authorities in support of is application for leave of court to file a Third-Party Complaint against proposed Third-Party Defendant United Teachers Los Angeles (UTLA) in the within action.

A strike of teachers, nurses, counselors, and psychologists is imminent. The strike is set to commence next Thursday, January 10, 2019, and, as of today's date, no exception has been made for the provision of services to students with disabilities who have a right under federal law and the within Modified Consent Decree (MCD) to receive special education and related services. (See Declaration of Barrett K. Green ("Green Decl."), filed concurrently herewith, pars. 5-8.)

UTLA is the exclusive bargaining representative of LAUSD certificated classroom teachers, nurses, psychologists, counselors, and other LAUSD employees, who provide special education and related services to individuals with exceptional needs (i.e., special education students) enrolled in and attending schools within the LAUSD. (Green Decl., par. 5.)

The Third-Party Complaint, a proposed-version of which is being lodged concurrently herewith, seeks declaratory and injunctive relief against UTLA, enjoining UTLA, its officers, and representatives from causing, encouraging, condoning, or participating in any strike, slowdown, or other work stoppage by any UTLA bargaining unit member who provides educational services to LAUSD special education students.

The relief that will be sought will be limited to services being provided to students with disabilities, and is predicated on the requirements under the IDEA and the MCD that students with disabilities not be deprived of legally-mandated services. There are separate legal proceedings ongoing with state enforcement agencies relating to the labor-relations aspects of the case, and the services to be provided to non-disabled children. The proposed Third-Party Action is limited to issues involving

students with disabilities who have rights under the IDEA and the MCD. (Green Decl., par. 9.)

As more fully-set forth below, good cause exists for the granting of leave for the following reasons:

- 1. The application was timely. LAUSD filed the application promptly upon learning of the threat to disruption of special education services;
- 2. The underlying issue relates directly to matters that are the subject of the within proceedings;
- 3. There is no prejudice to the plaintiffs (either Plaintiffs' Class, or either set of Intervenors).
- 4. Third-Party Defendant has no say in whether the application is granted, but if leave is given the Third-Party Defendant has the right to respond in the same manner as any defendant, by motion or Answer.
- 5. Without adjudicating the merits of the claims in the Third-Party Complaint, the Third-Party Complaint presents legitimate issues for consideration and adjudication by the Court.

ARGUMENT

A. Authority For Third-Party Complaint Under Rule 14, And Discretion Of The Court To Allow Filing.

Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 14 allows a defending party, as third-party plaintiff, to serve a summons and complaint on a nonparty who is or may be liable to it for all or part of the claim against it. (Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 14(a)(1).)

Where the defending party seeks to file the third-party complaint more than 14 days after service of the defending party's original answer, the third-party plaintiff must obtain the court's leave to file the complaint. (Fed. R. Civ. Proc 14(a)(1).)

The Rule does not set forth any specific criteria which the Court should evaluate in determining whether to grant leave.

However, the courts have held that in deciding whether to grant leave, a court must consider the following: (1) prejudice to the original plaintiff; (2) complication of issues at trial; (3) likelihood of trial delay; and (4) timeliness of the motion to implead. (*Irwin v. Mascott*, 94 F. Supp. 2d 1052, 1056 (N.D. Cal. 2000.)

Rule 14 may be used for purpose of bringing third-party actions in cases in which declaratory judgment or injunctions are sought, where common issues in actions are so interrelated that it would be wastefully duplicative to require separate lawsuits. *Phoenix Mut. Life Ins. Co. v. Seafarers Officers & Employees Pension Plan*, 128 FRD 25 (E.D.N.Y. 1989).

A motion for leave under Rule 14 should be liberally allowed, if it will prevent duplication of suits based on closely related matters," Shaw v. Dawson Geophysical Co., 657 F.Supp.2d 740, 743 n. 2 (S.D.W.Va. 2009) (quoting Dishong v. Peabody Corp., 219 F.R.D. 382, 385 (E.D.Va. 2003)),

B. Good Cause Exists For Granting Leave To File The Third-Party Complaint.

It is respectfully submitted that the factors set forth in *Irwin v. Mascott*, supra, all support the granting of leave.

1. No Prejudice To Plaintiff.

There is no prejudice to the Plaintiff Class. The MCD is in place and there are no proceedings pending at all, let alone any that will be impacted by the Third-Complaint. To the contrary, the Third-Party Complaint seeks to protect the interests of the Plaintiff Class in ensuring the continuity of special education and related services to which the Class is entitled under the IDEA and the MCD.

Moreover, the two sets of Intervenors have stated that they do not oppose the ex parte application or the filing of the Third-Party Complaint.¹ (Green Decl., pars. 2 and 3.)

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¹ The proposed third-party defendant (here, UTLA) is not entitled to notice of the proposed complaint because it is not a party at the time the application is made. Only the existing parties are entitled to notice. (See *Patano v. Clark Equipment Co.*, 139)

In terms of attorneys' fees, pursuant to the MCD, the fees of class counsel are being paid for by the District. (See MCD Section 19, "Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to Plaintiffs' Counsel."²)

It is respectfully submitted that these factors all support the granting of leave.

2. No Complication Of Issues At Trial.

There would be no complication of issues at trial. There is no trial, and the parties are operating under the terms of a consent decree. The bringing of the Third-Party Complaint would in no way impact any trial involving Plaintiffs.

3. No Likelihood Of Delay.

There is no likelihood of delay with respect to the existing litigation. Again, there are no trial-related dates imminent, and the parties are operating under the terms of a consent decree.

4. Timeliness Of Motion To Implead.

UTLA and LAUSD have been involved in mediation and "factfinding" relating to contract negotiation. (Green Decl., par. 6.) So far, these efforts have been unsuccessful and, on December 19, 2018, UTLA announced a strike for UTLA unit members, set to commence January 10, 2019. (Green Decl., par. 6.)

LAUSD promptly prepared and lodged the within Third-Party Action, less than two weeks after UTLA announced the strike, and less than a week after the most recent attempt (December 28, 2018) by LAUSD to persuade UTLA to return to the bargaining table. (Green Decl., pars 5-8.)

LAUSD's request is timely.

FRD 40 (S.D.N.Y. 1991); see also *Hensley v. United States* (D. Montana 1968) 45 F.R.D. 352, 353; *Nelson v. Quimby Island Rec. Dist. Fac. Corp.* (N.D.Cal. 1980) 491 F.Supp. 1364, 1387 n.48.)

2 "96. Counsel for plaintiffs are entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and other expenses pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988, 20 U.S.C. § 1415, and 29 U.S.C. § 794a(b) for work reasonably performed on behalf of the class during the pendency of this Modified Consent Decree"

Finally, to the extent the Court desires the District to preview the merits of the claim in order to demonstrate a reasonable likelihood of success, the District offers the following:

California enacted and has in effect the Educational Employment Relations Act (EERA) (California Government Code section 3540 et seq.).

Under California Government Code section 3544 of the EERA, an employee organization (i.e., union) may become the exclusive representative for the employees of an appropriate unit for purposes of meeting and negotiating (i.e., collective bargaining) by filing a request with a public school employer alleging that a majority of the employees in an appropriate unit wish to be represented by such organization and asking the public school employer to recognize it as the exclusive representative.

Under California Government Code section 3544.1, the public school employer must grant a request for recognition filed pursuant to Section 3544 if the union in question has demonstrated that it has majority support.

Under Government Code section 3543.3, once the union has been recognized, only that union, and not individual employees, may meet and negotiate (i.e., collectively bargain) with the public school employer.

Pursuant to the requirements of the EERA, as enacted by the State of California and mandated upon local school districts, LAUSD recognizes UTLA as the exclusive bargaining representative for the unit of certificated employees of LAUSD that includes teachers, nurses, psychologists, and counselors. (Green Decl., par. 5.)

The EERA also vests in the exclusive representative (in this instance, UTLA), standing to sue in any action or proceeding instituted by it as representative and on behalf of one or more of its members. (See California Government Code section 3543.8.)

Pursuant to the statutory framework described above, UTLA has an exclusive derivative monopoly vested by virtue of LAUSD's recognition of UTLA as bargaining representative, a monopoly imposed by the California Legislature via the

enactment of the EERA. In acting in this capacity, UTLA is an instrumentality created by the State of California and affiliated with LAUSD.

Under the IDEA, the federal government provides funds to the states and, in exchange, states must provide special education and related services to students with disabilities. (See, e.g., *Arlington Cent. Sch. Dist. Bd. of Educ. v. Murphy*, 548 U.S. 291, 295-96 (2006); *Schaffer v. Weast*, 546 U.S. 49, 51 (2005).)

The within class action alleged noncompliance by the District with requirements of the IDEA and related special education laws. The MCD requires that the District ensure the provision of special education services to students, and noncompliance may constitute a violation of the decree. A strike would severely hamper the District's ability to meet its special education obligations, the evidence in support of which the District would proffer during the proceedings.

A disruption of services to class members would expose the District to liability for violation of the MCD, a liability caused by UTLA.

As an instrumentality of the state, the court may enjoin unlawful activity by UTLA similar to the manner in which the Supreme Court recently derived jurisdiction over the dispute in in *Janus v. AFSCM Et Al.* (2018) 585 U.S. ____.

In *Janus*, the Supreme Court was able to reach the issue of dues being received by American Federation Of State, County, And Municipal Employees, Council 31, Et Al ("AFSCM") because of the state statutory scheme in requiring the payment of the dues.

The District respectfully submits that, upon application for provisional relief, the District will be able to prove its case to warrant the intervention of this Court.

However, it is respectfully submitted that the District need not, at this stage, prove that it will certainly prevail in the action, and that the District has made a showing of serious issues to be considered in the Third-Party Complaint warranting the granting of leave to file the Complaint.

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For the above reasons, it is respectfully submitted that good cause exists for granting the ex parte application, and LAUSD respectfully requests that the Court grant leave for the filing of the proposed Third-Party Complaint. Dated: January 3, 2019 Respectfully submitted, /s/ Barrett K. Green BARRETT K. GREEN LITTLER MENDELSON PC Attorneys for Defendant LAUSD FIRMWIDE:161580851.4 040530.1058

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14	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT		
15	CENTRAL DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	CHANDA SMITH, et al.,	Case No. CV 93-7044-RSWL (GHKx)		
17	Plaintiffs,	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO JUDGE RONALD S. W. LEW		
18	V.			
19	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL	DECLARATION OF BARRETT K. GREEN IN SUPPORT OF		
20	DISTRICT, et al.,	DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT'S		
21	Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiff	EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF COURT TO FILE		
22	FIGHTUIT	THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT		
23	V.	[RULE 14]		
24	UNITED TEACHERS LOS ANGELES.			
25	Third-Party			
26	Third-Party Defendants.			
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LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C. 2049 Century Park East 5th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067.3107 310.553.0308

- I, Barrett K. Green, hereby declare and state as follows:
- 1. I am a shareholder with Littler Mendelson PC, counsel for Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District ("District" or "LAUSD") in the within matter. I am also counsel for the District in connection with the labor relations negotiations ongoing between the District and the United Teachers Los Angeles union ("UTLA"). I have personal knowledge of the facts stated in this affidavit and, if called as a witness, could and would testify competently thereto.
- 2. At approximately 11:00 a.m. on January 1, 2019, I spoke by telephone with Suzanne Snowden, Esq., counsel for the Mina Lee intervenors. The call had been arranged on December 28, 2018. During the call with Ms. Snowden, I explained that LAUSD intended to file an ex parte application for leave of court to file a Third-Party Complaint, and I explained to Ms. Snowden the nature of the Complaint. I asked Ms. Snowden whether her clients had any objection to the application or to the filing of the Complaint, and Ms. Snowden told me that they did not.
- 3. At approximately 11:07 a.m. on January 1, 2019, I spoke by telephone with Seymour Amster, Esq., counsel for the April Munoz intervenors. The call had been arranged on December 28, 2018. During the call with Mr. Amster, I explained that LAUSD intended to file an ex parte application for leave of court to file a Third-Party Complaint, and I explained to Mr. Amster the nature of the Complaint. I asked Mr. Amster whether his clients had any objection to the application or to the filing of the Complaint, and Mr. Amster told me that they did not.
- 4. Commencing December 28, 2018, I attempted to contact counsel for the Plaintiffs' Class (specifically, Melinda Bird, Esq., and David German, Esq.) to set up a call regarding the within ex parte application, but was unable to reach them, most likely due to the holiday season. I connected with Ms. Bird yesterday morning, January 2, 2019, and arranged for a 1:30 p.m. call. Ms. Bird and I spoke at approximately 1:30 p.m. yesterday, and she advised that she felt her colleague Robert Myers, Esq., would need to decide what the Class's position is, and that he would call

- 5. The United Teachers Los Angeles (UTLA) is an official LAUSD-recognized union, representing over 30,000 LAUSD employees, including 24,000 teachers, and other certificated employees such as nurses, counselors, and psychologists, and is recognized by LAUSD as the exclusive bargaining representative for this 30,000-employee unit.
- 6. UTLA and LAUSD have been involved in mediation and "factfinding" relating to contract negotiation. So far, these efforts have been unsuccessful and, on December 19, 2018, UTLA announced a strike for UTLA unit members, set to commence January 10, 2019.
- 7. LAUSD has made repeated overtures to UTLA to return to the table, but UTLA has declined.
- 8. LAUSD promptly prepared and lodged the within Third-Party Action, less than two weeks after UTLA announced the strike, and less than a week after the most recent attempt (December 28, 2018) by LAUSD to persuade UTLA to return to the bargaining table.
- 9. The relief sought in this case would be limited to services being provided to students with disabilities, and is predicated on the requirements under the IDEA and the MCD that students with disabilities not be deprived of legally-mandated services. There are separate legal proceedings ongoing with state enforcement agencies relating to the labor-relations aspects of the case, and the services to be provided to non-disabled children. The proposed Third-Party Action is limited to issues involving students with disabilities who have rights under the IDEA and the MCD.

Ca	se 2:93-cv-07044-RSWL-GHK Document 428-2 Filed 01/03/19 Page 4 of 4 Page ID #:3867		
1	10 A true and correct constraints IDDODOSEDI THIDD DADTY		
1	10. A true and correct copy of the [PROPOSED] THIRD-PARTY		
2 3	COMPLAINT BY DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AGAINST THIRD-PARTY DEFENDANT UNITED TEACHERS LOS ANGELES		
4	and the [PROPOSED] SUMMONS ON A THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT are		
5	attached hereto as Exhibit A and Exhibit B, respectively.		
6	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of		
7	America that the foregoing is true and correct.		
8	Executed this third day of January, 2019, at Los Angeles, California.		
9	Executed this time day of sandary, 2019, at Los Angeles, Camornia.		
10			
11	/s/ Barrett K. Green BARRETT K. GREEN		
12	DARRETT K. GREEN		
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LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C. 2049 Century Park East 5th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067.3107 310.553.0308	3.		

Exhibit A

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12 13	Attorneys for Defendant LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT			
14	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT		
15	CENTRAL DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	CHANDA SMITH, et al.,	Case No. CV 93-7044-RSWL (GHKx)		
17	Plaintiffs,	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO JUDGE RONALD S. W. LEW		
18	v.	IPROPOSEDI THIRD-PARTY		
19 20	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, et al.,	[PROPOSED] THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT BY DEFENDANT LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AGAINST THIRD-		
21	Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiff	PARTY DEFENDANT UNITED TEACHERS LOS ANGELES		
22	V			
23	V.			
24	UNITED TEACHERS LOS ANGELES.			
25	Third-Party Defendants.			
26	Defendants.			
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LITTLER MENDELSON, P.C. 2049 Century Park East 5th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067.3107 310.553.0308 INTRODUCTION

- 1. This is a Third-Party Complaint brought by Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD or District) against Third-Party Defendant United Teachers Los Angeles (UTLA), the exclusive bargaining representative of LAUSD certificated classroom teachers, nurses, psychologists, counselors, and other LAUSD employees, who provide special education and related services to individuals with exceptional needs (i.e., special education students) enrolled in and attending schools within the LAUSD. The Third-Party Complaint seeks declaratory and injunctive relief against UTLA, enjoining UTLA, its officers, and representatives from causing, encouraging, condoning, or participating in any strike, slowdown, or other work stoppage by any UTLA bargaining unit member who provides educational services to LAUSD special education students.
- 2. The operative complaint in the within action (Second Amended Class Action Complaint For Injunctive And Declaratory Relief filed June 26, 1995 by the Plaintiff Class) alleges that LAUSD violated the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Section 504 the Rehabilitation Act (Section 504), and the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 U.S.C. section 1983 by failing to timely identify disabled children, and by failing to provide disabled students with a free appropriate public education necessary for the students to successfully participate in and complete elementary and secondary schooling within the LAUSD. (See Second Amended Class Action Complaint, Par. 1.)
 - 3. There are greater than 60,000 special education students in the LAUSD.
- 4. Failure of LAUSD employees to provide special education and related services to LAUSD students with disabilities exposes LAUSD to liability against the Plaintiff Class. Further, pursuant to the terms of the Modified Consent Decree (MCD) entered into hereto in 2003, the District is under strict guidelines to ensure that students with disabilities are provided, and not systemically deprived of, special education and related services. Failure of LAUSD employees to provide special

education and related services to students with disabilities exposes LAUSD to liability against the Plaintiff Class for noncompliance with the MCD.

- 5. Under Rule 14 and law, a defending party may, as third-party plaintiff, serve a summons and complaint on a nonparty who is or may be liable to it for all or part of the claim against the defending party.
- 6. LAUSD seeks declaratory and emergency provisional relief, enjoining UTLA from calling for the deprivation of services to LAUSD's most vulnerable students. Absent provisional relief, already identified children with disabilities will suffer irreparable harm through the deprivation of services, children with unidentified disabilities will be delayed in being identified as eligible and be deprived of services and in, some instances, students with serious disabilities will be placed in extreme danger of injury due to lack of trained personnel or supervision.

JURISDICTION

7. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. section 1331 and 28 U.S.C. section 1343. Federal question jurisdiction arises under the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, including but not limited to (a) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. section 1400 et seq.), (b) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. section 701 et seq.), and (c) the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 48 U.S.C. section 1983.

<u>VENUE</u>

8. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. section 1391(b) because UTLA resides within the Central District of California, and all or substantially all of the events which are the subject of this Complaint took place or are expected to take place within the Central District of California.

PARTIES

- 9. LAUSD is a public school district organized and operating under the Constitution and laws of the State of California. The District is a "public school employer" within the meaning of California Government Code section 3540.1(k).
- 10. Third-Party Defendant UTLA is a "certified employee organization" within the meaning of California Government Code section 3540.1(b), and has been recognized by LAUSD as being the exclusive representative of a bargaining unit of certain LAUSD "certificated employees" that includes LAUSD public school teachers, nurses, psychologists, counselors, and other employees who provide services to special education students.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- A. Harm To Children, And Violation Of The IDEA And MCD, In The Event Of A Strike.
- 11. Under the IDEA, the federal government provides funds to the states and, in exchange, states must provide special education and related services to students with disabilities. (See, e.g., *Arlington Cent. Sch. Dist. Bd. of Educ. v. Murphy*, 548 U.S. 291, 295-96 (2006); *Schaffer v. Weast*, 546 U.S. 49, 51 (2005).)
- 12. In the event of a strike, over 60,000 LAUSD special education students would be severely impacted. Approximately half of this group is in need of the most critical support to maintain their health and safety, including students with severe intellectual disabilities and serious health conditions who require assistance from essential employees, such as special education teachers, counselors, school psychologists, and therapists. Without these critical services, these students' health and safety would be in jeopardy. They could get hurt, hurt themselves, or hurt others.
- 13. It is highly unlikely that LAUSD will be able to obtain sufficient substitutes to cover for striking UTLA unit members who provide services to LAUSD students with disabilities.

- 14. Additionally, if UTLA strikes and some school sites are forced to merge or relocate, the consolidation of schools would have a severe negative impact on the District's blind and visually impaired students who spend a significant amount of time learning mobility and orientation within their assigned school, which would be undermined and could cause physical harm to the students and/or force these students to be confined to a classroom instead of walking around the school site. Similarly, if UTLA strikes, the hearing impaired students would be severely impacted because their communication and access to sign language assistance would likely be limited.
- 15. A UTLA strike would cause severe emotional and psychological trauma for special education students, especially the approximately 11,500 LAUSD students who suffer from autism. Students with autism typically do not handle changes in their schedules well.
- 16. Additionally, the District offers programs for the District's approximately 650 students identified as emotionally disturbed, and a UTLA strike would likely cause emotional and possible physical harm to these students, who are dependent upon these special education and related services, and by the UTLA unit members who provide the services.
- 17. In addition to threatening the health and safety of students, a strike would also jeopardize the legal rights of all special education students because the District would be unable to fully implement students' Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) and comply with federal and state special education laws. This may result in increased complaints made to the Office of Administrative Hearings, California Department of Education, and/or federal Office of Civil Rights, by families on behalf of their children. Responding to and defending the District against these complaints can require a great deal of District resources, and adverse findings can result in enforceable orders and corrective actions being imposed on the District. This, in turn, leads to greater scrutiny of and heavier burdens placed upon the District, as failure to comply with such directives can result in sanctions, including the loss of funding.

18. The within class action alleged noncompliance by the District with requirements of the IDEA and related special education laws. The MCD requires that the District ensure the provision of special education services to students, and noncompliance may constitute a violation of the decree. A strike would severely hamper the District's ability to meet its special education obligations.

B. Monopoly Powers Vested In UTLA By LAUSD As Mandated By The State Of California.

- 19. California enacted and has in effect the Educational Employment Relations Act (EERA) (California Government Code section 3540 et seq.).
- 20. Under California Government Code section 3544 of the EERA, an employee organization (i.e., union) may become the exclusive representative for the employees of an appropriate unit for purposes of meeting and negotiating (i.e., collective bargaining) by filing a request with a public school employer alleging that a majority of the employees in an appropriate unit wish to be represented by such organization and asking the public school employer to recognize it as the exclusive representative.
- 21. Under California Government Code section 3544.1, the public school employer must grant a request for recognition filed pursuant to Section 3544 if the union in question has demonstrated that it has majority support.
- 22. Under Government Code section 3543.3, once the union has been recognized, only that union, and not individual employees, may meet and negotiate (i.e., collectively bargain) with the public school employer.
- 23. Pursuant to the requirements of the EERA, as enacted by the State of California and mandated upon local school districts, LAUSD recognizes UTLA as the exclusive bargaining representative for the unit of certificated employees of LAUSD that includes teachers, nurses, psychologists, and counselors.
- 24. This recognition is reflected in "Article I, Recognition" of the collective bargaining agreement between UTLA and LAUSD (the "CBA"), as follows:

ARTICLE I – RECOGNITION

- 1.0 The Unit: Pursuant to applicable California statutes and regulations, UTLA has been certified as the exclusive representative for the following employees of the District: Included: Certificated employees, except those excluded in Section 1.1, who are in the broad classification of Teacher; Instructor; Library Media Teacher; Counselor; Adviser; Audiologist; Audiometrist; Hygienist; Nonclassroom Assignment, Preparation Table; Non-school Assignment, Preparation Table; Nurse; Optometrist; Psychologist; Social Worker; Teacher-Adviser; Teacher-Counselor; Therapist; or Driver Safety Instructor.
- 25. The EERA also vests in the exclusive representative (in this instance, UTLA), standing to sue in any action or proceeding instituted by it as representative and on behalf of one or more of its members. (See California Government Code section 3543.8.)
- 26. Pursuant to the statutory framework described above, UTLA has an exclusive derivative monopoly vested by virtue of LAUSD's recognition of UTLA as bargaining representative, a monopoly imposed by the California Legislature via the enactment of the EERA. In acting in this capacity, UTLA is an instrumentality created by the State of California and affiliated with LAUSD.
- C. Plan By UTLA Leadership To Strike In Order To Create Chaos In Public Education.
 - 27. In 2014, Alex Caputo-Pearl was appointed as President of UTLA.
- 28. Commencing in or about August 2016, Mr. Caputo-Pearl began openly describing a plan to "build a capacity to strike," at the expiration of the parties' collective bargaining agreement, with a goal to "create a state crisis" and "shock the system into investing in the civic institution of public education." (See Alex Caputo-Pearl, "State of the Union" speech on August 24, 2016.)

29. Specifically, Mr. Caputo-Pearl stated in part during the State of the Union speech, as follows:

"With our contract expiring in June 2017, ... the next year and a half must be founded upon building our capacity to strike, and our capacity to create a state crisis, in early 2018. There simply may be no other way to protect our health benefits and to shock the system into investing in the civic institution of public education."

- 30. Commencing in Spring 2017 and through until July 2018, UTLA and LAUSD engaged in bargaining on a successor to the bargaining agreement that was set to expire June 30, 2017. Thereafter, UTLA declared in July 2018 that the parties were at an "impasse" and EERA State-mandated impasse procedures were implemented that included three mediation sessions in September and October 2018.
- 31. After mediation did not result in a resolution of the impasse, the parties proceeded to "factfinding," a process set forth in the EERA, whereby a neutral factfinder makes recommendations for settlement of the dispute.
- 32. A factfinding hearing was held on December 3 and 4, 2018, and a factfinding report was issued on December 17, 2018, containing recommendations to resolve the items in dispute.
- 33. Under California law, when the factfinding report is issued, the parties are required to consider the report in good faith to determine whether the report forms the basis for resolution of the dispute, or for a resumption of bargaining that might lead to a resolution of the dispute.
- 34. Immediately following issuance of the factfinding report, on December 18, 2018, LAUSD reached out to UTLA, and invited UTLA to resume bargaining in an effort to resolve the labor dispute, as follows:

We have had a chance to review the Factfinding Report, and we are hopeful that the information contained in the report

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will enable the parties to resolve the labor dispute. LAUSD is willing and able to resume bargaining, and invites UTLA to return to the table. Please let us know by end of day Wednesday as to whether UTLA will resume bargaining and, if so, provide proposed dates and times. Please also advise whether it would be desirable to re-engage the mediators. We look forward to hearing from you.

35. On December 19, 2018, UTLA replied, declining to resume bargaining, and insisted that LAUSD accept its demands, as follows:

UTLA has reviewed and considered the Factfinding Report, and we don't believe the findings of the report serve as a basis for resolving the bargaining dispute between UTLA and LAUSD. We encourage the District to finally read the entirety of our last, best, and final package proposal and agree to our demands, which will fundamentally improve the lives of students and educators.

36. That same day, December 19, 2018, UTLA issued a press release and held a press conference, calling for a strike commencing January 10, 2019.

In addition, in the press conference, Mr. Caputo-Pearl stated as follows:

[T]he District has disrespected our students and disrespected us. For these reasons, we have not accepted the District's offer to go back to the table. We're not going to go back and do what we've already done for 20 months and sustain more disrespect of students and members. We've reached the point where enough is enough. We've established January 10th as a strike date.

37. There is no exception under the IDEA or the MCD for denying services to students with disabilities because of a labor strike.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief)

- 38. LAUSD incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 38, inclusive.
- 39. LAUSD alleges that a strike by UTLA would result in an illegal deprivation of services to LAUSD students with disabilities in violation of the IDEA, Section 504, 42 U.S.C. section 1983, and the MCD.

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LAUSD seeks declaratory judgment from this Court that such a strike by 40. 1 2 UTLA would be unlawful, and that UTLA is liable to LAUSD for damages and other 3 consequences of the strike. 4 41. An actual, present, and justiciable controversy has arisen between 5 LAUSD and UTLA concerning UTLA's called-for strike, and responsibility for 6 liability and consequences in the event of a strike. 7 SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF 8 (Injunctive Relief) LAUSD incorporates by reference the allegations contained in 9 42. 10 paragraphs 1 through 41, inclusive. No plain, adequate, or complete remedy at law is available to LAUSD to 11 43. 12 redress the wrongs addressed herein. 13 44. If this Court does not grant the injunctive relief sought herein, LAUSD and affected special education students will be irreparably harmed, and LAUSD is 14 15 likely to prevail on the merits of the claim. 16 PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, LAUSD prays for relief as follows: 17 18 For a declaration that UTLA's threatened actions are unlawful; 1. For an order enjoining UTLA from engaging in the unlawful acts 19 2. complained of herein; and 20 21 3. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. 22 Dated: January , 2019 Respectfully submitted, 23 24 BARRETT K. GREEN LITTLER MENDELSON PC 25 26 Attorneys for Defendant LAUSD 27 28

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Exhibit B

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

		for the
		District of
	Plaintiff)
	V.	Civil Action No.
))
	Defendant, Third-party plaintiff)
	v.)
	Third-party defendant)
	1 7 3	
	SUMMONS ON	N A THIRD-PARTY COMPLAINT
To: /Th	nird-party defendant's name and address)	
10. (<i>In</i>	ura-party aejenaant's name ana aaaress)	
	A lawsuit has been filed against defendant	, who as third-party plaintiff is making
this cla	aim against you to pay part or all of what the	e defendant may owe to the plaintiff
P. 12 (motion	United States or a United States agency, or a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plainting	ons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. ff and on the defendant an answer to the attached complaint or a 1 Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the defendant or:
	It must also be served on the plaintiff or pl	laintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:
compla		t will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the third-party on with the court and serve it on any other parties.
	A copy of the plaintiff's complaint is also	attached. You may – but are not required to – respond to it.
Date:		
		CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Ca	se 2:93-cv-07044-RSWL-GHK	Document 428-5 #:3881	5 Filed 01/03/19	Page 1 of 2	Page ID
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12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
13	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
14	CHANDA SMITH, et al.,	C	ease No. CV 93-	7044-RSWL	(GHKx)
15	Plaintiffs,	A	SSIGNED FOR UDGE RONALI	ALL PURPO S. W. LEW	OSES TO
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17	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED DISTRICT, et al.,	SCHOOL D	DEFENDANT L UNIFIED SCHO	OS ANGEL OL DISTRI	ES [CT
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The Court, having reviewed the exparte application of Defendant Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD or District) for leave of court to file its proposed Third-Party Complaint against proposed Third-Party Defendant United Teachers Los Angeles (UTLA), and good cause appearing therefrom, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows: The application is granted. 1. 2. The proposed Third-Party Complaint, lodged January 3, 2019, is deemed filed as of the date of this Order, and summons shall issue to LAUSD to serve on Third-Party Defendant UTLA together with the Complaint. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated _____ HON. RONALD S. W. LEW UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FIRMWIDE:161579844.1 040530.1058 1.