

1 JASON D. GUINASSO, ESQ. (SBN# 8478)
HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC
2 500 Damonte Ranch Parkway, Suite 980
Reno, NV 89521
3 Telephone: (775) 853-8746
Facsimile: (775) 201-9611
4 jguinasso@hutchlegal.com
Attorney for Rebekah Charleston

5
6 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
7 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

8 REBEKAH CHARLESTON;
9
10 Plaintiff,

11 vs.

12 STATE OF NEVADA; STEVE SISOLAK,
in his capacity as Governor of the State of
Nevada, and the
13 LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF
NEVADA;
14 Defendants.

Case No.:
Dept. No.:

**COMPLAINT
FOR DECLARATORY AND
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

15
16 **COMES NOW**, Plaintiff Rebekah Charleston, by and through her undersigned
17 counsel of record, and hereby requests an order declaring Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1), Nev.
18 Rev. Stat. 244.345(8), and the ordinances of Elko, Lander, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, and
19 White Pine Counties, licensing brothels unconstitutional, null and void as preempted by
20 federal law; and, a preliminary and permanent injunction be issued prohibiting the State of
21 Nevada and all of its political subdivisions from continuing to implement, enforce, or put into
22 force and effect Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8).

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

I.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C. § 1331(2018) and Title 28 U.S.C. § 1343(3) (2018) in that the controversy arises under the United States Constitution and under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (2018) and 28 U.S.C. § 2201 (2018) and 28 U.S.C. § 2202 (2018). This Court has authority to award attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988 (2018).

2. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) (2018); as Plaintiff has operated in, the subject offenses took place in, and a substantial amount of the decisions that are the subject of this civil action were made in this judicial district.

3. An actual controversy exists between the parties within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 2201, and this Court has the authority to grant declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201 and 28 U.S.C. § 2202.

II.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of Texas. Plaintiff has been directly impacted and harmed by the deprivation and violation of her federal rights under the United States Constitution by the actions of the State of Nevada and its officials under the color of state law by enacting Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8), codifying the language authorizing legalized prostitution in licensed brothels in counties with populations less than seven hundred thousand (700,000) within the State of Nevada.

5. Defendant, State of Nevada (the "State"), organized and existing under, and by virtue of, the laws of the United States of America, has violated and continues to violate the United States Constitution by enacting Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8), and by codifying the language authorizing legalized prostitution in licensed

1 brothels in counties with populations less than seven hundred thousand (700,000) within the
2 State of Nevada.

3 6. Defendant, Legislature of the State of Nevada, is the legislative authority of
4 this State and has violated and continues to violate the United States Constitution by enacting
5 Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) without regard to the harm inflicted
6 on Plaintiff and others like Plaintiff who have been illegally trafficked to Nevada to engage
7 in prostitution, and by codifying the language authorizing legalized prostitution in licensed
8 brothels in counties with populations less than seven hundred thousand (700,000) within the
9 State of Nevada.

10 7. Defendant, Steve Sisolak is the Governor of the State of Nevada and is named
11 in this lawsuit in his official capacity only.

12 III.

13 GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

14 **A. 18 U.S.C. 2422(a) Clearly and Unambiguously was Enacted to Prevent** 15 **Persons from Persuading, Inducing, Enticing, and/or Coercing any Person** 16 **to Travel Across State Lines to Engage in Prostitution.**

17 8. On June 25, 1910, the 61st United States Congress passed H.R. 12315, also
18 known as “The Mann Act” (the “Act”) (codified as 18 U.S.C. § 2422(a) (2018)), which
19 criminalized the interstate or foreign commerce transport “of any woman or girl for
20 prostitution, debauchery, or for any other immoral purpose.” The primary intent was to combat
21 prostitution, immorality, and human trafficking for the purposes of prostitution in the United
22 States.

22 ///

23 ///

1 9. C.F.R 22 § 40.24(b) (2018) sets forth the meaning of Prostitution as “engaging
2 in promiscuous sexual intercourse for hire.”¹

3 10. The Mann Act was amended in 1978, extending coverage to prohibit
4 transportation for immoral purposes from “any woman or girl” to “any individual” and
5 increased the penalties specified in the Act.

6 11. The Mann Act was again substantially amended November 7, 1986. In addition
7 to deleting the terms “debauchery” and “other immoral purpose,” the new language
8 criminalized coercion and enticement to “travel in interstate or foreign commerce ... to engage
9 in prostitution” and removed the requirement for transport on an interstate common carrier.
10 The intent of the Act, specifically to combat prostitution and human trafficking for the
11 purposes of prostitution, remained unchanged. The current version specifically provides:

12 Whoever knowingly persuades, induces, entices, or coerces any
13 individual to travel in interstate or foreign commerce, or in any Territory
14 or Possession of the United States, to engage in prostitution, or in any
15 sexual activity for which any person can be charged with a criminal
offense, or attempts to do so, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned
not more than 20 years, or both.

16 U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a).

17 ///

18 ///

19 ///

20 ///

21 ///

23 ¹ Wilder v. Virginia Hosp. Ass'n, 496 U.S. 498, 499, 110 S. Ct. 2510, 2512, 110 L. Ed. 2d 455
24 (1990). An example of the Court utilizing the C.F.R. meaning of “reasonable” to define the
25 statutory requirement for what constitutes “reasonable cost” to be paid to healthcare providers.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

B. 18 U.S.C. 1591 Clearly and Unambiguously Was Enacted to Prevent Persons From Causing any Person in the Jurisdiction of the United States From Recruiting, Enticing, Harboring, Transporting, Providing, Obtaining, Advertising, Maintaining, Patronizing, or Soliciting by any Means, a Person to Engage in a Commercial Sex Act.

12. On October 28, 2000, the 106th Congress passed H.R. 3244, also known as the “Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000” (the “TVPA”) (codified as 22 U.S.C. § 7101-7114 (2018)), which criminalized human trafficking and related offenses as federal crimes with severe penalties attached and established several methods to prosecute traffickers.

13. U.S.C. 22 § 7102(4) sets forth the meaning of Commercial Sex Act as “any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.”

14. The issue of trafficking in persons included those trafficked into the commercial sex industry, modern day slavery, and forced labor.

C. Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) Directly Conflict With the Intent of Federal Law Expressed in 18 U.S.C. 2422(A) and 18 U.S.C. 1591 and Otherwise Perpetuate the Harm Federal Law was Enacted to Redress and Prevent.

15. The reason for vesting the power to regulate commerce in Congress was to insure uniformity of regulation against conflicting and discriminating state legislation. Addyston Pipe & Steel Co. v. United States, 175 U.S. 211, 227, 20 S. Ct. 96, 101, 44 L. Ed. 136 (1899).

16. “The purpose of Congress is the ultimate touchstone in every pre-emption case.” Wyeth v. Levine, 129 S. Ct. 1187, 1194-1195 (2009) (quoting Medtronic, Inc. v. Lohr, 518 U.S. 470, 485 (1996)).

17. The Congressional intent of the federal law as expressed through the enactment of 18 U.S.C. 2422(a) is clear, certain, and unambiguous, *to wit*, to prevent persons from

1 persuading, inducing, enticing, and/or coercing any person to travel across state lines to
2 engage in prostitution

3 18. The Congressional intent of the federal law as expressed through the enactment
4 of 18 U.S.C. 1591 was to ensure just and effective punishment of traffickers and to protect
5 their victims.

6 19. Nevada is the only state in the Union which allows commercialized
7 prostitution.

8 20. The State of Nevada has allowed brothel operation since the nineteenth
9 century; however, the first officially sanctioned brothel was not in operation until 1971 when
10 the Storey County Commission licensed the Mustang Ranch Brothel.

11 21. Thereafter, the Nevada Legislature passed Assembly Bill 550, (Nev. Rev. Stat.
12 201.354(1)), authorizing prostitution or solicitation for prostitution in Nevada in designated
13 brothels licensed by a county. State law presently allows counties of less than seven hundred
14 thousand (700,000) residents to issue such licenses. Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8).

15 22. There are currently twenty-one (21) operational brothels, located throughout
16 seven (7) Nevada counties (Elko, Lander, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, and White Pine).

17 23. The State's creation of an intrastate commercialized prostitution market exerts
18 a substantial economic effect, namely, the creation of an interstate and foreign prostitution
19 market; therefore, Nevada's legal brothels, operating under Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and
20 Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8), are in violation of and direct conflict with U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a)
21 (2018). Wickard v. Filburn, 317 U.S. 111, 125, 63 S. Ct. 82, 89, 87 L. Ed. 122 (1942) (holding
22 that Congress's power to regulate "commerce" extends to intrastate activities that have an
23 "indirect effect" on trade, viz., home-grown wheat).

24 24. Under the cover of Nevada law legalizing prostitution, brothels, brothel owners
25 and operators, and the women bought and sold in brothels for sex, actively and intentionally

1 persuade, induce, entice, and coerce men and women to travel in interstate commerce to
2 engage in prostitution by advertising and marketing brothels and the sale of people for sex to
3 individuals outside the State of Nevada through hundreds of websites, social media accounts,
4 and other mass media. See Exhibit 1 at 0001-0102, (Examples of Advertising and
5 Marketing). See also Exhibit 2 at 0103-0106, (Harrison Jacobs, *The owner of America’s*
6 *most famous brothel explains how he promotes a business that’s illegal to advertise,*
7 **BUSINESS INSIDER (Oct. 15, 2015, 6:28p.m.),** [2](https://www.businessinsider.com/dennis-hof-explains-how-he-promotes-a-business-that-is-illegal-to-advertise-2015-10.)

9 25. One former brothel owner explained to the “Business Insider” in detail how
10 he promoted his brothel business nationally and internationally. Jacobs, *supra*.

11 26. Clearly, based on the marketing, advertising and brothel owner’s own
12 admissions, participants in Nevada’s legal brothel industry are, “knowingly persuad[ing],
13 induc[ing], entic[ing], or coerc[ing] ... individual[s] to travel in interstate or foreign
14 commerce... to engage in prostitution,” in violation of federal law.

15 27. Moreover, multiple brothel owners have brazenly spoken publicly of their
16 efforts to recruit young adult virgins from across all states and/or countries to auction their
17 virginites at their brothels. See Exhibit 3 at 0107-0110, (Amy B. Wang, ‘*It’s My Decision*’:
18 *This Woman is Auctioning Off Her Virginites to Help Her Family,* **THE WASHINGTON POST**
19 **(October 25, 2016),** [https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/wonk/wp/2016/10/25/its-my-](https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/wonk/wp/2016/10/25/its-my-decision-this-woman-is-auctioning-off-her-virginites-to-help-her-family/?utm_term=.fc178e48287c)
20 [decision-this-woman-is-auctioning-off-her-virginites-to-help-her-family/?utm_term=.fc178e4](https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/wonk/wp/2016/10/25/its-my-decision-this-woman-is-auctioning-off-her-virginites-to-help-her-family/?utm_term=.fc178e48287c)
21 [8287c.](https://www.washingtonpost.com/news/wonk/wp/2016/10/25/its-my-decision-this-woman-is-auctioning-off-her-virginites-to-help-her-family/?utm_term=.fc178e48287c)

22 28. Brothel owners and operators in Nevada regularly and with impunity violate

24 ²Many individuals sold for sex who are based in Nevada travel. Nearly fourteen percent
25 (14%) of individuals who are sold for sex in Nevada have a home base within the State but
advertise across multiple cities or other states. See Exhibit 7 at Page 9, ¶ 3.

1 federal law. For example, one brothel owner and manager would send prostituted women out-
2 of-state to California, Illinois, Georgia, and South Carolina to see established sex buyers
3 whose credit cards were processed at the brothels during the time the women were
4 provisioned, though the sex acts occurred, and the buyers were out-of-state. The prostituted
5 women were placed on airplanes to provision sex acts in the state and city where the out-of-
6 state sex buyer was located. **See Exhibit 4 at 0111-0114, (Affidavit of Jane Doe Victim 1).**

7 29. As another example, while traveling internationally to Puerto Rico and Ireland,
8 one brothel owner would recruit women and conduct interviews for women he sought to
9 recruit to his brothel. *Id.*

10 30. Women at the other brothels were transported by brothel drivers to Lake Tahoe
11 where they would cross into California where they were purchased for sex. When the brothel
12 owner became aware of an investigation, drivers were instructed to drop the women off at the
13 state border between Nevada and California and then the women would have to walk over the
14 state line into California and get into a taxi to reach their destinations. *Id.*

15 31. While pimped at a Nevada brothel, Deanne Salinger (a woman commonly
16 referred to as “AirForce Amy”) travelled with a sex buyer to Hawaii and to Mexico from
17 Nevada to engage in prostitution. *Id.*

18 32. As another example, The Moonlight Bunny Ranch brothel advertised a College
19 Loan Match Funds Repayment Program “to recruit and entice more educated,” “wholesome-
20 looking” women to engage in prostitution at the brothel. Under this “program,” the brothel
21 management promised to match each dollar expended by the women towards repayment of
22 student loans. This advertisement was specifically used to lure women from across the United
23 States to engage in prostitution in the State of Nevada. *Id.*

24 33. Men from other states and countries are often induced and enticed to travel
25 across state lines to the State of Nevada to engage in prostitution through various marketing

1 campaigns like the “Get Your Grandpa Laid” contest hosted in conjunction with the nationally
2 syndicated Howard Stern Radio Show. See Exhibit 5 at 0115-0116, (Media Ramsey- Howard
3 Stern Show- Get Grandpa Laid Contest 10/23/13 YOUTUBE (October 23, 2013),
4 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8sv3n2kBsuw>.

5 34. Brothels in Nevada would not likely be financially viable without the revenue
6 generated by the efforts of brothel owners, operators and the women being bought and sold
7 to persuade, induce, entice, or coerce individuals to travel in interstate or foreign commerce
8 to engage in prostitution.

9 **C. There is A Positive Correlation Between Legal Prostitution and Illegal Sex**
10 **Trafficking Through Interstate and Foreign Commerce.**

11 35. Legal prostitution and sex trafficking are inextricably linked in Nevada as
12 elsewhere in the world where prostitution is legal. Sex trafficking happens when and where
13 there is a demand for prostitution. See Exhibit 6 at 0117-0165 (Seo-Young Cho, Axel
14 Dreher, & Eric Neumeyer, *Does Legalized Prostitution Increase Human Trafficking?*,
15 WORLD DEVELOPMENT, at pg. 41, 67-82 (2012),
16 https://eprints.lse.ac.uk/45198/1/Neumayer_Legalized_Prostitution_Increase_2012.pdf);
17 See also Exhibit 7 at 0166-0188 (Crysta N. Price, Terry D. Clark, & Julie Faller,
18 *Nevada's Online Commercial Sex Market*, HUMAN TRAFFICKING INITIATIVE, CREIGHTON
19 UNIVERSITY (2017), [https://awakenreno.org/wp-](https://awakenreno.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/FINAL_Nevada_March2018.pdf)
20 content/uploads/2018/05/FINAL_Nevada_March2018.pdf); See also Exhibit 8 at 0189-0196
21 (Melissa Farley, *Trafficking for Prostitution: Making the Connections*, AMERICAN
22 PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION (2007).

23 36. On average, in jurisdictions with legal prostitution, there is a statistically
24 significant larger reported incidence of illegal sex trafficking. *Id.* This circumstance is the
25 result of the increased demand created by the legal sex market. As one expert put it, “wherever

1 prostitution is legalized, trafficking to sex industry marketplaces in that region increases.”

2 Cho, *supra* at pg. 3 ¶2.

3 37. The U.S. State Department has explained it is the official U.S. Government
4 position that, “prostitution is inherently harmful and dehumanizing and fuels trafficking in
5 persons.” **See Exhibit 9 at 0197-0198 (U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, TRAFFICKING IN**
6 **PERSONS REPORT at pg. 27 (2007)).**

7 38. In 2002, the President of the United States issued a National Security Directive
8 declaring, “The United States Government opposes prostitution and any related activities,
9 including pimping, pandering, or maintaining brothels,” because these activities contribute to
10 human trafficking.³

11 39. The U.S. Justice Department has also named Las Vegas among the 17 most
12 likely destinations for human trafficking.⁴

13 40. The links between legal and illegal prostitution in Nevada and the profound
14 harms caused by prostitution to all women are like those in other countries where legal
15 prostitution exists such as the Netherlands and Australia. Wherever legal prostitution exists,
16 sex trafficking increases. Farley, *supra* at page 3, ¶2-3.

17 41. There is more online advertising for the sex trade in Nevada than in any other
18 state.⁵

19
20
21 _____
22 ³ National Security Presidential Directive – 22 (December 16, 2002).

23 ⁴ Sam Skolnik, *Do we have a human trafficking problem?*, LAS VEGAS SUN, (January 29,
2007).

24 ⁵ Melissa Farley, PROSTITUTION AND TRAFFICKING IN NEVADA: MAKING THE CONNECTIONS
25 (Prostitution Research & Education, 2007).

1 42. Nevada's illegal sex trade is estimated to be twice as large as other states.⁶

2 43. According to a Creighton University Study of Nevada's on-line commercial
3 sex market published in May of 2018, adjusted for population, Nevada's commercial sex
4 market is by far the largest of any state. **See Exhibit 7 at Page 6, ¶ 1** This circumstance is a
5 direct result of the legal system used to induce, persuade and entice individuals to enter into
6 interstate and foreign commerce to engage in prostitution.

7 44. At least five thousand sixteen (5,016) individuals are sold for sex in an average
8 month in Nevada. Nevada's number of prostituted persons per capita is sixty-three percent
9 (63%) higher than the next highest state of New York and more than twice as many per capita
10 as in California. **See Exhibit 7 at Page 5, ¶ 2.**

11 45. Legalized prostitution appears to have done nothing to stem victimization
12 within the illicit sex trade—the data shows that prostituted persons in the illegal trade around
13 licensed brothels are at a similar risk of having been trafficked as those in areas without legal
14 brothels. **See Exhibit 7 Page 21, ¶4.**

15 ///

16 ///

17 ///

18 ///

19 ///

20 ///

21 ///

22 ///

23 ///

24 _____

25 ⁶ *Id.*

1 46. Prostitution is modern day slavery.⁷ Like those subjected to slavery, the
2 prostituted are subject to domination and to the arbitrary will of another person. A woman in
3 a Nevada legal brothel explained, “No one really enjoys being sold. It’s like you sign a
4 contract to be raped.” **See Exhibit 10 at 0199-0211 (Melissa Farley, *Risks of Prostitution:
5 When the Person Is the Product* 3 JOURNAL OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR CONSUMER
6 RESEARCH (2017)), <https://www.journals.uchicago.edu/doi/full/10.1086/695670> citing
7 (Farley 2007b, 34).**

8 47. Prostitution is inherently an act of sexual coercion, is a form of sexual violence
9 and is integrally connected to sex trafficking, drug abuse, brutality, rape, and murder.

10 48. Prostitution and sex trafficking are closely linked. There is no demand for
11 sexually trafficked persons per se.⁸ Rather, it is the prostitution industry by which sexually
12 trafficked persons are exploited. **See 22 U.S.C.A. § 7101, (Purpose and Findings” of the**

14 ⁷ U.S. Department of State, *What is Modern Slavery?*, <https://www.state.gov/j/tip/what/>.

15 The federal government explained:

16 When an adult engages in a commercial sex act, such as prostitution, as the
17 result of force, threats of force, fraud, coercion or any combination of such
18 means, that person is a victim of trafficking. Under such circumstances,
19 perpetrators involved in recruiting, harboring, enticing, transporting,
20 providing, obtaining, patronizing, soliciting, or maintaining a person for
21 that purpose are guilty of sex trafficking of an adult. Sex trafficking also
22 may occur through a specific form of coercion whereby individuals are
23 compelled to continue in prostitution through the use of unlawful “debt,”
24 purportedly incurred through their transportation, recruitment, or even their
25 “sale”—which exploiters insist they must pay off before they can be free.
Even if an adult initially consents to participate in prostitution it is
irrelevant: if an adult, after consenting, is subsequently held in service
through psychological manipulation or physical force, he or she is a
trafficking victim and should receive benefits outlined in the Palermo
Protocol and applicable domestic laws.

24 ⁸ Dorchen A. Leigholdt, *Prostitution and Trafficking in Women: An Intimate Relationship*, 2
25 JOURNAL OF TRAUMA PRACTICE 167, 167-168 (2003).

1 Trafficking Victims Protection Act) (“Many of these persons [sex trafficking victims] are
2 trafficked into the international sex trade, often by force, fraud, or coercion. The sex industry
3 has rapidly expanded over the past several decades. It involves sexual exploitation of persons,
4 predominantly women and girls, involving activities related to prostitution....”). In fact,
5 prostitution often satisfies the elements of trafficking.⁹

6 49. Moreover, in most cases, the very act of prostitution should be considered sex
7 trafficking since the exchange of money (or something of value) to obtain a sex act is an act
8 of sexual coercion.¹⁰

9 ///

10 ///

11 ///

13 ⁹U.N. ESCOR, COMM’N ON HUMAN RIGHTS *Integration of the Human Rights of Women*
14 *and a Gender Perspective, Report of the Special Rapporteur on the Human Rights Aspects of*
15 *the Victims of Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children*, ¶ 42 U.N. Doc.
16 E/CN.4/2006/62 (Feb. 20, 2006) (Sigma Huda) (“For the most part, prostitution, as actually
17 practiced in the world, usually does satisfy the elements of trafficking.”)

18 ¹⁰ Melissa Farley, *Prostitution is Sexual Violence*, PSYCHIATRIC TIMES (October 1, 2004),
19 <http://www.psychiatrictimes.com/sexual-offenses/prostitution-sexual-violence>; Melissa
20 Farley, *Very Inconvenient Truths: Sex Buyers, Sexual Coercion, and Prostitution-Harm-*
21 *Denial*, THE HAMPTON INSTITUTE (February 26, 2016),
22 [http://www.hamptoninstitution.org/capitalism-coercion-and-](http://www.hamptoninstitution.org/capitalism-coercion-and-prostitution.html#.WBCyzJMrIRE)
23 [prostitution.html#.WBCyzJMrIRE](http://www.hamptoninstitution.org/capitalism-coercion-and-prostitution.html#.WBCyzJMrIRE); and Yael Mellul & Lise Bouvet, *Why France Is Adopting*
24 *A New Law That Criminalizes The Clients, Not Prostitutes*, HUFF POST (April 7, 2016),
25 http://www.huffingtonpost.com/yaelmellul/why-france-is-adopting-a_b_9635988.html. “In
these transactions, the money coerces the sex rather than guaranteeing consent to it, making
prostitution a practice of serial rape.”

1 50. According to a 2002 research study¹¹ of prostituted women in Chicago, nearly
2 all prostituted persons studied had been “victimized by physical assaults”. Raphael & Shapiro,
3 *supra* at 18 (showing a table of “12 specific acts of violence [that] are those most frequently
4 experienced by the respondents”) (“in escort services, half of the women had ever been raped,
5 and they were also subjected to other forms of violence, including slapping and being grabbed
6 ... Even women engaging in prostitution in their own residences – women many view as being
7 in control – reported frequent violence, including 21% having been raped 10 or more times.”).
8 This level of violence, especially from the hands of sex buyers, speaks to the inherent danger
9 of being a prostitute, with the most violent aspect of the job being the job itself, interacting
10 with the customer.

11 51. Survivors have described their experiences of prostitution as “paid rape,” “pay-
12 as-you-go rape,” and “being raped for a living.”¹² “Indeed, rape is the defining experience of
13 prostitution: the fear of it, the daily hypervigilance required to prevent it, the crushing physical
14 and psychological trauma experienced by victims when it inevitably occurs.”¹³

15 ///

16 ///

17 ///

18 ///

19

20 ¹¹ Raphael, Jody & Deborah L Shapiro, SISTERS SPEAK OUT: THE LIVES AND NEEDS
21 OF PROSTITUTED WOMEN IN CHICAGO 13 (2002).

22 ¹² Rachel Moran, PAID FOR: MY JOURNEY THROUGH PROSTITUTION 112-113
23 (2013).

24 ¹³ Lisa Thompson, PROSTITUTED AND SEXUALLY TRAFFICKED PERSONS ARE RAPE VICTIMS,
25 Too (2016), [https://www.sane-sart.com/prostituted-and-sexually-trafficked-
PERSONS-ARE-RAPE-VICTIMS-TOO/](https://www.sane-sart.com/prostituted-and-sexually-trafficked-persons-are-rape-victims-too/).

1 52. Nevada’s legal brothels are estimated to generate more than seventy-five
2 million dollars (\$75,000,000) per year, while Las Vegas’s illegal prostitution market is
3 estimated to gross over five billion dollars (\$5,000,000,000) per year. **See Exhibit 11 at 0212-**
4 **0217, (RONALD B. FLOWERS, PROSTITUTION IN THE DIGITAL AGE: SELLING SEX FROM THE**
5 **SUITE TO THE STREET? at pg. 42-46 (Praeger 2011)).**

6 53. Since the legalization of prostitution has been associated with increased sex
7 trafficking, the most vulnerable people in the brothel industry are at increased risk for harm.

8 54. Decriminalization of prostitution does not prevent the violence and rape in
9 prostitution, it assents to it. The State has an important government interest in preventing such
10 violence; thus, it has an important government interest in preventing prostitution.

11 55. More than thirteen percent (13%) of Nevada prostituted persons are advertised
12 under the age of twenty-one (21). **See Exhibit 7 at Page 13, ¶ 1.**

13 56. More than one (1) out of every ten (10) prostituted persons in Nevada is too
14 young to buy alcohol. These young individuals are almost twice as likely to travel in interstate
15 and foreign commerce while being prostituted compared to those who are twenty-one (21)
16 and older. **See Exhibit 7 at Page 13, ¶ 2.**

17 57. Many prostituted persons are advertised for their youth, regardless of their
18 stated age. For example, phrases like “fresh meat,” “brand new,” and “daddy’s little girl” are
19 all used to connote the youth of prostituted persons. **See Exhibit 7 at Page 13, ¶ 3.**

20 58. Youth is an important characteristic sought by sex buyers in Nevada. **See**
21 **Exhibit 7 at Page 16, ¶ 1.**

22 59. Evidence of the importance of youth to sex buyers in Nevada comes from the
23 advertised prices of young prostituted persons. The data shows higher prices are charged for
24 younger females in Nevada. **See Exhibit 7 at Page 16, Graph 1.**

25 60. The data put Nevada in the top ten (10) states in the country in terms of youth

1 of prostituted persons. See Exhibit 7 at Page 13, ¶ 4.

2 61. Thirty percent (30%) of individuals sold for sex in Nevada are based in other
3 states, and another fourteen percent (14%) travel within the State. See Exhibit 7 at Page 9, ¶

4 **2.** Moreover, many of the women prostituted in Nevada brothels are not full-time residents
5 of Nevada, which means that they are being transported in interstate or foreign commerce to
6 Nevada to be bought and sold for sex in the brothels. Many women prostituted in Nevada
7 brothels travel from out-of-state and are bought and sold for sex in the brothels for short
8 periods of time and then return to their domicile state or country.

9 62. For example, in an interview with one media outlet one woman prostituted in
10 a Nevada brothel admitted to residing in another state in the Midwest and commuting to
11 Nevada. In the interview, the woman also admitted that men who pay to have sex with her
12 live in other states and travel in interstate commerce to solicit prostitution. See Exhibit 12 at
13 **0218-0227 (Alice Little, *A Week as a Legal Sex Working in Mound House, NV, on a***
14 ***\$267,000 Salary* REFINERY 29 (Nov. 13, 2017, 1:40pm),**
15 **<https://www.refinery29.com/money-diary-nevada-legal-sex-worker-salary>).**

16 63. Many of women prostituted in Nevada brothels are controlled by outside
17 pimps: "Despite the fiction that they are "independent contractors," most so-called legal
18 prostitutes have pimps — the state-sanctioned pimps who run the brothels and, in many cases,
19 a second pimp who controls all other aspects of their lives (and takes the bulk of their legal
20 earnings)."¹⁴ One federal court acknowledged this problem recently citing a study that found
21 that pimps remained common and some assaults against prostituted women occurred within
22 Nevada's legal brothels. Coyote Publishing, Inc. v. Miller, 598 F. 3d 592, 596 fn2 (2010).

23 64. Connections in the Reno/Tahoe area and between Las Vegas and southern
24

25 ¹⁴ Herbert, Bob (2007-09-11). "Fantasies, Well Meant". The New York Times.

1 California are regional hubs and stand out as particularly important travel routes for those
2 entering and exiting interstate commerce to Nevada to engage in prostitution. **See Exhibit 7**
3 **at Page 21, ¶ 2.**

4 65. California is by far the most important source of women who are being
5 prostituted in Nevada from another state. Nearly fifty-five percent (55%) of prostituted
6 women come from California, whereas Arizona, as the next most important source, supplies
7 only about five percent (5%). Over the course of a year, women who are being prostituted in
8 Nevada come from every state in the Union and the District of Columbia. **See Exhibit 7 at**
9 **Page 9, ¶ 2.**

10 66. On October 3, 2018, the Lyon County Sheriff's Office conducted a series of
11 brothel work card compliance checks, assisted by U.S. Immigration and Customs
12 Enforcement officers, following a four (4) month internal audit of the inadequate prostitute
13 registration practices executed by Lyon County staff. **See Exhibit 13 at 0228-0236, (LYON**
14 **COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, INTERNAL AUDIT REPORT ON BROTHEL COMPLIANCE**
15 **REQUIREMENTS (2018) , [http://media.graytvinc.com/documents/LCSO+Internal+Audit](http://media.graytvinc.com/documents/LCSO+Internal+Audit+Report+Brothels.pdf)**
16 **[+Report+Brothels.pdf](http://media.graytvinc.com/documents/LCSO+Internal+Audit+Report+Brothels.pdf).**

17 67. The subject inadequate practices include: US immigration law violations,
18 foreign country human trafficking indicators, fraudulent statements, issuance of work cards
19 prior to completing criminal history background checks, and inability to validate out-of-state,
20 U.S., and other foreign national documents to determine identity.

21 68. In a statement following the investigations, Sheriff Al McNeil of the Lyon
22 County Sheriff's Office noted, "the discovery of U.S. immigration law violations in our legal
23 brothel system is extremely alarming. The ability to coerce, exploit, and traffic non-U.S.
24 citizens into Lyon County by foreign criminal enterprises is going to be difficult to detect and
25 deter by our limited capabilities and resources of foreign born applicants."

1 69. An audit of the Applications for Brothel Work Permits of Lyon County, NV,
2 discovered that one hundred sixty-eight (168) out of two hundred forty-one (241) applicants
3 for prostitute work cards reside in a state other than Nevada and must travel in interstate
4 commerce, from their state of residence to Nevada, to engage in prostitution at the brothels.
5 *Id.*

6 70. Thirty-seven (37) of the women registered for prostitute work cards from Lyon
7 County in 2017-2018 alone have traveled in foreign commerce, from their international
8 permanent residence to Nevada, to engage in prostitution at the brothels. *Id.*

9 71. The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime released a document on Human
10 Trafficking Indicators that lists thirty-six (36) general indicators and twelve (12) sexual
11 exploitation indicators. **See Exhibit 14 0237-0239, (UNITED NATIONS OFFICE ON DRUGS**
12 **AND CRIME, HUMAN TRAFFICKING INDICATORS),** [https://www.unodc.org](https://www.unodc.org/pdf/HT_indicators_E_LOWRES.pdf)
13 [/pdf/HT_indicators_E_LOWRES.pdf](https://www.unodc.org/pdf/HT_indicators_E_LOWRES.pdf)). According to the Lyon County Sheriff's report, many
14 of these indicators were observed during this audit and, therefore, require further
15 investigation. *Id.*

16 72. The federal government acknowledges the link between prostitution and
17 trafficking in women and children, as a form of modern day slavery. **See Exhibit 15 at 0240-**
18 **0241, (U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, THE LINK BETWEEN PROSTITUTION AND SEX**
19 **TRAFFICKING (November 24, 2004),** <https://2001-2009.state.gov/r/pa/ei/rls/38790.htm>).

20 73. The women who have been trafficked through Nevada's legal brothel market
21 have been subject to the deprivation of rights, privileges, and immunities secured by the
22 Constitution and Plaintiff hereby submits this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

1 **D. Plaintiff Rebekah Charleston Was a Victim of Sex Trafficking and Was**
2 **Forced to Travel Within Nevada and In Interstate Commerce Across**
3 **State Lines to Engage in Prostitution at Nevada Brothels, Under the Guise**
4 **of Being a “Willing” Prostitute.**

5 74. Plaintiff Rebekah Charleston has been directly harmed as a result of Nevada’s
6 statute allowing counties of less than seven hundred thousand (700,000) people to license
7 brothels and regulate prostitution.

8 75. Plaintiff was born in Texas. After living on the streets homeless as a runaway,
9 she found solace in the arms of a person who seemed to be a nice older boyfriend. However,
10 soon after, Plaintiff realized the true intentions this boyfriend had for her, which was to abuse
11 and sexually exploit her. Soon thereafter, he trafficked Plaintiff for purposes of commercial
12 sexual exploitation. A short time later, Plaintiff was traded to another trafficker who would
13 violently abuse her while sexually exploiting her all across the country.

14 76. One of the first stops Plaintiff’s sex trafficker made was to the State of Nevada,
15 where her trafficker forced her to “get a job” at The Moonlight Bunny Ranch brothel.

16 77. Plaintiff’s sex trafficker would send Plaintiff and others similarly situated to
17 perform prostitution in the Nevada brothels as a form of punishment.

18 78. Plaintiff was not permitted to turn down a sex buyer. None of the acts in which
19 she engaged being consensual, she was a victim of serial rape for profit.

20 79. The violence Plaintiff was subjected to at the hands of men who bought her
21 was severe and dehumanizing. Plaintiff was violently raped and assaulted numerous times.

22 80. Plaintiff was not permitted to come and go as she pleased.

23 81. Plaintiff witnessed countless other women who, like her, were being trafficked
24 inside Nevada’s legal brothels.

25 82. Plaintiff was sexually trafficked at the brothel until her trafficker decided to
 move her to Las Vegas for greater profits in the illegal sex trade.

1 83. Las Vegas is a well-known destination for people who are in the market to buy
2 women for sex. The advertising and marketing from legal brothels in places like Nye County
3 and Lyon County persuade, induce and entice people to travel in from across the country and
4 all over the world to purchase prostituted persons in Nevada.

5 84. Plaintiff was sexually trafficked for more than ten (10) years before she finally
6 escaped when federal authorities became involved.

7 85. Nevada was a regular location for Plaintiff to be sex trafficked. No matter
8 where else her traffickers would take her, they would always return to Nevada to sell Plaintiff
9 and others similarly situated to her because Nevada is the state where there was and is the
10 greatest demand for prostitution whether legal or illegal.

11 **IV.**

12 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

13 **Violation of Civil Rights: 42 U.S.C. § 1983, Fourteenth Amendment**

14 **State Created Danger**

15 86. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations set forth in the preceding
16 paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

17 87. By disregarding federal law, the acts of Defendants, including, but not limited
18 to, authorizing a legalized commercial prostitution market to operate in the State, have created
19 the danger that has led to irreparable harm to Plaintiff and other victims of sex trafficking by
20 exposing them to the dangers of sex trafficking and prostitution without protections from the
21 inherent dangers the federal law was enacted to prevent.

22 88. As a direct and proximate consequence of the acts of Defendants' agents and
23 employees, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer actual, continual, and potential injury
24 to her health and safety.

25 ///

1 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **Violation of Civil Rights: 42 U.S.C. § 1983, Fourteenth Amendment**

3 **Deprivation of Federal Rights**

4 89. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations set forth in the preceding
5 paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

6 Section 1983 of 42 U.S.C. provides:

7 Every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation,
8 custom, or usage of any State or Territory or the District of Columbia,
9 subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States
10 or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of
any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and
laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law, suit in
equity, or other proper proceeding for redress.

11 90. As a direct result of Nevada State officials and lawmakers disregarding United
12 States Code, the Plaintiff and similarly situated Jane Doe victims who have been prostituted
13 in the State of Nevada from out-of-state, have been deprived of their federal rights which have
14 been provided to them under the Mann Act (U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a)) and the TVPA (22 U.S.C.
15 § 7101-7114). The federal law is clear on its face in prohibiting traveling in interstate and
16 foreign commerce to engage in the act of prostitution or human trafficking. Nev. Rev. Stat.
17 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) unconstitutionally conflict with federal law and
18 create an impermissible legal environment where brothels, brothel owners and operators, and
19 women being bought and sold in brothels encourage, persuade and entice individuals into
20 interstate and foreign commerce to engage in prostitution.

21 91. The continued enactment of Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat.
22 244.345(8) and each and every county ordinance enacted under these statutes is
23 unconstitutional.

24 92. By enacting Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8),
25 Nevada has created and nurtured an industry that directly violates the Mann Act, and therefore,

1 the State of Nevada is the proximate cause of the continued frequent acts of the brothel owners,
2 and the women sold in the brothels who knowingly persuade, induce, entice, or coerce men
3 and women to travel in interstate or foreign commerce, or in any Territory or Possession of
4 the United States, to engage in prostitution and at times, human trafficking.

5 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

6 **Declaratory/Injunctive Relief –**

7 **Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8)**

8 **Are Preempted by Both The Mann Act (U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a))**
9 **and the TVPA (22 U.S.C. § 7101-7114) and are in Violation of**

10 **The Supremacy Clause of The U.S. Constitution**

11 93. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all prior and subsequent
12 paragraphs as if fully incorporated herein.

13 94. On June 25, 1910, the 61st United States Congress passed H.R. 12315, also
14 known as “The Mann Act” (the “Act”) (codified as 18 U.S.C. § 2422(a) (2018)), which
15 criminalized the interstate or foreign commerce transport of “any woman or girl for
16 prostitution, debauchery, or for any other immoral purpose.”

17 95. C.F.R. 22 § 40.24(b) sets forth the meaning of Prostitution as “engaging in
18 promiscuous sexual intercourse for hire.” The Mann Act specifically provides:

19 Whoever knowingly persuades, induces, entices, or coerces any
20 individual to travel in interstate or foreign commerce, or in any
21 Territory or Possession of the United States, to engage in
22 prostitution, or in any sexual activity for which any person can be
charged with a criminal offense, or attempts to do so, shall be fined
under this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both.

23 U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a).

24 96. The Congressional intent of the federal law as expressed through the enactment
25 of 18 U.S.C. 2422(a) is clear, certain, and unambiguous, *to wit*, to prevent persons from

1 persuading, inducing, enticing, and/or coercing any person to travel across state lines to
2 engage in prostitution.

3 97. On October 28, 2000, the 106th Congress passed H.R. 3244, also known as the
4 “Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000” (the “TVPA”) (codified as 22
5 U.S.C. § 7101-7114), which criminalized human trafficking and related offenses as federal
6 crimes with severe penalties attached and established several methods to prosecute traffickers.

7 98. U.S.C. 22 § 7102(4) sets forth the meaning of Commercial Sex Act as “any sex
8 act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.”

9 99. The Congressional intent of the federal law as expressed through the enactment
10 of 18 U.S.C. 1591 was to ensure just and effective punishment of traffickers and to protect
11 their victims.

12 100. There are three ways in which federal law will preempt state law: (1) Congress
13 explicitly defines the extent to which its enactment preempts state law, or “express”
14 preemption; (2) state law regulates conduct in a field that Congress intended federal
15 government to occupy exclusively, or “field” preemption; and (3) state law actually conflicts
16 with federal law, or “conflict” preemption. Motus v. Pfizer, Inc. 127 F. Supp.2d 1085, 1091
17 (Ca. C.D. 2000). Here, Nevada law is preempted by way of “conflict” with Federal law.

18 101. Nevada’s intrastate commercialized prostitution market exerts a substantial
19 economic effect, namely, the creation of an interstate and foreign prostitution market;
20 therefore, Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) are in direct conflict with
21 and violation of U.S.C. 18 § 2422(a) and 22 U.S.C. § 7101-7114.

22 102. By disregarding federal law, the acts of Defendants, including, but not limited
23 to authorizing a legalized commercial prostitution market to operate in the State, have created
24 the danger that has led to irreparable harm to Plaintiff and other victims of sex trafficking by
25 exposing them to the dangers of sex trafficking and prostitution without protections from the

1 inherent dangers the federal law was enacted to prevent.

2 103. Because the brothel industry in Nevada openly and notoriously persuades,
3 induces, entices, and coerces individuals to travel in interstate commerce to commit acts of
4 prostitution, Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) cannot exist
5 simultaneously with 18 U.S.C. § 2422(a) and 22 U.S.C. § 7101-7114 and thereby is preempted
6 and in violation of the Supremacy Clause of the U.S. Constitution.

7 V.

8 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

9 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

10 A. For an Order declaring Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1), Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8),
11 and the ordinances of Elko, Lander, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, and White Pine Counties,
12 licensing brothels unconstitutional, null and void as preempted by federal law;

13 B. A preliminary and permanent injunction be issued prohibiting the State of
14 Nevada and all of its political subdivisions from implementing, enforcing, or putting into force
15 and effect Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8);

16 C. For an order requiring that: 1) the State allocate funds in an amount not less
17 than Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) per year to the State Contingency Account specifically
18 for people seeking to exit the sex trade (“Nevada Sex Trade Exit Fund”) and receive services
19 such as mental health services, rent assistant, job training, scholarships, funding for childcare,
20 medical treatments, tattoo removal, etc. 2) The Nevada Sex Trade Exit Fund require that all
21 recipients of money from The Nevada Sex Trade Exit Fund provide proof of having been
22 prostituted in Nevada through Nevada’s legal brothels as a result of the enactment of Nev.
23 Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345-(8); 3) Any person who was ever in brothel
24 ownership or brothel management is ineligible to receive funding from the Nevada Sex Trade
25 Exit Fund; and 4) The Nevada Sex Trade Exit Fund remain funded and running for ten (10)

1 years from the date Nev. Rev. Stat. 201.354(1) and Nev. Rev. Stat. 244.345(8) is declared null
2 and void.

3 D. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and litigation expenses plus
4 interest accruing thereon, in their favor at the maximum rate allowed by law; and

5 E. For such other relief as the Court or jury may deem just or equitable.

6 DATED this 25th day of February, 2019. HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC

7

8

By: /s/ Jason D. Guinasso

JASON D. GUINASSO, ESQ. (SBN# 8478)
Attorney for Rebekah Charleston

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

VERIFICATION

STATE OF Texas)
Tarrant County) ss.

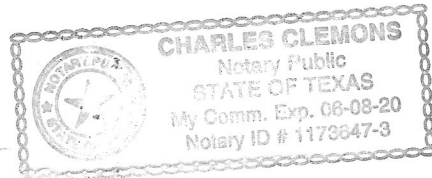
I, Rebekah Charleston, being first duly sworn, under penalty of perjury, do hereby
depose and say:

I am the Plaintiff in this action and I have read the foregoing Complaint, know the
contents of the Complaint and the matters stated therein are true of my own knowledge, except
for those matters stated on information and belief, and, as to those matters, I believe them to
be true.

DATED: This 20th day of February, 2019.

R. K. Charleston
Rebekah Charleston

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me
this 20 day of February, 2019.



[Signature]
NOTARY PUBLIC

List of Exhibits
See Appendix to Plaintiff's Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief

<u>Description</u>	<u>Vol No.</u>	<u>Page Nos.</u>
Exhibit 1 - Examples of Advertising and Marketing	I	0001-0102
Exhibit 2 - Harrison Jacobs, The owner of America's most famous brothel explains how he promotes a business that's illegal to advertise, Business Insider (2015)	I	0103-0106
Exhibit 3 - Amy B. Wang, 'It's my decision': This woman is auctioning off her virginity to help her family, The Washington Post (2016)	I	0107-0110
Exhibit 4 - Affidavit of Jane Doe Victim 1	I	0111-0114
Exhibit 5 - YouTube link of Howard Stern "Get My Grandpa Laid Contest"	I	0115-0116
Exhibit 6 - Seo-Young Cho, Axel Dreher & Eric Neumayer, <i>Does Legalized Prostitution Increase Human Trafficking?</i> , WORLD DEVELOPMENT (2012)	I	0117-0165
Exhibit 7 - Crysta N. Price, Terry D. Clark, & Julie Faller, Nevada's Online Commercial Sex Market, Human Trafficking Initiative, Creighton University (2017))	I	0166-0188
Exhibit 8 - Melissa Farley, Trafficking for Prostitution: Making the Connections American Psychological Association (2007)	I	0189-0196
Exhibit 9 - U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE, TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS REPORT AT PG. 27 (2007)	I	0197-0198
Exhibit 10 - Melissa Farley, Risks of Prostitution: When the Person Is the Product 3 Journal of the Association for Consumer Research (2017)	I	0199-0211
Exhibit 11 - Ronald B. Flowers, Prostitution in the Digital Age: Selling Sex From the Suite to the Street? at pgs. 42-46 (Praeger 2011)	I	0212-0217
Exhibit 12 - Alice Little, A Week as a Legal Sex Working in Mound House, NV on a \$267,000 Salary Refinery 29 (2017)	I	0218-0227

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

<u>Description</u>	<u>Vol No.</u>	<u>Page Nos.</u>
Exhibit 13 – Lyon County Sheriff’s Office, Internal Audit Report on Brothel Compliance Requirements (2018)	I	0228-0236
Exhibit 14 - United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, Human Trafficking Indicators	I	0237-0239
Exhibit 15 - U.S. Department of State, The Link Between Prostitution and Sex Trafficking (November 24, 2004)	I	0240-0241