or objections regarding the proposed amendment.

No objections have been received and the proposed amendment is hereby adopted without change and is set forth below.

This amendment shall be effective 0901 G.M.T., January 3, 1974.

This amendment is made under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1346), and of sec. 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on October 16, 1973.

A. L. COULTER,
Director, Central Region.

In § 71.181 (38 FR 4335), the following transition area is amended to read:

SPENCER, IOWA

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 5-mile radius of the Spencer, Iowa Municipal Airport (latitude 43°09'46" N., longitude 95°11'30" W.); and within three miles each side of the Spencer VOR 208° radial, extending from the 0.5-mile radius zone to 5 miles southeast of the VOR; and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within 6.5 miles northeast and 9.5 miles southeast of the Spencer VOR 208° radial, extending from 6.5 miles southeast of the VOR to 10.5 miles northwest of the VOR; and within 6.5 miles northeast and 9.5 miles southeast of the Spencer VOR 129° radial, extending from 0.5 miles northeast of the VOR to 22.5 miles southeast of the VOR.

[FR Doc.73-2360 Filed 11-6-73; 8:45 am]

Airspace Docket No. 73-AF-29]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Transition Area: Alteration

On Page 23338 of the Federal Register dated August 29, 1973, the Federal Aviation Administration published a notice of proposed rule making which would amend § 71.181 of the Federal Aviation Regulations so as to alter the transition area at St. Louis, Missouri.

Interested persons were given 30 days to submit written comments, suggestions or objections regarding the proposed amendment.

No objections have been received and the proposed amendment is hereby adopted without change and is set forth below.

This amendment shall be effective 0901 G.M.T., January 3, 1974.

This amendment is made under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1346), and of sec. 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on October 16, 1973.

J. R. WALLS,
Acting Director, Central Region.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

In § 71.181 (38 FR 435), the following transition area is amended to read:

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 10-mile radius of Lambert St. Louis International Airport (latitude 38°44'50" N., longitude 90°24'56" W.); within 3 miles southwest and 9 miles northwest of St. Louis Lambert International Airport runway 12R ILS localizer northeast course; extending from the runway 12R OM to 12 miles northwest of the runway 12R OM; within 5 miles southeast and 9 miles northeast of the Lambert St. Louis International Airport runway 12R ILS localizer northwest course; extending from the runway 12R OM to 12 miles northwest of the OM; within 8 miles southwest and 8 miles northeast of the Watergate Special Prosection Force.

[FR Doc.73-2360 Filed 11-6-73; 8:45 am]

Title 28—Judicial Administration

CHAPTER I—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Order 551-73]

PART O—ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Establishing the Office of Watergate Special Prosecutor

By virtue of the authority vested in me by 28 U.S.C. 569, 510 and 5 U.S.C. 301, there is hereby established in the Department of Justice, the Office of Watergate Special Prosecution Force, to be headed by a Director.

Accordingly, Part O of Chapter 1 of Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended as follows:

Subpart G—Office of Watergate Special Prosecution Force

Sec. 0.37 General functions.

0.38 Special functions.


Subpart G—Office of Watergate Special Prosecution Force

§ 0.37 General functions.

The Office of Watergate Special Prosecution Force shall be under the direction of a Director who shall be the Special Prosecutor appointed by the Attorney General. The duties and responsibilities of the Special Prosecutor are set forth in the attached appendix below which is incorporated and made a part hereof.

§ 0.38 Special functions.

The Special Prosecutor is assigned and delegated the following specific functions with respect to matters specified in this subpart:

(a) Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 516(a), to conduct any kind of legal proceeding, civil or criminal, including grand jury proceedings, which United States attorneys are authorized by law to conduct, and to designate attorneys to conduct such legal proceedings.

(b) To approve or disapprove the production or disclosure of information or files relating to matters within his cognizance in response to a subpoena, order, or other demand of a court or other authority. (See Part 16 of this chapter.)

(c) To apply for and to exercise the authority vested in the Attorney General under 18 U.S.C. 6005 relating to immunity of witnesses in Congressional proceedings.

The listing of these specific functions is for the purpose of illustrating the authority entrusted to the Special Prosecutor and is not intended to limit in any manner his authority to carry out his functions and responsibilities.


ROBERT H. BOYD,
Acting Attorney General.

APPENDIX—DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR

The Special Prosecutor. There is appointed by the Attorney General, within the Department of Justice, a Special Prosecutor to whom the Attorney General shall delegate the authorities and provide the staff and other resources described below.

The Special Prosecutor shall have full authority for investigating and prosecuting offenses against the United States arising out of the unauthorized entry into Democratic National Committee Headquarters at the
Watergate, all offenses arising out of the 1972 Presidential Election for which the Special Prosecutor may be necessary; to determine whether or not it would be appropriate to assume responsibility, allegations involving the President, members of the White House staff, or other presidential appointees, and all other matters which he consents to have assigned to him by the Attorney General.

In particular, the Special Prosecutor shall have full authority with respect to the above matters for:

Conducting proceedings before grand juries and any other investigations he deems necessary;

Reviewing all documentary evidence available from any source, as to which he shall have full access;

Determining whether or not to contest the assertion of "Executive Privilege" or any other testimonial privilege;

Determining whether or not application should be made to any Federal court for a grant of immunity to any witness, consistently with applicable statutory requirements, or for warrants, subpoenas, or other court orders;

Deciding whether or not to prosecute any individual, firm, corporation or group of individuals;

Initiating and conducting prosecutions, framing the charges, information, and handling all aspects of any cases within his jurisdiction (whether initiated before or after his assumption of duties), including any appeal;

Coordinating and directing the activities of all Department of Justice personnel, including Federal trial attorneys, and staff dealing with and appearing before Congressional committees having jurisdiction over any aspect of the above matters and determining what documents, information, and assistance shall be provided to such committees.

In exercising this authority, the Special Prosecutor will have the greatest degree of independence that is consistent with the Attorney General's statutory accountability for all matters falling within the jurisdiction of the Department of Justice. The Attorney General will not countermand or interfere with the Special Prosecutor's decisions or actions. The Special Prosecutor will determine whether and to what extent he will inform or consult with the Attorney General about the conduct of his duties and responsibilities, in accordance with such authorities as are given by the President to the Attorney General that the President will not exercise his Constitutional powers to effect the discharge of the Special Prosecutor or to limit his independence that he is thereby given, the Special Prosecutor will not be removed from his duties except for extraordinary circumstances on his part and without the President's first consulting the Majority and the Minority Leaders and Chairmen and ranking Minority Members of the Judiciary Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives and ascertaining that their consensus is in accord with his proposed action.

Staff and Resource Support

Selection of Staff. The Special Prosecutor shall have full authority to organize, select, and hire his own staff, including attorneys, investigators, and supporting personnel, on a full or part-time basis, in such numbers and with such qualifications as he may reasonably require. He may request the Assistant Attorneys General and other officers of the Department of Justice to assign such personnel and other assistance as he may reasonably require. All personnel in the Department of Justice, including United States Attorneys, shall cooperate to the fullest extent possible with the Special Prosecutor.

Budget. The Special Prosecutor will be provided with such funds and facilities to carry out his responsibilities as he may reasonably require. He shall have the right to submit budget requests for funds, positions, and other facilities, and such requests shall receive the highest priority.

Designation and responsibility. The personnel acting as the staff and assistants of the Special Prosecutor shall be known as the Watergate Special Prosecution Force and shall be responsible only to the Special Prosecutor.

Continued responsibilities of Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division. Except for the specific investigative and prosecutorial duties assigned to the Special Prosecutor, the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division will continue to exercise all of the duties currently assigned to him.

Applicable departmental policies. Except as otherwise herein specified or as mutually agreed between the Special Prosecutor and the Attorney General, the Watergate Special Prosecution Force will be subject to the administrative regulations and policies of the Department of Justice.

Public reports. The Special Prosecutor may from time to time make public statements or reports as he deems appropriate and shall upon request of his assistants submit a final report to the appropriate persons or entities of the Congress.

Duration of assignment. The Special Prosecutor will carry out these responsibilities, with the full support of the Department of Justice, until such time as, in his judgment, he has completed them or until a date mutually agreed upon between the Attorney General and himself.

Title 32A—National Defense, Appendix

CHAPTER XIII—ENERGY POLICY OFFICE

EPO REG. 1—MANDATORY ALLOCATION PROGRAM FOR MIDDLE DISTILLATE FUELS

Removal of Limitation Imposed by Term "Customs Territory of the United States"

EPO Reg. 1 for the Mandatory Allocation Program for Middle Distillate Fuels was published in the Federal Register of October 16, 1973 (38 FR 28660) which became effective November 1, 1973. The purpose of this amendment is to amend the definition of the term "State office" and the reference in the section entitled "Coverage of Program" in those regulations to remove the limitation imposed by the term "customs territory of the United States." Under the meaning assigned that phrase by general headnote 2 to the Tariff Schedules of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202), the Virgin Islands are excluded from coverage under the Program.

Because of the emergency nature of this regulation due to the possibility of present and prospective shortages of middle distillates, it has been determined that this amendment shall become effective on November 7, 1973.

EPO Regulation 1 (38 FR 28660) is amended as follows:

1. In Section 2 Definitions the term "State office" is amended by deleting the phrase "within the Customs Territory" which follows the word "territories" so as to make the definition read as follows: "State office" means, with respect to each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia.

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 38, NO. 214—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1973