

CITY OF SEATTLE

RESOLUTION _____

..title

A RESOLUTION relating to a Green New Deal for Seattle; establishing goals, identifying actions necessary to meet these goals, affirming the federal Green New Deal resolution, and calling for the federal government to enact policies to advance a Green New Deal.

..body

WHEREAS, an October 2018 United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

(IPCC) report states that human beings have only until 2030 to limit devastating global warming and avoid a climate catastrophe; and

WHEREAS, the 2018 IPCC report also states that every bit of warming matters, so every

fraction of a degree less of warming will save lives and pay dividends across the world's economies; and

WHEREAS, available climate data indicates that the world is already experiencing impacts from

climate change, including more intense storms, unprecedented flooding, and more frequent and longer-burning wildfires; and

WHEREAS, an inadequate response to climate change will increase the risk of economic and

environmental disruptions, such as more severe storms, longer and hotter heat waves, worsening flood and drought cycles, growing invasive species and insect problems,

accelerated species extinction rates, rising sea levels, increased wildfires, and an increase in environmental migration; and

WHEREAS, in 2001, the Seattle City Council ("Council") adopted, with the Mayor concurring,

Resolution 30316, supporting efforts to curb global warming, adopting greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction goals for Seattle, and committing to ongoing efforts to achieve

these goals; and

1 WHEREAS, in 2006, the Office of Sustainability and Environment (OSE) issued the first Seattle
2 Climate Action Plan, which included a suite of actions to reduce GHG emissions; and

3 WHEREAS, in 2009 The City of Seattle (“City”) established the Race and Social Justice
4 Initiative through Resolution 31164, affirming the City’s race and social justice work and
5 directing City departments to use available tools to assist in the elimination of racial and
6 social disparities across key indicators of success, including health, education, criminal
7 justice, the environment, employment and the economy, and to promote equity within the
8 City workplace and in the delivery of City services; and

9 WHEREAS, in October 2011, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution
10 31312, adopting new climate protection and adaptation goals for Seattle and directing
11 OSE to initiate an update of the Seattle Climate Action Plan; and

12 WHEREAS, in June 2013, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution 31447
13 adopting the Seattle Climate Action Plan, recognizing the increasing threat of global
14 warming and identified actions to achieve City climate goals and other City goals,
15 including transportation choices, building energy efficiency, solid waste reduction, urban
16 forest protection, sustainable economic development, and clean air; and

17 WHEREAS, in 2015, the City launched the Equity and Environment Initiative with the goal of
18 ensuring that all people and communities benefit from Seattle’s environmental progress;
19 communities most affected by environmental injustice are engaged in setting
20 environmental priorities, designing strategies, and tracking progress; and people of color,
21 immigrants, refugees, people with low incomes, and individuals with limited-English
22 proficiency have opportunities to be part of and leaders in the environmental movement;
23 and

1 WHEREAS, in February 2015, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution
2 31567 affirming the City’s commitment to transparency, equity, and community
3 engagement in the process mandated by the United States Environmental Protection
4 Agency for clean-up of the Duwamish River Superfund site, and setting up an
5 interdepartmental team to continue identifying ongoing projects that serve residential,
6 tribal and fishing communities in the Duwamish River Valley, coordinate outreach
7 efforts, and consider further actions to protect the health of Duwamish River Valley
8 communities; and

9 WHEREAS, in August 2016, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution 31681
10 to advance the efforts of the Equity & Environment Agenda, adopting goals for all
11 environmental and sustainability work in Seattle that prioritize communities of color,
12 immigrants, refugees, people with low-incomes, youth, and limited-English proficiency
13 individuals; and

14 WHEREAS, in October 2016, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution
15 31712, endorsing community principles for green jobs, defining a green job as one that
16 preserves or enhances environmental health as well as the economic and social well-
17 being of people and communities, centers on communities most negatively impacted by
18 climate change, and pays a living wage while providing career pathways; and

19 WHEREAS, in June 2017, the Council adopted, with the Mayor concurring, Resolution 31757,
20 affirming the City’s commitment to meet or exceed goals established in the Paris
21 Agreement; and

22 WHEREAS, the City’s 2018 Climate Action Strategy identifies the actions necessary for Seattle
23 to contribute to limiting global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius; and

1 WHEREAS, the 2016 Greenhouse Gas Inventory, published in February 2019, found that total
2 greenhouse gas emissions in Seattle rose by one percent between 2014 and 2016, and that
3 in order to achieve the goals of the Climate Action Plan, Seattle’s emissions reductions
4 rate needs to increase by a factor of seven; and

5 WHEREAS, the 2013 Duwamish Valley Cumulative Health Impacts Analysis (CHIA) found that
6 communities of color, immigrants, refugees, people with low incomes, and limited
7 English-proficient individuals tend to live, work, play, and learn in specific geographic
8 areas in Seattle, and communities in these geographic areas are impacted by socio-
9 economic and environmental challenges, including the impacts of air pollution, industrial
10 polluters, major roadways, food hardship, and food deserts and that residents in these
11 geographic areas have a 48 percent higher asthma risk than the rest of the city; and

12 WHEREAS, the 2013 Duwamish Valley CHIA also found that residents of South Park and
13 Georgetown have an expected lifespan that is eight years shorter than the average Seattle
14 resident and 13 years shorter than the wealthiest neighborhoods in the city and that 58
15 percent of the population living within one mile of the Lower Duwamish Superfund
16 boundary are people of color; and

17 WHEREAS, the New Deal demonstrated that federal government actions, such as investing in
18 infrastructure and housing, creating employment programs, regulating financial
19 institutions, and bolstering the labor movement, can be effective in significantly reducing
20 poverty and income inequality; however, the New Deal’s lack of focus on racial equity
21 resulted in worsening existing racial and economic disparities, with long-term negative
22 impacts to the economic mobility and security of communities of color, especially Black
23 and Native communities; and

1 WHEREAS, decades of *de facto* and *de jure* racial discrimination in housing, education, and
2 employment have prevented people of color from benefitting fully from public
3 investments and programs; and

4 WHEREAS, the greatest and most harmful impacts of climate change are falling
5 disproportionately on lower-income communities and communities of color globally;
6 however, these communities have contributed the least to the cumulative global
7 emissions that are causing climate change and are least equipped to adapt to the impacts;
8 and

9 WHEREAS, because the United States has emitted more global GHGs since the Industrial
10 Revolution than any other nation, the United States and its cities have a moral obligation
11 to make significant cuts to emissions and invest in building the resilience of vulnerable
12 communities on the frontlines of climate change locally and globally; and

13 WHEREAS, doing what is now necessary to adequately address the climate crisis requires a
14 national mobilization of a scope and scale that presents a historic opportunity to address
15 inequities caused and exacerbated by the fossil fuel economy and eliminate poverty in the
16 United States; and

17 WHEREAS, spurred by the advocacy of climate justice activists and other community
18 organizers, New York Congressman Alexandria Ocasio-Cortez sponsored House
19 Resolution 109 calling for a federal Green New Deal, with 94 United States
20 Congressmembers ~~cosponsored a resolution for a federal Green New Deal~~ cosponsoring;
21 and

1 WHEREAS, the federal Green New Deal resolution directs the federal government to create a
2 detailed mobilization plan to eliminate GHG emissions by 2030, invest in communities
3 on the frontlines of poverty and pollution, and guarantee a good job to anyone ready; and

4 WHEREAS, local governments calling for the federal government to pass a Green New Deal
5 will help to demonstrate widespread popular support for necessary and just climate
6 action; NOW, THEREFORE,

7 **BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE THAT:**

8 Section 1. The City of Seattle (“City”) supports policies that promote strong families and
9 communities, including paid family and sick leave, affordable child care, universal health care,
10 and high-quality, free educational opportunities for all as laid out by the federal Green New Deal
11 resolution and urges the United States Congress to pass the Green New Deal.

12 Section 2. The City recognizes that, while it has made some progress towards reducing its
13 dependence on fossil fuels, that progress is insufficient to make the necessary changes to shift
14 Seattle’s economy to be more equitable and ecologically sustainable.

15 Section 3. The City envisions a future where Seattle residents can live healthy,
16 prosperous lives, free of toxic chemicals and fossil fuels, and the social and ecological well-
17 being of all people is prioritized over the profit of private corporations.

18 Section 4. To achieve this vision, the City commits to creating a Green New Deal for
19 Seattle, with the following goals:

20 A. Make Seattle free of climate pollutants, meaning those that cause shifts in climate
21 patterns, including carbon dioxide, black carbon, methane, nitrogen oxides, and fluorinated
22 gases, by 2030;

1 B. Prioritize investment in communities historically most harmed by economic,
2 racial, and environmental injustice;

3 C. Advance an equitable transition from an economy based on extraction and
4 exploitation to one based on regeneration and cooperation, ensuring that those with the least
5 amount of power and wealth are positioned to lead during this transition and are not left behind;
6 and

7 D. Create stable, well-paying jobs that prioritize local hire and are protected by
8 Project Labor Agreements and Labor Harmony Agreements to ensure high-quality work and fair
9 treatment of workers.

10 Section 5. Given current and historic oppression that has resulted in specific communities
11 bearing the greatest environmental, racial, and economic inequities, the City is committed to
12 centering the following frontline communities in further work around a Green New Deal for
13 Seattle: Black, Indigenous, and other people of color, immigrants and refugees, low and no
14 income people, houseless people, disabled people, LGBTQ+ people, youth, vulnerable elders,
15 and people who work in outdoor occupations. Acknowledging the displacement and historical
16 and current oppression of Native people, the City will explore the creation of Free, Prior, and
17 Informed consent policies with federally recognized tribal nations.

18 Section 6. The City seeks to create a fund and establish dedicated progressive revenue
19 sources for its Green New Deal, along with an associated accountability body, that will be used
20 to make investments in communities, prioritizing those impacted the most by economic, racial,
21 and environmental injustice, and ensuring that those most impacted are centered in policies and
22 empowered to make decisions. While this fund will be an important resource, the City recognizes
23 that it will also need to leverage other resources, including from the private sector, to achieve its

1 goals and is committed to exploring how the City can partner with the private sector to advance
2 the Green New Deal for Seattle.

3 Section 7. Energy for heating, cooling, and powering buildings accounted for more than
4 one-third of Seattle’s greenhouse gas emissions in 2016. The City supports efforts to limit
5 construction of new fossil fuel infrastructure in Seattle and King County, and will continue to
6 invest in programs and explore strategies to equitably increase building energy efficiency and
7 decrease use of fossil fuels in homes, such as the following:

8 A. Encourage weatherization of existing residences, with a focus on renters;

9 B. Support the transition from the use of natural gas ~~and~~ heating oil to electricity;

10 C. Make renewable energy sources more affordable and develop options for
11 community-scale, community-owned distributed generation of electricity in low-income
12 communities;

13 D. Reduce the burden of utility costs for low-income households and ensure that
14 renters are not negatively impacted by conversions to electric heating and appliances; ~~and~~

15 E. Strengthen green building standards for new construction to minimize upfront
16 emissions while maximizing energy efficiency;:-

17 F. Support mechanical insulation which provides long-term energy efficiency,
18 emissions reduction, cost savings, and safety benefits;:- and

19 G. Expand Seattle City Light’s production of electricity using wind and solar energy
20 for export on energy markets to ultimately replace energy produced by utilities using natural gas,
21 coal, and other fossil fuels.

22 Section 8. The City recognizes the importance of expanding access to healthy, affordable,
23 locally-produced, and culturally relevant foods to improve community health and reduce reliance

1 on mass-produced, highly-processed foods that contribute to climate pollution and negatively
2 impact public health, and will continue to:

- 3 A. Promote community food production;
- 4 B. Encourage the consumption of more plant-based foods and locally-produced
5 foods;
- 6 C. Explore potential locations on public property where urban agriculture and
7 gardening may be possible; and
- 8 D. Invest Sweetened Beverage Tax proceeds to increase access to healthy foods for
9 residents in the food security gap.

10 Section 9. Road transportation made up about 62 percent of Seattle’s core emissions in
11 2016, with most of these emissions originating from passenger vehicles and the remainder from
12 medium- and heavy-duty trucks. To reduce transportation-related emissions, the City commits to
13 pursuing the following strategies:

- 14 A. Make transit ~~more affordable~~free, reliable, and widely accessible;
- 15 B. Support efforts by King County Metro to convert all transit vehicles to be fully
16 electric and explore fare-free transit by prioritizing communities for whom affordability is the
17 greatest barrier to transit, while ensuring that service and reliability are not negatively impacted;
- 18 C. Facilitate more transit-oriented development, with at least 25 percent of all such
19 development affordable to those at 30 to 60 percent of area median income;
- 20 D. Create a comprehensive system of dedicated bus lanes and bike lanes across the
21 entire city;

1 E. Prioritize use of the public right-of-way for moving people and goods, not for
2 moving single-occupancy vehicles, and conduct all transportation planning and construction
3 accordingly;

4 F. Pilot new electric vehicle and transportation projects in communities with the
5 greatest need for transportation options;

6 G. Expand transportation options, including connected infrastructure for biking,
7 walking and rolling, to provide viable alternatives to driving;

8 H. Create a citywide goal of 100 percent electric vehicles for ride share, carshare,
9 and freight by no later than 2025 and develop a plan for achieving this goal;

10 I. Implement a congestion pricing plan ~~that~~only if it is equitable and creates revenue
11 to support transit expansion to benefit low-income, historically marginalized, and transit-
12 disconnected communities first and foremost; and

13 J. Encourage City departments and businesses in Seattle to allow employees to
14 telecommute.

15 Section 10. The City commits to continue implementing comprehensive strategies to
16 mitigate development impacts and prevent displacement of vulnerable communities. In addition
17 to the anti-displacement initiatives identified in Section 2 of Resolution 31870, which the
18 Council adopted concurrently with Ordinance 125791, implementing the mandatory housing
19 affordability program citywide, the City will pursue the following strategies:

20 A. Encourage the creation of more housing, particularly affordable housing, locating
21 this housing near transit hubs, green space, and neighborhood amenities to reduce dependence on
22 private vehicles;

1 B. Explore anti-displacement strategies and alternative housing models, such as
2 community-owned cooperative housing, community land ownership, and community land
3 conservation that will allow communities to grow and prosper within Seattle, particularly on
4 City-owned land not currently used for housing that could be repurposed to address the housing
5 crisis;

6 C. Continue to increase housing density as a means to meet both current unmet
7 demand for affordable housing and projected future population growth;

8 E. Require that landlords who participate in City weatherization programs limit rent
9 increases for ten years to ensure that low-income renters are able to remain in place and receive
10 the benefits of weatherization;

11 F. Prioritize low-income housing, especially for people earning 30 percent or less
12 than area median income;

13 G. Coordinate the City’s approach to measuring displacement and risk of
14 displacement to advance anti-displacement efforts, and publish this data on the City’s website in
15 a clear and easily-accessible location;

16 H. Remove financial barriers and increase outreach regarding accessory dwelling
17 units (ADUs) for low-income homeowners seeking to build an ADU on their property;

18 I. Provide support and capacity building to ensure that residents of neighborhoods
19 currently experiencing displacement or at high risk of displacement can engage in conversations
20 with developers regarding proposed projects in their neighborhoods; and

21 J. Develop a centralized hub of information and expand outreach to people at risk of
22 displacement-;

1 K. Collaborate with other public sector partners to massively expand the
2 development and preservation of affordable housing; and

3 L. Work with other statewide organizations to advocate for changes to state law
4 regarding rent control.

5 Section 11. A green economy offers opportunities to transition away from an economy
6 based on extractive industries that degrade the environment and accelerate global warming to a
7 climate pollution-free, resource-efficient economy. Green jobs, as defined by Resolution 31712,
8 can act as a catalyst for the transition to a green economy. To accelerate this transition, the City
9 commits to the following:

10 A. Providing ongoing investment in a Green Pathways fellowship program that
11 provides career development opportunities for young leaders of color and increases
12 organizational capacity at community-based organizations committed to environmental
13 restoration and justice, using it as a model for expansion to all industry sectors, including City
14 government;

15 B. ~~Investing~~Expanding -renewable energy jobs and investing in job training
16 programs that equip all workers with the necessary skills to ~~competethrive~~thrive in the green economy;
17 ~~with toand ensure~~ a ~~priority~~just transition for workers whose jobs currently depend on the fossil
18 fuel industry (e.g., retraining mechanics to service electric vehicles);) and prepare new workers
19 to support the transition to a renewable energy economy;

20 C. Identifying strategies to establish limits on emissions for businesses, especially
21 industrial businesses, and facilitate a just transition plan for both employers and their workers;

22 D. Supporting the work of labor unions to protect workers' rights and efforts by
23 workers to unionize; and

1 E. Strengthening worker protection laws so all workers can benefit, ensuring that all
2 workers are able to make a living wage, and that anyone willing to work is able to find a job.

3 Section 12. As incinerators and landfills contribute to emissions and poor air quality,
4 have negative environmental and health impacts, and are disproportionately located in or near
5 low-income communities and communities of color, the City commits to continue developing
6 strategies to reduce and eliminate waste, such as reducing the prevalence of single-use plastics.

7 Section 13. As the global climate warms, Seattle faces potential risks associated with
8 changes to the climate over time and from increases in the frequency, timing, and severity of
9 extreme weather events that could have significant costs. The City is committed to protecting the
10 health of all its residents, especially those most vulnerable to these changes, and supporting
11 strong, resilient communities. Anticipating these impacts, the City commits to investing in
12 climate preparedness and emergency management, and ensuring that communities likely to be
13 most impacted are actively engaged in and positioned to lead in these preparations. These
14 strategies may include:

15 A. Requiring climate impact planning in all infrastructure projects during project
16 design, construction, and long-term maintenance;

17 B. Requiring any proposed infrastructure projects that use City funding to provide an
18 estimate of the upstream and downstream greenhouse gas emissions associated with the projects;

19 C. Investing in protection and restoration of natural ecosystems that provide vital
20 barriers against extreme weather events;

21 D. Creating more green spaces and preserving and adapting existing green spaces to
22 make communities more resilient to floods and extreme heat;

1 E. Promoting infrastructure projects that adapt to sea-level rise to help the City
2 prepare for encroachment by the sea;

3 F. Fortifying brownfields and other contaminated sites against extreme weather and
4 expediting cleanup of such sites so that they can be used by communities for productive
5 purposes;

6 G. Supporting investments in drinking and wastewater systems to ensure that these
7 critical infrastructures continue to protect public health;

8 H. Continuing to invest in electrical grid modernization to increase efficiency and
9 reliability;

10 I. Providing heat shelters and home air filters for vulnerable populations to protect
11 themselves from more extreme heat and poor air quality days as average summer temperatures
12 and wildfires increase; and

13 ~~J. Planting more street trees in low income neighborhoods and encouraging planting~~
14 ~~of more street trees citywide.~~

15 J. Encouraging preservation and planting of trees citywide to increase the city's tree
16 canopy cover, prioritizing historically low-canopy and low-income neighborhoods while
17 working closely with communities to protect against eco-gentrification.

18 Section 14. The City has been an active participant in the U.S. Environmental Protection
19 Agency-led cleanup and source control efforts along the Duwamish River Superfund site. The
20 City continues to be committed to letting the affected communities lead on planning efforts and
21 developing strategies, such as a job training program, where Duwamish Valley residents can
22 directly engage with cleanup and remediation efforts.

1 Section 15. The City commits to developing a strategy, such as Green Zones, to prioritize
2 public investments in neighborhoods that have historically been underinvested and
3 disproportionately burdened by environmental hazards and other injustices. Such investments
4 may include, but are not limited to, infrastructure, housing, job training, transit, and education.

1 Adopted by the City Council the _____ day of _____, 2019,

2 and signed by me in open session in authentication of its adoption this _____ day of

3 _____, 2019.

4 _____

5 President _____ of the City Council

6 Filed by me this _____ day of _____, 2019.

7 _____

8 Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

9 (Seal)