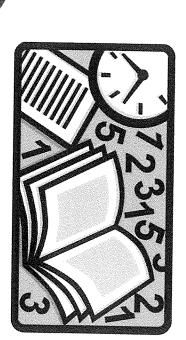
Torida Government



Office of the City Attorney
City of Vero Beach

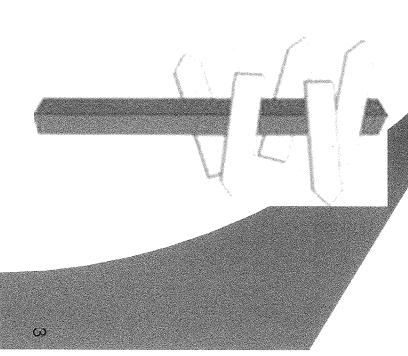
City Attorney Briefing



attend. and boards. All members are urged to of members of City Council, commissions Ordinances states: "In November of each year, after the annual City election, the City Section 2-1 of the City of Vero Beach Code of Attorney shall give a briefing on the several laws in the state that pertain to the conduct

Topics for Review

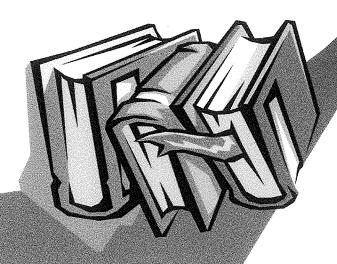
- Florida Government in the Sunshine: Open Meetings
- Public Records
- Quasi-judicial Review



What is the Sunshine Law?

governmental proceedings. a right of access to Sunshine Law, also called the Florida's Government in the pen Meetings law, provides

Sunshine law is such an important part of Florida law The Government in the Section 24 of the Florida that it is constitutionally guaranteed at Article I, Constitution.



Open Meetings Requirements: For a

Statute 286.011

Three Simple Requirements:



- Reasonable notice of such meetings must be given; and
- Minutes of the meetings must be

Requirements

on which foreseeable action may not discuss any matter more members of the same council or commission. board, council or commission requirements are met, two or will be taken by that board, Unless these three

Who is covered under the law?

state agencies, counties, municipal corporations and political Subdivisions. Councils, boards and commissions

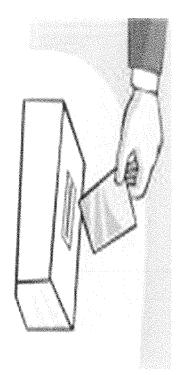
Elected or appointed boards or commissions.

acting in the place of the board or its members at their direction. board or commission, or acting as liaison between board members, or Une person acting on behalf of a Private companies doing business on behalf of a government agency.



ect? Does the Open Meetings law apply to members-

commissions are covered by the Sunshine Law immediately upon councils, boards and their election to public office. Yes. Members-elect of public



Sane public board Socialize? Can two members of the

board may socialize, but they of impropriety. careful to avoid the appearance may not discuss matters which Yes. Two members of the same may come before the board. Be

Open Meetings Sanctions

An unintentional violation: fine up to \$500.00 criminal infraction punishable by a

days A knowing violation: 2nd degree misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$500.00 and/or a jail term of not more than 60

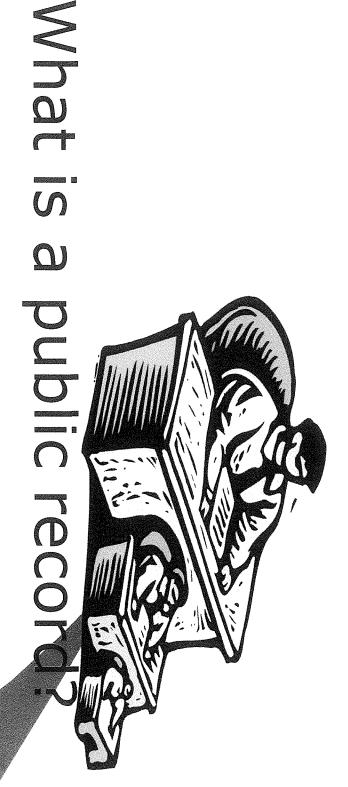
Suspension or removal from office

Attorney's fees and court costs

Florida's Public Records Law



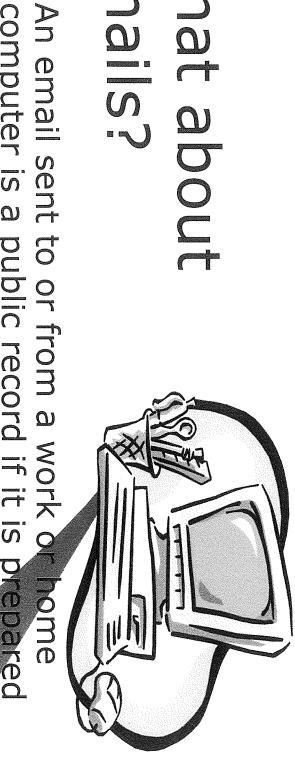
Florida's
Constitution
guarantees the
access to
Government
Records in Article I,
Section 24(a).



perpetuate, communicate or formalize knowledge. They are not limited to traditional written documents: Tapes, photographs, films, emails and sound The Florida Supreme Court has determined that public records are all materials made or received by an agency in connection with official business which are used to records subject to inspection unless a recordings are all considered public

statutory exemption exists.

What about



- or received in connection with official City business and if there is no exemption from considered a public record, such email must stored in a government computer. To be computer is a public record if it is prepared private email does not automatically The Florida Supreme Court has ruled that the Public Record law. become a public record just because it is
- meet the definition.

oca governments have to be retained by the Tow ong go out of records

The state Bureau of Archives and City records. Please provide copies Records Management publishes a of all public records to the City Clerk office oversees the retention of all retention schedule. Our City Clerk's

Summary of Open Meetings Law and

Public Records Law

Open Meetings Law: No interaction during an advertised meeting where with another member of your same council, board or commission except minutes are taken.

Public Records Law: Council, board and commission members must not dispose of any materials made or received that relate to City business. Instead, all such public records should be provided to the City requirements. Clerk for retention pursuant to state

When in doubt, contact the Clerk's office or the City Attorney's office with any questions.

Quasi-Judicial Review Procedure



- a judge when deciding quasi-judicial matters. as decision-makers, placing you in the role of court decision dramatically changed your jobs In 1995 the Florida Supreme Court changed decisions that apply adopted policy. This the way local governments review and process land use decisions and other
- This change in the law applies to quasijudicial hearings before the City Council, the the Historical Preservation Commission. Board, the Architectural Review Board and Enforcement Board, the Planning and Zoning Board of Building Appeals, the Code

and legislative actions? between quas-judicia What is the difference

- Decisions that set general policy are legislative rather than implement or apply policy
- Decisions that *implement or apply* an adopted policy are quasi-judicial.
- Variances. enforcement proceedings and of administrative decisions, code development plan approvals, appeals rezonings, site plan approvals, Examples of quasi-judicial matters:

So why does it matter?



It matters because in a quasi-judicial hearing, where considered: decisions implementing an adopted policy are

- You are acting in a quasi-judicial role, similar to a judge in a courtroom.
- competent substantial evidence The decision you reach must be supported by
- You must apply the applicable law to the facts and evidence presented in the hearing.
- Quasi-judicial hearings require that due process be attorded
- Ex-parte communications should be avoided.

mean?? What does all of that jargon

Competent Substantial Evidence:

When a decision is quasi-judicial, the decision must be supported by competent substantial definition is: evidence. The Florida Supreme Count

accept it as adequate to support the and material that a reasonable mind would "The evidence...that is sufficiently relevant conclusion reached."

- Relevant
- Reasonable



evidence exactly competent substantial Some examples of

- Professional planning staff and Planning and Zoning Board opinion/comments where there are facts in the record to support those
- Professional expert opinion supported by facts the expert knows or has reviewed.
- Non-professional lay-person opinion that is fact-based on issues that are not highly technical or scientific.

substantial evidence? What is NOT competent

- Mere statements/opinions of public support or opposition.
- Attorney argument unless the attorney experience in the field at issue educational background or employment establishes on the record additional
- to have "Expert" testimony from non-staff the education or experience they are claiming professionals who do not state on the record
- examination by the parties. petitions where there can be no cross Letters, documented phone calls, emails or

Todos of fact? Commission make a Must the Council, Board or



Legally, no. The Florida Supreme Court required in quasi-judicial proceedings. has stated that findings of fact are not

HOWEVER

Practically speaking: YES! A hearing upheld by the courts on appeal. substantial evidence tends to be of facts based upon competent record that includes a coherent finding

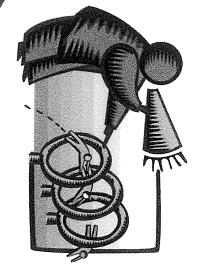
Attorney's Office? findings of fact by the City recommendation about What is the

- strongly encouraged to discuss the evidence and testimony presented as it relates to the facts and to the Code or During the discussion and deliberation factual findings. decision upon those specific, stated, The Council, portion of the quasi-judicial hearing, ordinances criteria, and base a board or commission is
- Findings of fact should be recited in the motion for inclusion in the order.

quasi-judicial decision? DOW GORS IT IT TO GO A What is due process and

- Due process means following the enforcement and protection of private established rules set up for the
- Quasi-judicial hearings meet basic due witnesses. We also require swearingopportunity to be heard, and allowed in of those who speak or testify at the to present evidence and cross-examine provided notice, provided an process requirements if the parties are

What is an ex-parte communication?



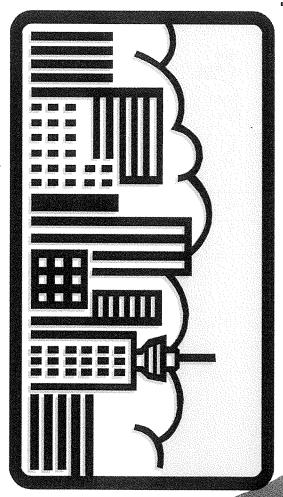
- judge in a court of law talking to the judge about the It is a communication made outside of the hearing and case before the hearing! Imagine someone who will be appearing before a final decision subject to a presumption of prejudice. off the record. Such a communication makes your
- opinions. communications, investigations, site visits and expert Ex-parte communications include: all forms of
- wants to discuss a pending quasi-judicial matter with you outside of the council chambers. It protects you and it protects the proceeding! Ex-parte communications should be avoided where they are identifiable. Just say no when someone

What happens if there is an exparte communication?

and/or rebut any such disclosure to opportunity to confront, respond to adverse party is provided the quasi-judicial hearing. In this way, an disclosed by the council, committee or Ex-parte communications must be prevent the appearance of impropriety. board member at the beginning of the

of Vero Beach? quasi-judicial proceedings at the City Is there a special way we conduct

Yes. The City Attorney's Office has a Quasi-Judicial Order of Proceeding that the the hearing. judicial hearing are met. A copy of the Order of Proceeding is provided to you at Mayor or Chairman follows to make sure that the strict requirements of a quasi-



S. C. Bay of Quasi-uoca

nearings



- judicial. Decisions that apply an adopted poncy are quasi-
- In a quasi-judicial hearing, elected and appointed officials act as "judges."
- The decision you reach must be supported by attorded competent substantial evidence, the applicable law must be followed, and due process must be
- Ex-parte communications should be avoided, and if they occur, should be disclosed on the record.