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1	APPEARANCES:	
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(Proceedings commenced at 3:03 p.m.)

THE COURT: Good afternoon. This is Roseann Ketchmark. We are on the record. And the Court is calling case No. 20-cv-00111, Voice Tech Corp. versus Mycroft.

Mr. Phillips, are you able to hear me?

THE LAW CLERK: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. Let me first note that today is April 14th, 2020. It's 3:00 in the afternoon, Kansas City, time. And we are here for oral argument on plaintiff's motion in document 14, plaintiff Voice Tech Corporation's motion for relief to require decorous and civil conduct by the parties.

Let me first ask for entry of appearances by attorneys for the plaintiff.

(Simultaneous cross-talking.)

MS. GILMAN: I'm sorry, go ahead.

MR. ADAMS: No, no. Go ahead, Stacey.

THE COURT: Ms. Gilman.

MS. GILMAN: This is Stacey Gilman on behalf of Voice Tech Corporation. Would you like individual appearances, or do you want me to run through our staff? We've got Tod Tumey, Eric Adams, David Wooten, and Silachi -- and I'm going to apologize in advance for butchering his last name -- Nwogwugwu from the Tumey firm also on the line on behalf of Voice Tech Corporation as well as Mo Khan from my firm. And I just want to note for the record, Mr. Khan is a 2018 graduate

from Georgetown and has just moved here from Colorado. He is not a member yet of the Missouri bar. His application is pending, and so I wanted to make sure that it's okay with the Court that he be at the hearing before he entered his appearance officially.

THE COURT: Absolutely. That's fine. Thank you for that, Ms. Gilman. Anyone else for plaintiff?

All right. Let me get entry of appearances for defense, beginning with Mr. DeBacker.

MR. DeBACKER: Yes. This is Chris DeBacker, Your Honor, from the law firm Mark Brown on behalf of the defendant Mycroft AI. Also on the line is Justin Poplin and Hissan Anis from Lathrop GPM.

THE COURT: Very good. Anyone else? Anyone witnesses? Anyone else on the line?

All right. I have had an opportunity to read plaintiff's filings in document 14 and their suggestions in document 15 as well as several exhibits and also the defendant's opposition in document 20 with the exhibits as well. So I guess I'd like to hear from both sides.

But what my focus today is going to be on is whether or not plaintiff has shown that the defense or any agents has harassed plaintiff or counsel for plaintiff. And if there hasn't been a showing, I think the second level would be, was it foreseeable that defendant's conduct would cause such

harassment.

So that's kind of my focus. But I'm open to whatever issues the parties want to include in their arguments. And I anticipate your arguments -- since I've read the complaint, the pleadings, reviewed the exhibits, that each side would argue about ten minutes.

Ms. Gilman, will you be leading the arguments or will one of your co-counsels?

MS. GILMAN: I'm going to turn it over to Eric Adams to take the lead on this, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Very good. Mr. Adams, are you ready to proceed with your statement, or do you have any issues we need to take up ahead of time?

MR. ADAMS: I'm ready to proceed, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. DeBacker, will you be the lead in the argument or will someone else?

MR. DeBACKER: Yes, Your Honor, it will be me, Chris DeBacker, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And, Mr. DeBacker, do you have any issues that we should take up before I turn it back over to Mr. Adams?

MR. DeBACKER: None at this point, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Adams, you may proceed.

MR. ADAMS: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. May it please the Court. I want to jump in and start addressing the

questions by the Court right away. We, of course, outlined this in our Exhibit 97, which is a timeline of different events. Each event is laid out in detail, and then the exhibit that is associated with that event has also been submitted to the Court. That's a good, kind of, road map of all of the events that have taken place that we're complaining about.

Really, the story -- to kind of focus in on the Court's question -- really starts at the end of January. We served Mycroft with the lawsuit in Texas at the end of January. And then, within a few days of that, we started getting harassing phone calls at our firm. Somebody would call, heavy breathing, hang up, and then this just was repeated over and over again. That's -- and we put this in our suggestions, it's actually very unusual for our firm. We're just a small patent boutique down here in Houston.

A few days later, we saw that Josh Montgomery, one of the co-owners of Mycroft and one of the -- or I guess he was a former CEO -- he's now something called a first officer -- submitted a -- I guess published an article on Mycroft's website critical of us, using some slurs against us, calling us patent trolls and explaining his feelings about the case. But at one point, he also points out that he thinks Tod Tumey, one of the attorneys, is a patent troll, and he knows how to handle them. And he says you should stab -- or I know how to handle them. Stab, shoot and hang them, and then dissolve them in

acid. So that was the -- the first threatening language that we saw come from Mycroft.

Now, after that, a few days later, there was this flood of attempts to try to hack into our systems, different online harassment, you know, signing us up for email lists, pornography websites, all kinds of activity that stretched over about a seven-hour period. And a lot of that was -- or that was all anonymous. There were a few individuals from third parties who did email us in response to Mr. Montgomery's article, but they all identified themselves.

And if the Court looks at the timeline that I referred to, Exhibit 97, it's clear, looking at February 8th, 2020, that this seven-hour tirade is all one person. You can see it in the pattern. You can see how they're going through different activities. At one point, they're trying to access different accounts for our firm. At one point, they're signing us up for pornography websites. Another point, email lists. And there's just a pattern to it, which indicates that it's one person.

After that, we looked at it, and we thought, you know, this has got to be somebody at Mycroft. Who else would be motivated to do this. We strongly suggested it was Josh Montgomery or somebody helping him at Mycroft. And we decided that it would be best to move this case to Missouri. And we decided to dismiss the Texas case. So we dismissed it. And

then all of a sudden, all the online attacks stopped.

And we refiled it, of course, in this court and moved forward. As soon as Mycroft made an appearance, we filed this motion for relief. And a few days later, after filing that motion for relief, the attacks started up again. We had somebody try to hack into our systems at our firm and somebody was signing us up for online solicitation from companies, basically claiming to be us and saying that we were interested in their goods, so please give us as call. So to us, the timing of this is a major indication that this is somebody at Mycroft, most likely Josh Montgomery.

The fact is, you know, as soon as we dismissed the case, these attacks stopped. As soon as we filed our motion for relief, they started up again. And it's just -- it's just not likely that some random third party is following this case, has access to Pacer filings, has access to high key Law360 articles and is monitoring this case daily. And as soon as we do something that they approve of, the attacks stop. As soon as we do something they don't approve of, these attacks start up suddenly again.

So the evidence that we have that we've presented to the Court is -- is circumstantial, but it is strongly indicative of this being somebody at Mycroft performing these online attacks. And really, what we're asking for here is we just want to set a baseline of behavior going forward. We

shouldn't have to deal with these kind of attacks. We want, you know, everybody to agree let's just treat each other professionally, with courtesy, and focus on the merits of the case. We don't -- we didn't want to wait a year and then have these attacks just get unbearable and go back to the Court with everyone asking, well, if it were such a big deal, why did you wait so long. So that's why we're bringing it up now at the beginning of the case.

As far as whether -- well, we believe it was Mycroft or, most likely, Josh Montgomery. I know the Court had a second question, whether this would be foreseeable that this kind of conduct would lead some third party to act this way. The fact is, these attacks did happen, and we've submitted the evidence to support it. And so I think it's very clear that at the very least, the evidence incited someone to act this way, if it was not Josh Montgomery, someone at Mycroft.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. And let me ask --

MR. ADAMS: And --

THE COURT: Were you through? I'm sorry.

Mr. Adams, were you through?

MR. ADAMS: Yes, Your Honor, I am. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. I have a few questions. As part of your prayer for relief in your document 14 motion, you asked that the defendant be required to remove comments that

they've published that threaten or suggest or incite violence.

That is still -- that remains your position; is that correct?

MR. ADAMS: Yes, Your Honor. That's a reference to the initial article that Mr. Montgomery published on Mycroft's website. The reference is to stab, shoot and hang them and dissolve them in acid. And it's just that sentence.

THE COURT: What about "punch him square in the face and nuke them from orbit?

MR. ADAMS: The "nuke them from orbit" is -- you know, is an obvious reference to a movie line. We're not concerned about that. "Punch him in the face" would be a threat, not as serious, but it should be removed as well. And, like I said before, we're not trying to make them take down this complete article. If they have criticisms of us, they're free to make those known. We're not trying to put any kind of gag order on them. We just want that one little threat taken out. We just think it sends the wrong message. And that's the limit of our request.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

All right. Mr. DeBacker. You may proceed.

MR. DeBACKER: Thank you, Your Honor. And may it please the Court. I just wanted to first, you know, latch on to the -- the fact that they do admit that it's circumstantial evidence. And we've submitted a declaration of Mr. Montgomery's categorically denying any of this activity.

And, you know, Mycroft would be the first to formally admonish and deny any of these personal attacks. They don't believe that anybody, counsel, companies should be subjected to this type of harassment. And it's fitting -- I found out earlier today that today is national be kind to lawyers day, so it's something that attorneys sometimes have to deal with in the face of these situations. But nobody should have a threatened attack and phone calls and harassment. But there is no evidence whatsoever that any of these activities were performed by Mycroft or Mr. Montgomery or any person instructed to do these attacks by Mr. Montgomery.

You know, we would certainly be interested in seeing the digital file of these emails in discovery and seeing if maybe we can't identify these particular parties for the plaintiff. Mycroft has resources and some technical experience that they could potentially track down these individuals. But, you know, they asked who else would be motivated to do this. And, you know, as we pointed out in our response in opposition, there is a large segment of the technological society and inventors all over the country that are against the type of activity that Mycroft is of the opinion Voice Tech is taking on here.

The tautologism is patent troll. You know, the courts have used that term, Congress has used that term to describe nonpracticing entities and these individuals that --

the language that the plaintiff is locked in on, the "stab, shoot and hang them and then dissolve them in acid" -- Mycroft's position is that's referring to the fictional creature of the troll, has to deal with the troll. And the quote itself is actually written to another article unrelated to this matter. So Mycroft doesn't view that as any sort of language that -- other than hyperbole that would direct somebody to perform these types of act.

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And Mycroft would like to point out also that they're -- they have nine full-time employees. They're going up against giants like Google and Amazon. And they are the defendants here. They didn't bring this case. So that's paramount to why they need the ability to inform their customers, inform their investors. And we're glad to hear that the plaintiff isn't suggesting a full gag order here. But it seems like really that language is what they're latching on to. And I don't know that removing by word is going to stop some individual out there on the internet who has a strong opinion about, you know, patent -- abusers of the patent system from defensively continuing this activity, which Mycroft cannot control and cannot stop. But at the same time having First Amendment rights to express its opinion and to continue informing its communities about the ongoings of the case, informing its customers, and it will continue to provide quality product to -- you know, continue to assure its investor

that they're going to defend this type of case and all future types of cases like this against what they consider an attack on their own business.

So while they are not aware of this activity that is being accused of, they deny any form of activity. They did not -- they did not participate in any of the activity. They did not contact Mr. Tumey or his firm. None of the online -- you know, the signing up for various services or attempts to hack their website can be proven to have come from Mycroft or any of its associates. And they categorically deny any of that activity in Mr. Montgomery's declaration. And that pretty much sums up our position on this matter.

THE COURT: All right. Here is where the Court is landing. In your Exhibit 5 to your opposition in your document 20, in that exhibit, it is a posting by Techdirt. And one of the sentences in that writing -- the paragraph begins with, As Tumey recounts, the various angry, immature, internet trolls then did a bunch of other mean stuff to Tumey, such as signing him up for mailing lists. This is, again, childish behavior, but it's kind of what often happens when you do something stupid and the internet finds out about it.

And I find that there is sufficient evidence that the harassment that plaintiff's counsel has received is induced or inspired by the postings of Mr. Montgomery. In particular, the initial blog posting on February 5th where his -- the

posting is, basically, I want you to do something for me. And he says, I'd like -- I don't often ask this, but I'd like for everyone in our community to share the post in any which way they can. And so that is what -- he is calling folks into action to get the word out.

And then as he describes and educates the readers as to what a troll is, then he explains what their internal policy -- how they're going to combat this. And he describes it in equating plaintiff as a bully and the language of punching a bully in the face; stab, shoot, hang them; and dissolve them in acid; and nuke them from orbit; and that he is turning into a hunter, a troll hunter. I think that even though he may not be directly the source of the harassment, his actions are foreseeable and that that is what would happen based on his conduct.

So I am going to order, at least for the pendency of this case, or until ordered otherwise, for defense to assertively take down the sentence that begins with "I don't often ask this," to delete that portion until the section where "a brief history of patents in the United States." I'd also order defense to assertively search and take down in those similar -- whether it's Facebook or blogs or whatever, the remainder of the writing beginning with "the thing is, once you pay the bully, he just comes back again and again and again."

And so from that sentence -- that can stay in, but where it

begins with "Eventually, the lunch money adds up to a lot more than a doctor's visit." From "eventually" until the end of that posting, for that to be deleted. And I do -- I'm not asking that all that blog be taken down, just those sections.

I don't know that a written order is required and that this on-the-record order should be sufficient. But I want to give each side an opportunity to make any requested changes to my order. Let's start with plaintiff.

MR. ADAMS: Your Honor, we're fine with your order being in the record being taken down by the court reporter.

And we don't have any other recommendations or suggested changes to it.

THE COURT: All right. Defense?

MR. DeBACKER: Yes, Your Honor. I just wanted some clarity. To remove the sentence starting from "I don't often ask this" through the link and the posting. And then the sentence near the end starting with "Eventually, that lunch money adds up" through the end of the -- the post; is that correct?

THE COURT: Yes. So they need to take down "I don't often ask this, but I'd like for everyone in our community who believes that patent trolls are bad for open source to repost, link, tweet, and share this post. Please help us to get the word out by sharing this post on Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter, or email." All of that is to be deleted.

"Eventually, that lunch money adds up to a lot more than a doctor's visit." And that continues on. And to take down the remainder, which includes Tod Tumey's confidential correspondence information and the email 1, 2, 3, email 4, final notice letter link. And then there shouldn't be any need for the image attribution. Does that clarify your concern?

In addition, towards the end, beginning with,

MR. DeBACKER: Yes, Your Honor.

And I -- also, if I may, Mycroft is sort of an open source network. And they do often post asking for support in situations such as the (inaudible) and other things. Is that going to be an issue?

THE COURT: I didn't clearly understand what you said. That they asked for support in what manner? Tell me again.

MR. DeBACKER: So often -- they are part of an open source network that collaborates with other open source innovators. And I just want to be clear that they're going to be able to continue to ask for support outside of this matter with sharing links and such with their open source network, if they post on other forums, if they're going to be allowed to request aid and other things like that, as long as they're not directing it towards codes like this.

THE COURT: Well, I'll just have to see it as it comes. I don't want to have to rule on that now. I know just

in my own little messing around on my phone, I see that they may be seeking financial assistance with attorneys' fees. You know, that I'm not -- that doesn't have anything to do with this issue. So I don't know what else you're referring to, but just -- I mean, I think it's common sense what the Court's focus is.

MR. DeBACKER: That should be sufficient, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. And, you know, on the word patent trolls, that really is -- it was on 60 Minutes as well. I saw a little piece -- I think it was 60 Minutes. I think that is -- I'm not going to rule that they are not able to use that term in any of their communications. So that part -- if that is part of the plaintiff's request, that is denied.

Let me ask plaintiff, are there any other requested relief?

MR. ADAMS: No. Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything further from plaintiff?

MR. ADAMS: No. Your Honor.

THE COURT: Defense, anything further?

MR. DeBACKER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me ask the attorney in chambers that's assigned to manage this case, Mr. Phillips, are there any other issues or clarifications we need to take up before we end the conference call?

THE LAW CLERK: Just one thing, Judge. The record 1 speaks for itself. So my understanding is we're not going to 2 3 follow this up with a written order from the Court, but we will follow it up with just a notation from me on the docket sheet 4 that is a minute entry that just described what was discussed 5 6 and will essentially state as ruled on record. 7 THE COURT: Yes. Without getting into any of the 8 details. 9 THE LAW CLERK: Right. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else, Mr. Phillips, you can think of that we need to take up? 11 12 THE LAW CLERK: No. I think that's it. Thank you, 13 Judge. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Everyone. Thank you very much. 15 And this will end our conference call. Goodbye. 16 (Proceedings concluded at 3:32 p.m.) 17 18 CERTIFICATE 19 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 20 21 22 April 20, 2020 23

/s/Jean M. Crawford

JEAN M. CRAWFORD, RDR, CRR United States Court Reporter

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